Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., MONDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1908.—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Good Old Reliable.

Never made a mother cross yet. It minds, that's why, and doesn't fly off, no one knows where, the minute your back's turned. Besides, it's so careful, never takes a penny's worth more than is absolutely necessary to keep it going.

If that's the kind of a range you're looking for—one that will do just what you tell it to every time, and won't keep the coal bin looking like 30 cents all the time, get

A CRAWFORD.

A. C. TITUS CO.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK'S SHOPPERS.
3,500 YARDS OF NEW FALL

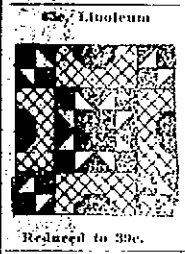
OIL CLOTH AND LINOLEUM.

36c. Oilcloth

Reduced to 17c.

1,800 yards of Oil Cloth, Two yards wide, genuine English enamel, especially desirable for kitchen, dining room, hall, pantry and closets. Usual 36c. quality, per square yard, at 17c

65c. Linoleum



Reduced to 39c.

51,00 yards of Linoleum, best quality, tile, wood and geometric patterns. Excellent opportunity for landlords, studio, office, hotel keepers, etc. Usual 65c. quality per square yard at 39c

200 yards of Inlaid Linoleum, plain colors, 2.25 quality, at 55c
(REMNANTS, over 25 pieces at a sacrifice.)

JOHN H. KAZANJIAN & CO.

Hot Chocolate, Imported Tea and Cut Ice Served at the Bellevue Palace.
164-166-168 Bellevue Ave. Tel. 85. Open Saturday Evenings Only.

CHILDREN TOSSED TO MEN IN STREET.

New York Fire Escape Wells Were Choked by Boards.

Ten Persons Dead, Many Hurt, in Mulberry Street Blaze.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Ten persons were killed, more than a dozen injured and 30 more escaped with their lives only by the narrowest margin, in an incendiary fire which wrecked the tenement house at 71½ Mulberry street early today. Three barrels, stuffed with rubbish and soaked with oil, were blazing fiercely in the lower hall, cutting off the escape of the 50 or more persons sleeping on the upper floors. Some of these died in their beds, where they were overcome by smoke and then caught by the flames. Others, who had been aroused too late, fell unconscious before they could reach a window, and were burned to death scarcely an arm's length from safety. Many were injured by jumping from upper windows to the street or by being crushed as they fought for positions of safety on the choked fire escapes. The dead are: Minechillo Furfillo, aged 30 his wife, Antonella, 28 and their three children, 5, 3 and 2 years; Francisco Polostrino, 18; Mrs. Rosa Schettino, 32, and her seven-year-old daughter, Christina; Vita Barone, 21; Pietro Magliacci, 50.

Several of the injured, who were taken to hospitals, are in a critical condition.

That so many persons were killed and seriously injured was in part due to the carelessness of the tenants of

Continued on Ninth Page.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Movements of Vessels Reported to the Department.

[Special despatch to the News.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The following movements of naval vessels were reported today to the Navy Department:

Arrived—Barney, Dolphin, Idaho and Mississippi, at Philadelphia; Culgoa at Manila Bay, Yorktown at Greenerton, Chocktaw at Norfolk.

Sailed—Solace, from Suva for Pago Pago and Honolulu; Alabama and Maine, from Gibraltar for Ponta del Garda; Buffalo, from Panama for San Francisco; Hercules, from Norfolk to destroy a wreck.

Lord.

CHARGES READ TO EVANS.

Taking of Testimony in Lieutenant's Case to Begin Tuesday.

MANILA, Oct. 5.—The court-martial to pass on the charges against Lieutenant Frank T. Evans met today on board battleship Vermont. The charges and specifications were read, and the court adjourned until tomorrow, when the taking of testimony will be begun.

MAY DECLINE THE HONOR.

Dr. Mann Has Made No Decision About Washington Bishopric.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Dr. Alexander Mann, rector of Trinity Episcopal Church, this city, who was elected to the bishopric of the diocese of Washington several days ago, may decline the honor, as did Bishop Brent of the Philippines, who twice refused the position. The parishioners of Trinity Church are very anxious to retain Dr. Mann, and it is understood that the rector has assured several personal friends that as yet he has made no decision, and will not until he confers with a committee later in the week. The members of the parish appear confident that Dr. Mann will remain at Trinity.

Sept. 17, '08. Telephone 1011

KIMONAS.

Our full line of winter Kimonas we have on hand.

Heavy quilted Silk Kimonas with silk lining and very beautifully embroidered.

Cashmere Kimonas and Flannelettes at very reasonable prices and largest assortment of colorings to select from.

THE KAZANJIAN CO., Kazanjian Building.

STILL OTHER LYNN FACTORIES CLOSE

Thousands Will Be Shut Out Before End of Week.

State Arbitration Board to Investigate Situation.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 5.—That the extensive shoe manufacturing industry of Lynn is likely to suffer seriously as a result of the strike of lasters, which went into effect last Friday, was evident today, when several of the factories failed to open and the managers of others announced that should the strike be still in progress when they had disposed of the orders at hand they would also suspend the operation of their plants. There were almost 1,500 lasters on strike today, about an equal number of other operatives were kept from work by the closed shops, and indications point to additional thousands being shut out before the end of the week, if many more of the factories are closed.

The strikers note a great leaning in their favor on the part of many of the manufacturers, who have announced their intention of withdrawing from the Manufacturers' Association, the body against which the strike was sympathetically directed because it included in its membership the Joseph Caunt Company, which committed an illegal infraction of an agreement between that company and the union, in connection with the employment of assembling machines operated by girls, and the discharge of union members. The board of trade, through its president, R. S. Bauer, sought to arrange a meeting today with officials of the Joseph Caunt Company, looking to the settlement of the union's grievances and thereby averting the strike, which appears now likely to become general.

President Bauer of the board of trade announced today, after conferences with a number of manufacturers that he believed the board will be able to bring about a settlement of the strike by arbitration within a reasonable time.

This forenoon was given over to parades of strikers about 1,000 persons participating. Visits were made to several factories, but there was no disorder. At the factory of William Porter & Sons a notice was posted stating that the men would go out at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The Williams & Clark Company's shop the lasters were informed that their services were no longer needed. Joseph Dickinson told a committee of strikers, when they called at his factory, that he is not a member of the Manufacturers' Association, and that his men could do as the pleased about striking.

Meetings of strikers were held during the day at Laster's Hall, and relief committees were appointed. It was arranged that the various shoe centres of New England should be visited and appeals made for funds.

Tomorrow forenoon there will be a parade of all the strikers, which, according to plans, will march through the fashionable district, where most of the manufacturers reside. About 400 non-union men have joined the strike.

Mayor Thomas F. Porter had a conference in Boston today with members of the Massachusetts state board of conciliation and arbitration, and on his return announced that he had arranged to have the entire board visit the city tomorrow, for the purpose of investigating the situation.

TAFT IN DRENCHING RAIN.

Gives His Views on Labor Question to Leavenworth Crowd.

LEAVENWORTH, Ka., Oct. 5.—William H. Taft stood for five minutes in a drenching rain this morning and spoke to the workingmen of Leavenworth. Every factory in the city closed down to give the employes a chance to hear the candidate. Mr. Taft explained his views on the labor question. He said that his action in the injunction cases needs no defense, as he simply enforced existing laws. He was greeted with deafening cheers at this declaration. There were not a dozen umbrellas in the crowd, yet not a man left until the candidate had finished speaking.

Mr. Taft wore a raincoat and a soft felt hat pulled down over his eyes, and before he finished speaking water was trickling down his hat and face in streams.

CHEERED AGAIN AND AGAIN.

Taft's Listeners in Kansas Many and Enthusiastic.

ATCHISON, Kan., Oct. 5.—The Kansas crowd and enthusiasm of Saturday were strikingly recalled by three Taft meetings in this state this morning. The Kansas City, Kan., gathering was hilarious. Because the crowd could not see the candidate on the library steps, he was requested to mount a pedestal whereupon a statue is shortly to be placed.

"He looks like the Statue of Liberty to me," shouted a workingman.

"I am for the greatest possible liberty to every individual," said Mr. Taft.

He was cheered again and again. As the audience was made up largely of laboring men, Mr. Taft began by referring to the claim of Gompers that Bryan will get the laboring vote.

"No, No," came cries from a number of voices. "He won't get the labor vote of this place."

At Leavenworth, the next stop, the audience listened with patience and good cheer in the rain to the Taft labor speech. The Leavenworth audience, which was large, was made up of old soldiers from the veterans' home near by, and of laboring men.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Oct. 5, Estonia, from Libau.

New York, Oct. 5, Finland, from Antwerp.

New York, Oct. 5, Noordam, from Rotterdam.

New York, Oct. 5, Citta di Messina, from Messina.

Boston, Oct. 5, Cymric, from Liverpool.

Boston, Oct. 5, Devonian, from Liverpool.

Boston, Oct. 5, Laurentian, from Glasgow.

Boston, Oct. 5, Manitoba, from Antwerp.

BISHOP TIERNEY DIES OF APOPLEXY.

Stricken Late Saturday, Almost Without Warning.

Hartford See's Great Growth Under His Administration.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 5.—Rt. Rev. Michael Tierney, Bishop of the Catholic diocese of Hartford, who was stricken with apoplexy Saturday evening, died this afternoon.

Bishop Tierney had been in his usual health of late, and the attack of apoplexy was almost without warning. Saturday, after supper, he spoke of not feeling quite well and, laying down an evening paper which he had been reading, he arose to go upstairs. He was assisted to his room, and his personal physician, Dr. Kane, was called. Some hours later the real significance of the illness was seen, and the sacraments of the church were administered by the priests of the household.

During yesterday the bishop noticeably weakened, and finally lost consciousness. Immediate relatives were summoned, and they remained near at hand, Bishop Beaven of the Springfield diocese also being at the bedside. Vicar General Rt. Rev. Monsignor John Synnott took over the administration of the diocese.

During the late night the bishop had two sinking spells, in which it was thought that life would depart, but towards daylight the patient rallied a little. The sinking spell at 4 o'clock was such that the watchers at the bedside feared the end had come. The bishop's age was against him, he being in his sixty-ninth year, and, in addition, the increasing duties of recent years had brought a great tax upon his energies.

The bishop's residence was in Farmington avenue, and here all day yesterday, through the night and today, a number of messages of inquiry and of sympathy came to the priests of the household, for Bishop Tierney was one of the best known bishops in the United States. In the Protestant pulpits in this city yesterday feeling references were made to the illness of the head of the Catholic diocese.

Bishop Tierney was a pioneer among the Catholic prelates in the United States in providing for the spiritual needs of Catholic immigrants. Each year he sent abroad to the seminaries in Italy, France, Germany, Belgium, Switzerland, Austria, Poland and Hungary ecclesiastical students who had been trained in his own diocesan seminary of St. Thomas, in Hartford, and in other seminaries in the United States. The bishop believed that with their preliminary training in America they would, after several years spent abroad, acquiring the language and using the national customs, be better able to minister to these people during their sojourn in this country. At the present time there are 37 of these students abroad.

To further meet the needs of Catholics from other lands, he has placed in his diocese both secular and regular priests, among them the La Salette fathers from Grenoble, France, located in Hartford; the Fathers of the Congregation of St. Charles, from Piacenza, Italy, located in New Haven and Bridgeport; the Vincentian Fathers from Cracow, Austria, located in New Haven and Derby. The religious communities of women in the diocese of Hartford who owe their introduction to Bishop Tierney are the Sisters of Charity in charge of the day nursery in Waterbury; the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent of Paul, in charge of St. Vincent's Hospital, Bridgeport; Sisters of St. Joseph of Chambery, France, in charge of St. Francis Hospital, Hartford, and St. Mary's School in Windsor Locks; Sisters of the Holy Ghost, who have foundations in Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport and Waterbury.

During his 14 years as bishop of the Hartford diocese, Bishop Tierney confirmed over 60,000 children, and on these occasions administered the total abstinence pledge to the children and thousands of adults.

About 12 years ago Bishop Tierney purchased the Connecticut Catholic and published it later as the Catholic Transcript, making it his diocesan organ, under the editorship of Rev. T. S. Duggan, rector of St. Joseph's Cathedral.

When Bishop Tierney entered upon his administration of the See of Hartford there were 98 parishes in the diocese; at the present time there are 166. There were 513 religious women in the diocese; now there are 1,221. There were 204 priests, and today there are 300. The number of parochial schools has increased from 45, with 28,000 pupils, to 76, attended by 33,000 children. The Catholic population of the diocese has increased from 200,000 to over 400,000.

BRYAN TIDE STRONG IN EAST.

If Democrats Can Hold Advantage Ticket Will Be Elected.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Returning to Chicago today to take up the Democratic campaign, Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic national committee, declared that the tide is strong for Bryan in the East, and if the Democrats can hold their advantage there the Democratic ticket will be surely elected.

Mr. Mack said that President Roosevelt's letter has helped the Democrats, and that Congressman Longworth's declaration that the country will have eight years of Taft, after which Mr. Roosevelt will be President for eight years more, merely confirmed "what has been plain for some time, that the President is seeking to establish and perpetuate a Roosevelt dynasty."

500 THROWN OUT OF WORK.

St. Albans Water Supply Low, and Large Consumers Cut Off.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Oct. 5.—About 500 persons were thrown out of employment in this city today as a direct result of the lowering of the city's water supply following the almost unprecedented drought. The city water comes from Fairfax pond, and is stored in two reservoirs. The upper reservoir has been dry for some time, and in the lower one the water has been going down steadily until today it measured only 11 feet, 9 inches.

INDEPENDENT OF SULTAN'S RULE.

Bulgarian Proclamation Made at Tirnova Today.

Cabinet with Prince Ferdinand at Time of Action.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 5.—Bulgaria, a tributary principality under the suzerainty of the sultan of Turkey, today proclaimed her independence of Turkey. This action was taken at Tirnova by Prince Ferdinand, who was elected prince of Bulgaria in 1887. The

Photo by Pelzner, Carlsbad.
PRINCE FERDINAND OF BULGARIA

Bulgarian cabinet was present with the prince, having met him at the frontier and journeyed with him to Tirnova. The party reached Tirnova last evening. Tirnova is the ancient capital of the kingdom of Bulgaria. It was here, in the olden days, that the kings of Bulgaria were crowned.

The proclamation was made at the Cathedral of Tirnovo at 11 o'clock this morning. It was a dramatic scene, accompanied by great enthusiasm. A manifesto of independence addressed to the nation was subsequently issued by the Prince.

AUSTRIA, BACKED BY GERMANY?

So Turkey Says, in Order to Strike Blow at the Kaimil Ministry.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 5.—Turkey is convinced that Austria, backed by Germany, encouraged Bulgaria to declare her independence in order to strike a blow at the Kaimil ministry and compromise the new constitution. It is not known what steps Turkey will take, but the impression prevails that a European conference will be held to consider the whole question. Advices obtained in an authoritative quarter of Sofia are to the effect that only some of the powers supported the British proposal for the settlement of the railroad question. This want of unanimity among the powers encouraged Bulgaria to insist in her present attitude.

Varna and other Bulgarian towns are placarded today with declarations that the moment it has now arrived to proclaim independence, as otherwise Turkey, on the strength of the treaty of Berlin, will demand the restitution of eastern Roumelia.

FRANCE TO ACT AS MEDIATOR.

In Series of Conferences to Prevent War Between Turkey and Bulgaria.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—France has decided to enact the role of mediator, with the object of preventing war between Turkey and Bulgaria. Foreign Minister Pichon had already begun a series of conferences with the diplomatic representatives of the powers, with the idea of reaching an understanding looking to the maintenance of peace, when the official news of Prince Ferdinand's proclamation at Tirnovo arrived.

The foreign minister conferred with M. Iswolsky, Russian minister of foreign affairs, and Nassim Pacha, Turkish ambassador, today. This afternoon he met the Austro-Hungarian, British and American ambassadors, as well as the Bulgarian diplomatic agent, M. Stancioff.

The situation is considered grave. The proclamation of independence of Bulgaria actually has been made, and it probably would be useless to attempt to induce Prince Ferdinand to withdraw it. The Bulgarian cavalry is mobilizing on the frontier, and Prince Ferdinand is determined to stick to his guns. On the other hand, it probably would be equally difficult to persuade Turkey to accept the Bulgarian act, while the sympathies of the powers is in favor of the maintenance of the integrity of European Turkey under a regime of liberty. The diplomatic representatives of the powers believe war would spell ruin to the new constitutional rule in Turkey, and that the sultan would use war as a pretext for withdrawing the constitution.

Diplomatic circles are pessimistic concerning the ability of the powers to prevent war between Turkey and Bulgaria. A prominent diplomat said today that Bulgaria has been preparing for war for ten years.

The statement published in the London Times that Russia agreed in advance to support Austria-Hungary in the seizure of Bosnia and Herzegovina has been authoritatively denied. It is reported that Italy will demand a port in Albania and a free hand in Tripoli as the price of her acquiescence to Austria-Hungary's purposes.

The Temps today publishes a despatch from Vienna saying that the Bulgarian army is marching towards the frontier, and that the Turks also are moving forward to the encounter. Austria-Hungary is mobilizing two army corps.

No official confirmation had been received in Paris up to 5 o'clock this

Continued on Ninth Page.

FALL WOOLENS
—FOR—
MEN'S WEAR.
A. B. Commerford,
218 Thames Street.

NINETY LOTS
On Bliss Road and Vicinity,
From $96 for 3,790 sq. ft. to $780 for 5,210 sq. ft. Buy now. The best lots sell first.
Wm. E. Brightman,
Cor. Spring & Franklin Sts.
Phone 5.

STILL SEARCHING THE RUINS.

Winthrop Workers Looking for Mrs. Dumont's Body; Also for Jewelry.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—With the further cooling today of the embers of the fire at Winthrop, which destroyed two hotels and several cottages early Saturday morning, at an aggregate loss of about $200,000, the work of searching the ruins for the body of Mrs. Henry Dumont of Cincinnati and for several collections of jewelry and gems were continued today. The debris in those sections which it was thought possible might contain the jewelry was examined closely, the smaller matter being sifted through a network of fine-mesh wire. It is definitely known that Mrs. Dumont perished in the flames, but the exact portion of Crest Hall in which she met her death was not known, and the search was a general one in the vicinity of the ruins of that hotel. There was considerable speculation today as to the whereabouts of the owners of inscribed jewelry which was found, two pieces with names upon them, not accounted for, having been discovered.

NO INTENTION AT PRESENT.

Roosevelt Thinks Now He Will Not Take the Stump for Taft.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—"President Roosevelt at present has no intention of taking the stump in behalf of Mr. Taft" is the way in which persistent reports to the effect that he is to make a speaking tour are now denied at the White House. The latest story on this subject is that received at Lincoln, Neb., yesterday by Mr. Bryan, that the President intends taking the stump, and is planning to make at least six speeches in a tour across the country, terminating at San Francisco. This information was said to have reached Mr. Bryan from persons in the East upon whom reliance could be placed.

The report is similar to several previous ones. When the matter first came up the denials of the President's secretary were unequivocal, but to the latest reports he has given somewhat qualified denials, always saying that it is the President's present intention not to take the stump.

Fresh-Killed
TEAL DUCKS.
FRESH
Squabs,
Broiling and Roasting Chicks
MARLBOROUGH MARKET,
H. H. BARKER, PROP.

George E. Vernon & Co.,
Manufacturers of
Fine Furniture,
—AND—
Interior Decorators
91 John Street,
NEWPORT, R. I.

YOU NEVER TASTED

Anything more delicious than a good roast of the Beef, Lamb or Mutton which we have this week.
Fresh vegetables received daily.
F. B. Coggeshall,
2 Washington Square.

THE BEE HIVE.

The Annual Fall Sale
—OF—
BLANKETS
—AND—
COMFORTERS.

Look and prepare for the present and the future. Soon you will need these fine blankets and comforters, if you don't now.

Here are bargains genuine, live generous bargains, such as only a wide-a-wake store can offer at this season. We've been preparing for this for months. Kept our eyes on the markets, studied the trade conditions, made the best of our opportunities and bought at the lowest ebb in prices. Now the benefit is yours if you choose to grasp it. Of course you need these things, every housekeeper does, but you will look long and earnestly before you find a better time to buy than now. We carry the Muncy Wool Blankets and give a positive guarantee with every pair. They are made of pure fibre, properly shrunken, and will retain their original softness, beauty and full size if properly washed. The reputation of Muncy Blankets has grown stronger each year since first put upon the market twenty years ago, and their excellence is acknowledged by all judges of blanket merit.

Full size 11-4 Blankets, half wool and weighing five pounds to the pair, value $4.50, special, pair, $3.75

Full size 11-4 Blankets, fully ¾ wool and weighing five pounds to the pair, value $5.50, special, pair, $4.95

Full size 11-4 Blankets, all wool warp and filling and weighing five pounds to the pair, value $6.50, special, pair, $5.50

Full size 11-4 Fine California All-Wool Blankets, weighing five pounds to the pair, value $8.50, special, pair, $7.50

Half wool 10-4 Blankets, weighing four pounds, value $3.50, Special price, pair, $2.98

Extra size 12-4 Blankets, all wool warp and filling, weighing six pounds, value $8.00, Special, pair, $6.75

Cotton Blankets, in all grades, from 49c pair up

Full Size Comforters filled with good cotton, best shown for $1.00

Full size Comforters, filled with nice soft cotton and nicely covered, Special $1.49

Full size Comforters, filled with pure white soft cotton, sateen covering on both sides, Special $1.98

Full size Comforters, filled with extra fine soft white cotton, covered with nice figured sateen and plain border, Special $2.75

Down Comforters at $4.75, $6.50 and $8.95

Hess-Leys Co.

This Morning's News.

ROBERTSON WINS AT BRIGHTON.

With Simplex Car Finishes in the Lead Amid Wild Excitement.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACE TRACK, New York, Oct. 3.—Amid the wildest excitement George Robertson, driving a Simplex car No. 6, flashed across the finish line at the Brighton Beach race track at [illegible] o'clock tonight, the winner of the second International 24 hour automobile race of the Motor Racing Association.

Harry Cobb, driving a 50 horse-power Lozier machine, was second and Marquise Roberts at the wheel of a 12-horse-power Thomas was third. Six cars finished, all of them being American cars. The foreign cars, two French and two Italian, were put out of the contest by accidents. As were three American cars.

The final score was: No. 6 Simplex, Robertson-Lescault, 1,177 miles. No. 2 Lozier, Cobb-McCuen, [illegible] miles; No. 8 Thomas, Roberts-Walker, 1,17[illegible] miles; No. 11 Alco-Kingston, Lakwell-Fa[illegible], 994 miles. No. 9 Cleveland, Chevrolet-Miller, [illegible]. No. 1 Stevens, Lauer-Minoldo, [illegible] miles. The best previous record was 1,167 miles.

The struggle for second place drew back grand stands [illegible] to their feet. Roberts, driving the Thomas, passed, again and again caught and passed the Lozier car driven by Cobb, cutting down the Lozier lead from nine to four miles in the twenty-third hour. But Roberts's car refused to stand the strain and just as it seemed as if second place was his, the motors went wrong and he had to retire to his camp for new cylinders.

As he returned to the track the Lozier car had improved its opportunity and the gap between the two was cleft only a few minutes. At this juncture the referee ordered the Cleveland and Stevens cars to turn in and give the leaders a clear field to finish the race.

One dead and five injured, half a dozen costly racing automobiles smashed into worthless masses, speed records for a circular track shattered, summarizes the great race.

As the nerve-straining contest drew to a close a crowd of more than 30,000 persons gathered at the little race track course by the sea. There was excitement aplenty from start to finish, as hardly an hour went by without an accident happening. The terrifice speed maintained by the racers cut the soft track into deep ruts, and every now and again the swift-moving automobiles would swerve into the low fences.

There was keen disappointment in the crowd this evening when car No. 5, a Renault, driven by the team of Strang and Hastle, was put out of the race by a mishap. Almost from the start the Renault had been the contender for first honors, being on equal terms and sometimes ahead of car No. 6, which car during the closing hours of the races, was 10 or more miles ahead of the other racers.

With victory apparently assured by the mishap of No. 5 Renault, who had succeeded Robertson as driver of the Simplex No. 6, slackened speed and drove his car carefully so as to avoid mishap. It was the Simplex which was responsible for the death of Thomas Fickett, the special policeman, who was run down last night as he was trying to drive some boys off the track.

After the Renault was knocked out of the race, chief interest was as to which car would have second place. The struggle for the honor was between No. 2, a Lozier, driven by Cobb, and No. 8 Thomas car, Roberts driver of the Thomas, kept the spectators in a state of excitement by his daring driving. He took the Thomas around the mile track at the rate of 70 miles an hour, but, unfortunately for him, his car was followed by persistent bad luck, the motors working poorly and the "shoes" getting generally out of order. The "shoes" on the Thomas had to be changed no less than 40 times in 24 hours.

Roberts had cut down the lead of the Lozier car from 12 miles in the nineteenth hour to eight miles in the twenty-first hour despite his machine troubles. In the last half of the twenty-third hour of the race the Zust car, driven by Gratjen, crashed to the outer fence and turned turtle. Gratjen's mechanician sustained a broken leg and possible internal injuries. Gratjen escaped with slight bruises.

The Simplex was given an ovation when it darted by the grand stand on the thousandth lap of the race, having made a new record for 1,000 miles. The Simplex made the 1,000-mile journey in 20 hours, 9 minutes and 15 seconds, the best previous record for the same period of time having been 772 miles.

CAUSED CHELSEA FIRE.

Rag Pickers Smoking Cigarettes Responsible for Conflagration.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Chelsea's great fire on April 12 was charged to wanton or careless cigarette smoking by rag pickers, in the finding of Judge Caskey of the Chelsea court. [illegible] report of his request to determine the cause of the conflagration was filed in the superior court. Judge Lochman [illegible] Boston Brothers [illegible] the loss of [illegible] of property, according to the judge's finding.

The court held that for Sunday, forenoon [illegible] was directly responsible for the cigarette smoking and that she was guilty of negligence and to blame for the spread of obvious consequences. He and [illegible] Bohn are held [illegible] Sunday law.

The court held that Sunday [illegible] having overseen [illegible] considering the [illegible] progress and [illegible] the work was of a [illegible] and gross [illegible] disregard on the part of [illegible] and obvious consequences of [illegible] was a natural and [illegible] proximate cause [illegible].

The court concludes as follows: "[illegible] several details the [illegible] or prostration [illegible] direction, facilities for [illegible] tion."

GOMPERS TO TAFT.

Latter Losing His Temper, His Manners and His Dignity.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Taking up the charge made in Denver Friday night by William H. Taft, that Samuel Gompers is "lying to his followers," Mr. Gompers issued a statement tonight in which he asserted "It is quite evident that Candidate Taft is losing his temper, as well as his manners and his dignity."

The president of the Federation of Labor declares that the Republican presidential nominee cannot meet the truth and the position of the labor movement as regards his [illegible], his party's refusal in Congress to repeal the injunction [illegible] Gompers against the workers in the injunction [illegible] and from the Sherman anti-trust law, under which the voluntary organization of the working people are now held as trusts.

"I assert he cannot meet these issues, and he therefore undertakes to resort to the well known policy of the prizefighter, who has a bad case, that is, by abusing the other side.

"The working people of the country know that Mr. Taft's 'ridicule and rasping sarcasm' are not aimed at me, but at them, for there is not one thought I have expressed or one step which I have taken but had their initiative in the rank and file of America's toiling masses, unorganized as well as organized."

He language quite as vigorous and positive as that used by Mr. Taft, the labor leader reiterates much which he has previously said in editorials and on the platform about the failure of the Chicago convention to grant the demands of labor and also the attitude of the Republican majority in Congress toward the labor element.

"Is my statement, have I been lying, or have I told the truth?" inquired Mr. Gompers.

BULGARIA GIVES ULTIMATION.

Refusal to Withdraw Troops Equal to Independence Declaration.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The proximity of a war which may result in the rearrangement of the map of southeastern Europe was definitely established tonight, when the foreign office was informed that Bulgaria had presented a long ultimatum to Turkey on the question of that section of the Oriental railway which runs through Bulgarian territory.

The government at Sofia, in announcing its ultimatum, refused to withdraw its troops from the line at the behest of Constantinople, notifies Turkey that it can no longer discuss the question with that country. This reply, it is recognized here, is equivalent to a declaration of complete independence by Bulgaria, which, under the treaty of Berlin, is under the suzerainty of the sultan.

Cable despatches received from Sofia tonight say that the greatest excitement prevades the people, and that yesterday all the ministers left the capital for Rustchuk, on the Danube, where they will meet Prince Ferdinand, who has been summoned hurriedly from abroad.

THE FLEET'S RETURN CRUISE.

To Visit Several European Ports, After Leaving Port Said, to Give Short Liberty to Men.

Official announcement is made at the Navy Department of the itinerary of the battleship fleet on the return cruise from Manila to the Atlantic coast. The port where the battleships will end the globe-girdling cruise February 22 is not announced, although it is presumed it will be New York.

The itinerary shows that the battleships in groups of two and three will visit several European ports after leaving Port Said. In order to give short liberty to the men, Villefranche, Marseilles, Genoa, Leghorn, Malta, Algiers, Athens and Naples are the ports selected and arranged for by the Navy Department.

The fleet arrives for its second call at Manila in two seperate divisions, the first squadron arriving from Yokahoma October 31 and the second squadron form Amoy, China, November 7.

Leaving Manila December 1, the fleet will arrive at Colombo December 14. After remaining at this port to coal the vessels steam for Suez December 20, arriving at the entrance of the canal January 5. The fleet will pass through the canal and coal at Port Said as expeditiously as possible, and as soon as the ships are coaled they will proceed to the Mediterranean ports, where the separate calls will be made.

The tentative itinerary is for the Connecticut and the Vermont to arrive at Villefranche, January 14, and leave January 27; the Minnesota and the Kansas to arrive at Marseilles, January 14, and leave January 27, the Georgia, the Nebraska, and the Kentucky to arrive at Genoa, January 15, and leave January 27; the Rhode Island and the New Jersey to arrive at Leghorn, January 15, and leave January 27 the Louisiana and Virginia to arrive at Malta, January 15, where after remaining four days these vessels will leave for Algiers, arriving there January 22 and leaving January 30.

The Ohio and the Missouri will call at Athens January 13 and leave January 25, while the Wisconsin, the Illinois and the Kearsarge will arrive at Naples January 17 and leave January 27.

After leaving the respective ports of call the first division of the fleet, composed of the Connecticut, the Kansas, the Minnesota and the Vermont, will steam to Negro Bay for coal, arriving there January 31 and remaining until February 3, when they will steam for Gibraltar, where they will leave February 6. The remaining battleships will leave Negro Bay for coal February 1 and leave with the first division February 7.

The fleet will then reassemble off Gibraltar and steam homeward for some port on the Atlantic later to be officially designated by the President. The Navy Department authorities are considering whether it would be better to have the fleet arrive at New York instead of Hampton Roads. It has been pointed out by those in favor of the return of the command to the point of original departure that New York harbor in the latter part of February and the early part of March is bound to be filled with ice. Moreover, the navy-of-war borough is usually filled with floating ice, so as to make it impossible to use small boats. This difficulty, it is represented to the Navy Department, would be avoided if the ships were sent to Hampton Roads.

COLLEGE FOOTBALL.

At Providence—Brown 6, Colgate 0.
At Cambridge—Harvard 16, Maine 0.
At New Haven—Yale 6, Syracuse [illegible]
At Princeton—Princeton 18, Springfield 0.
At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania 16, Bucknell 0.
At Williamstown—Williams 53, Middlebury 0.
At Burlington—Vermont 5, Holy Cross 0.
At Brunswick, N. H.—Bowdoin 15, New Hampshire 0.
At Hanover—Dartmouth 35, Massachusetts Agricultural College 0.
At Amherst—Fordham 6, Amherst [illegible]
At Ithaca—Cornell 17, Hamilton 0.
At Annapolis—Navy 15, Rutgers 0.
At West Point—Army 5, Tufts 0.
At Hoboken—Wesleyan 6, Polytechnic [illegible]
At Providence—Wesleyan 6, Norwich [illegible]

[illegible] Star Independent to [illegible] the [illegible] states. The tonnage [illegible] will be about 6,000 [illegible] that of the Minnesota [illegible] vessel affect. They will be [illegible] feet long and about 80 feet [illegible] It is expected that they will [illegible] in speed at least [illegible] knots.

WATER

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residence or places of business should leave application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

DEBS CALLS GOMPERS "LIAR."

Socialists' Leader Declares Federation Head Dare Not Face Him.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for president, held two big meetings here tonight. He read the demand of a local labor paper that he answer the charge of Samuel Gompers that he sold out the A. R. U. He said that he regretted the necessity of answering the charge and then called Mr. Gompers a coward and a liar, saying:

"Gompers dare not meet me and make this statement. His statement is an engineered lie. If you'll have Gompers come here I'll come across the continent to meet him and prove him a vulgar falsifier. He said I betrayed the Locomotive Firemen, but I have an invitation to their convention. When I received it they gave me $2,000. I refused to take it. Has Gompers ever refused anything? When I was at the head of the A. R. U. Gompers was doing all he could to break the strike.

"If he ever dare face me I'll prove to his face that he is a coward and a liar."

TWO DAYS' BASE BALL.

National League.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 3, New York 2.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 2, Boston 0.
At St. Louis—Pittsburg 3, St. Louis 2.
At Cincinnati—Chicago 16, Cincinnati 2.

At Chicago—Chicago 5, Pittsburg 2.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 5, St. Louis 1.

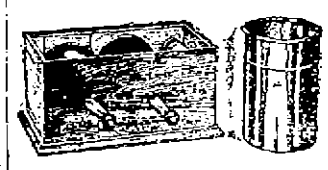
American League.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 8, Boston 7; Boston 5, Philadelphia 0.
At New York—New York 2, Washington 1; New York 2, Washington 2.
At Detroit—Detroit 6, St. Louis 0.
At Cleveland—Chicago 2, Cleveland 2.

At Chicago—Chicago 3, Detroit 1.
At St. Louis—Cleveland 3, St. Louis 3 (11 innings).

DRINK
CRYSTAL SPRING WATER
Pure and palatable.
LOOK FOR THE SIGN.
Office at Clarence A. Hammett Co.'s, 323 Thames Street.
Tel. 469.
H. KLAASENS, Manager.
A. H. COGGESHALL, Art

FOR PERFECT NEGATIVES WHETHER FILMS OR PLATES USE A TANK.



Kodak Film Tanks, $2.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.50.
Premo Film Pack Tanks, $3.50 and 4.00
Eastman Plate, Tanks, $3.50 and 4.50.

KODAK FILMS, PREMO FILM PACKS, and PLATES.
NEW TUCK POST CARDS continually being added.
GEO. H. CHASE,
33 & 35 Broadway. 'Phone 64

Edison Amberol Records.

A new record made of a new composition by a new process, and playing an average of more than four minutes, or twice as long as the present record. Sold for 50c. Call and hear them.

Edison Attachments.
Standard $5; Home and Triumph $7.50

Let me add a NEW ATTACHMENT to your PHONOGRAPH by which both the PRESENT and the NEW RECORD may be played at your pleasure.

Tel. 971. W. A. MAHER, Open Evenings.
13 FAREWELL STREET.

Real Estate is the Foundation of All Material Prosperity.
DO YOU OWN ANY ?
Go to our local office on PURGATORY ROAD, just beyond the BEACH and let our local agent, Mr. Draper, show you some of the finest bargains ever presented to the people of NEWPORT:—over $100,000 worth of lots already sold.
LOTS 5,000 to 20,000 Ft PRICES $150 to $600
NO INTEREST—NO TAXES. $25 DOWN—$5 PER MONTH.
EDWARD T. HARRINGTON CO.,
203 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

Colonial Paint
IS Pure Linseed Oil and dryer, 39 per cent.
Pure carbonate of lead, 38 per cent.
Pure oxide of zinc, 23 per cent
(According to state chemist analysis)
Full measure. Sold by
JOSEPH GRAHAM, 68 & 70 Spring Street.
Interior Decorator. Wall Papers.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

Packers and Shippers
—OF—
Furniture, Crockery, etc.
Furniture Stored at Reasonable Rates.
BARGAINS IN WINDOW CURTAINS.
J. W. Horton & Co.
42 CHURCH STREET.

W. F. SPINGLER,
Bellevue Avenue.
I have a handsome assortment of
LAMP SHADES,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
Lace and Muslin for Curtains,
Beautiful Colorings of Cretonnes.

Bellevue Laundry,
Pond Avenue and Warner Street.
We make a specialty of starch work.
All of our shirts are starched and ironed by hand.
Work called for and delivered to any part of the city.
Telephone 858.

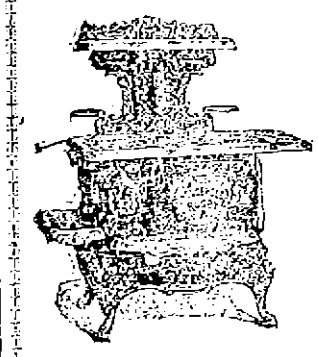
THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
AND WEEKLY NEWS

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONES.
With a $15 Columbia machine we will give you 12 10-inch records. Come and hear the Columbia make real music and select your records.
Stock Up Now on Records
5 12-inch records for $3, or 3 12-inch records for $3 and a present of 4 10-inch records.
This is your time. A limited number only offered. Will fit any disc machine.
THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.

6-5-4.
Before setting up your stoves, give them a coat of 6-5-4 which produces a lustrous black. Apply with a brush; shines itself, no rubbing required.
Just received a line of
Cobbling Outfits, Leather Shoe Stands, Shoe Stretchers, etc.
Jig Saws and Blades in Stock.
Alex. N. Barker & Co., 201 Thames St.
LUMBER. HARDWARE. CEMENT.

Tulips, Hyacinths, Crocus, Narcissus, Oxalis, Snowdrops.
Be sure and plant some fall bulbs when your flower beds are cleared for the winter. The expense is small for the amount of flowers you will enjoy early in the spring.
F. L. ZIEGLER, 18 Broadway.

WHO DRAWS THE PAINT?
The First Number 33452
The Second Number 1923
The Third Number 931
Should the first number remain unclaimed on or before OCTOBER 10, the second number will be declared the lucky one; and should the second number remain unclaimed on or before OCTOBER 20, the third number will entitle the holder to the prize.
In case all three numbers remain unclaimed by October 30, there will be a second drawing on November 3, at 10 A. M.
Wm. B. Scott & Co.
AGENTS FOR F. O. PIERCE CO. HOUSE PAINT.



Wanted.
FIFTY SECOND HAND RANGES.
You get a good honest allowance for your old range when you buy a
HOUSEHOLD RANGE.
Built from the best iron. Built by the best workmen. "Built to bake" and that is what you buy it for.
No guess-work. No trial. It will work perfectly from the minute you start the fire.
BUY A HOUSEHOLD.
JAMES F. MARDEN, Phone 854. Next to Postoffice.

Automobile Tires, Supplies and Accessories.
Vulcanizing and Re-covering.
At Our Branch 35 Bellevue Avenue.
Representing the Michelin Tire Co., The B. F. Goodrich Co., and the Sampson Leather Tire Co.
NEWPORT ENGINEERING WORKS, 359-365 THAMES STREET.

OFFICIAL RECORDS SHOW THAT THE INDIAN
Holds all American track records from one-half mile to 1-hour race, holding 16 world's records. There must be a reason.
Expert repair work on motors at
CHASE'S MOTOR GARAGE,
TELEPHONE. 115 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

THE TRADES.

ALEXANDER NICOL,
Carpenter and Builder.
Although I have the contract to build the new Stanford School I stand ready to [illegible] your work, and to my customers who have stood loyally by me. I am a [illegible] call with promptness for many [illegible] they may want done. Telephone 1135.
Residence and Shop 25 Newport Ave.

J. D. DICKSON,
Electrical Contractor,
113 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Tel. 713.

J. Joseph M. Martin,
MASON CONTRACTOR.
Mason work in all its branches. Brick Work, Cement Work, Tiling, Plastering, etc. Tel. 1134
12 NARRAGANSETT AVE.

Lincoln Hammett Co.,
AGENTS FOR
Welsbach Reflex Lights.
Genuine Welsbach Mantles,
At all prices.
Estimates cheerfully given on Plumbing, Heating and Electrical Work.
Tel. 349. 32 MILL STREET.

Let us Show you the Merits of
Crawford Boilers.
Steam or Water.
CLARK & BRIGGS,
16 Mary Street.
Telephone 1119, 1611.

BANISH PLUMBING WORRIES.
The next time any part of your plumbing refuses to work, springs a leak or needs repairing or replacing, take the shortest cut to satisfaction and PEACE OF MIND by phoning or consulting
T. B. Connolly,
Contracting Engineer,
Plumbing Heating and Ventilating
A large supply of pipe fittings and valves of every kind always on hand.
939 THAMES STREET,
Perry Mill Building.
Phones—Office 180. Residence 1619.

Monuments.
J. B. COTTRELL,
Warner St., Opp. Island Cemetery.

ALEX. J. FLUDDER,
MASON WORK
In all its branches.
Draining & Plumbing work a Specialty. Dealer in first quality Akron Drain and Sewer Pipe.
Grease Traps, Chimney Flue Lining, Extra Heavy Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings, Iron Cistern Covers and Frames, Stable and Yard Traps, etc.
Telephone connection 525 Chapel Place.

ALEXANDER BOOTH,
BUILDER.
Cement Walks, Plain and Ornamental Tile Setting.
Estimates given on all kinds of mason work.
Residence 543 Spring Street.

Daniel J. Mahoney, Mason Work
I will give you an estimate to take down your old ceilings, replacing them with new ones, or concrete your cellar, repairing your chimneys, tiling your bathroom, fireplaces, vestibules, etc. Jobbing of all kinds attended to.
Residence 18 Pond Avenue.

MORGAN BROTHERS
Contractors and Builders.
All kinds of Mason Work, Brick-laying, Plastering, etc., at short notice and lowest prices.
6 DEAN AVENUE.
Telephone 1164.

Clarke & Oman,
Successors to Goddard & Barlow.
Tin and Sheet Iron Workers
General Jobbing.
Rear 200 Thames Street.

Newport Transfer Express Co.
Baggage and Freight.
Main Office, 272 Thames St.
(Fall River Line Ticket Office.)
The only Express Company checks baggage from residence to destination. Consignments of freight solicited. Information in regard to baggage or freight cheerfully given.
Tel. 371. Call Us Up.
739. 1051. FRANK J. HUGHES, General Manager.
Branch Offices: Stable Marsh Street, Fall River Line Wharf.

RECIPES FOR GRAPES.

A True Tonic, Rich in Blood Making Material. Made from Juice.

Ices, Bavarian Cream and Mousse Made from Fruit Are Delicious at This Time.

[Cornelia C. Bedford.]

This is the month for pickling, and those who raise or can secure grapes at a reasonable figure should not fail to put up as much grape juice as possible. Its preparation is simple; it is rich in blood making material, a true tonic food, and has the additional merit of being utilized, when desired, in the preparation of desserts. Dark grapes are to be preferred, although the Niagara and other light skinned varieties make a pleasant drink. Remove the grapes from their stems, discarding any which are moldy or imperfect. Place in an agate or porcelain-lined kettle, and with a wooden masher crush them enough to break the skins. Having at least five pounds in the kettle, pour in a half pint of water and heat slowly. Stir frequently, and when the seeds appear to be free from the pulp—which will be when the fruit is almost at the simmering point—take from the fire. Have ready a number of straining cloths made of two or three thicknesses of fine cheese cloth wrung out of cold water. Lay each cloth over a bowl; turn into it as much of the hot fruit as it will hold; draw up to make a bag; tie loosely and hang so that the juice will drip into the bowl. When dripping ceases, squeeze the bag over a second bowl; all the juice extracted by the pressure should be kept separately as it will not be perfectly clear. Have ready a saucepan of simple syrup—equal parts by measure of boiling water and granulated sugar—stirred until the sugar is dissolved, then boiled for five minutes. Keep this warm, then add to the strained juice sufficient syrup to make pleasantly sweet. The quantity will vary according to the acidity of the grape used. Either bottles or jars may be used, but they should be thoroughly sterilized with boiling water; boil the corks also, and keep them in hot water until needed. Fill the bottles up to the shoulders with the prepared juice.

If a canning apparatus is at hand the work will be simplified; if not, place some loose boards in the bottom of the boiler, stand the bottles on the boards, then pour into the boiler enough warm water to almost reach the level of the liquid in the bottles. Cover closely and heat slowly to the simmering point, then keep at a gentle but steady simmer for 45 minutes. Lift the cover and fit the steam corks into the bottles, then remove from the boiler, ramming each cork down firmly as taken from the water. As soon as cool enough to handle, tie down the corks, and, when cold, dip each bottle into melted paraffine so as to cover the cork and a half inch of the neck. If stored away in a cool place, this liquid product of the grape will keep indefinitely.

Grape Jelly—Select grapes not too ripe; pick off the stems, putting them into a porcelain-lined or granite kettle; cover them with water, cover the kettle and simmer gently until the grapes are perfectly tender; be very careful not to add an over quantity of water. Now drain the grapes carefully; measure this liquor, and to each pint allow one pint of sugar; put the liquor over the fire, boiling it for 20 minutes; add the sugar, stir until the sugar is dissolved, and if you have not added too much water, you will find it almost in jelly. As soon as the sugar is dissolved, however, it is safer to try it by dipping a small quantity out in a saucer. As soon as a scum or jelly is formed on the surface, fill the glasses; or, if by holding up the spoon, the liquor drops off in one large drop, jelly like, it is ready to turn into the glasses. If you wish it very clear, strain it before putting it into the glasses; that is, strain the jelly as well as the liquor.

Grape Ice—Bruise stemmed grapes and place over the fire until scalding hot, then turn into a cheese cloth bag and let the juice drip. For one pint boil together one pint of water and one cupful of sugar for three minutes, then set away until cold. Add the grape juice and two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice and freeze. This may be turned into a sherbet, by the addition, when half frozen, of the white of an egg whipped by a stiff meringue with one tablespoonful of sifted powdered sugar. Pack and let stand for a couple of hours before serving.

Grape Bavarian Cream—Soak one-third of a package of granulated gelatine in cold water; when soft stand over hot water until dissolved. Add this to a quart pint of grape juice, adding also sufficient powdered sugar—if necessary—to make very sweet. Stand in ice water and as the mixture thickens, stir into it one cupful and a half of thick sweet cream whipped to a solid froth. Decorate the sides and bottom of the mold with blanched and split almonds, dipping each in a little dissolved gelatine that it may adhere to the mold. Carefully turn in the mixture and set away on ice until firm. When serving, garnish with a bunch of grapes.

Grape Mousse—Mix together one-half of a cupful of grape juice, the strained juice of one lemon and one cupful of very thick cream. Whip to a stiff froth and keep on ice until needed. Boil together one cupful of sugar and one-half of a cupful of water until it will spin a thread when dropped from the tines of a fork. Take from the fire and pour it in a fine stream upon the stiffly whipped whites of two eggs, beating slowly and steadily. Continue to beat until the mixture is cold and light. Mix the contents of the two bowls together carefully, turn into a mold or the can of a freezer, cover and let stand without heating or disturbing for at least two hours.

WHAT MOSQUITOES ARE MADE FOR.

[Boston Transcript.]

Greater New York has not lost faith in the possibility of mosquito extermination, or of at least rendering its haunts and breeding places practically untenable. The health authorities have been active under a law passed by the last legislature in carrying on a campaign against the pest. Hundreds of swampy acres in the southern part of Staten Island have been drained at the city's expense, resulting in a marked reduction of mosquito life, and the entire work of the island is now nearly completed. Under the provisions of the law, property owners are compelled to do the work at their own expense, or, if they refuse, the city may do the work and the cost becomes a lien upon the land thus drained. This is not so great a hardship as it may appear, because in most instances the increased value of the drained land more than offsets the cost of the work. Cat-tails and swamp grass disappear and much of the territory is made available for cultivation or for building. Perhaps this movement will furnish an answer to what mosquitoes were made for. They may have been made to compel men to reclaim their waste places.

"CY WHITTAKER'S PLACE."

Story of Life in a Cape Cod Village, Written by Joseph C. Lincoln.

Joseph C. Lincoln has written another of his Cape Cod stories, "Cy Whittaker's Place." The scenes are laid in a small village, although "Cy" does make an unprecedented trip to Washington and California. To travel far on land is almost an unknown experience, but to travel on the ocean is another matter, for many of Bayport's citizens had gone to sea when young men. The characters are those to be found in a small town, interested in the doings of their neighbors, rather narrow and prejudiced in their views of life, but thrifty and kind-hearted as a whole. The story has plenty of homely fun and amusing situations, although not so humorous as many of Mr. Lincoln's tales. This is the most serious work he has done, being a connected story, not mere sketches or short studies of the Cape Cod folks. There is a slight romance, which gives interest, and something of a mystery, which is finally solved.

Cy Whittaker had run away from home to go to sea when a mere boy, he and his father not agreeing very well. In middle age he returns, having amassed a comfortable fortune in trade in South America. His father's house is in sad need of repairs, besides being disfigured, in Cy's eyes, by so-called improvements, including a piazza. Cy is determined to have the house appear as it did in his father's lifetime, and succeeds in his task, even to the old-fashioned wall paper and antique furniture. Having accomplished his end, he finds there is something lacking, for he has no one to keep his home in order. From this point his troubles begin. After an unhappy existance, with Debby Peasley, a deaf old lady, as housekeeper, he is able to make better arrangements, and is happy and contented when something occurs which upsets him completely. In the end everything comes out right.

Phebe Dawes, the school teacher, is a capable young woman, cool and self-possessed. She is a great help to Captain Cy in his troubles, with her clear head and quick intuition. The little boy, who came to live with the captain, being really forced on him, is really responsible for much of Cy's hard times, but she and "Uncle" become fast friends, Cy doing all he could to spoil her. Heman Atkins is the great man of the village, being a Congressman and bossing Bayport in general. He learns that the way of the transgressor is hard, although his wickedness is not exposed to his old friends and neighbors.

[D. Appleton & Co.]

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. Hodges, wife of Rev. Samuel Hodges, preached at Friends' meeting Sunday morning in the absence of Mr. Hodges, who is on a missionary trip to Northampton, Mass., to revive interest in Friends' Churches in that section. Mr. John S. Kimber of Newport has been with him a portion of the time.

Mr. Harry Rogers of Philadelphia has been in town for a few days.

Mr. Norman Hall and Mr. Elliot Anthony are attending Thibodeau's College in Fall River.

Miss Gladys Hall is attending high school in Newport and Master Benjamin Hall the Misses Brown School in Providence.

It is expected that there will be several candidates for representative, at the Republican caucus, the latest to be named being Mr. John T. Gardner.

Mrs. Mary J. Weaver, New York State Superintendent of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will speak at the Friends' Church Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. Sarah Chase, over 80 years of age, who fell down stairs at the home of her sister, Mrs. Phebe Durfee, and broke her thigh a short time ago, is doing as well as could be expected.

Mr. William H. Butler intends buying a ranch in California and settling on it.

Mrs. Frank B. White has gone to Fall River to visit Mr. and Mrs. George White.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. Ward Alger, who has been guest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard P. Peckham, returned yesterday to Westerly.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harrington were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Carr Sunday.

Mrs. John Austin is ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. I. F. Holm, in Malden.

Miss Esther Peckham is with Mrs. James Wyatt while Mrs. M. Heath is on her vacation.

A party was entertained at Mr. W. C. Peckham's farm in Exeter yesterday.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Mary D. Smith, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Smith, to Mr. William E. Pitman.

PERSONALS.

....President Hazard is not yet fully recovered from her serious illness of last spring and will not be able to return to her college duties at Wellesley at present, Dean Pendleton will be in charge during the president's absence.

....John Fox, Jr., the author, who has returned to his Virginia home after a stay of several weeks in the Adirondacks as the guest of Finley Peter Dunne and Richard Harding Davis, in an interview admits the correctness of the report of the engagement between himself and Mme. Frizi Scheff, the comic opera actress.

....Mrs. William Thaw and the former Duchess of Yarmouth have taken a house at New Rochelle, where they will stay until the Thaw trial, which begins before Justice Mills at White Plains October 12. They have been in New Rochelle under assumed names for some time. Both may be called to testify at the Thaw trial.

....If the warning of Miss M. Cary Thomas, president of Bryn Mawr College, is heeded, Miss Helen Taft, daughter of Willm H. Taft, who is a Freshman in the college, probably will escape hazing along with the other Freshmen. In her address to the students Miss Thomas declared hazing to be unlovely, ungenerous, childish and vulgar.

....Lady Cook, the philanthropist and suffragette, who before her marriage to Sir Frederick Cook of London, was known as Miss Tennessee Claflin has arrived in this country. She will remain in New York until after the election. She is an admirer of Bryan, and a meeting with the Democratic candidate has been arranged. Lady Cook says she will assist Mr. Bryan in whatever way she can, but she will not say whether she will speak at public meetings in Mr. Bryan's behalf.

....Accompanied by a trained nurse and an orchestra of 12 pieces William E. Corey, president of the United States Steel Corporation, and Mrs. Corey have gone to their shooting lodge in northern Michigan, where they have taken a party in a private car for a two weeks' entertainment, in which the diversion will consist principally of shooting. The party will rough it in a luxuriously appointed rustic place, which Mrs. Corey describes as "sitting in the midst of our estate of 20,000 acres and enclosed by a chain of 18 lakes."

Pedestrian Suit in Dark-Toned Broadcloth.

If one prefers broadcloth for the all-round practical walking suit it should be remembered that the best quality of such fabric is always the cheapest in the end. Broadcloth shows wear readily if not of the first grade, and this fact should be kept in mind when selecting the fall street costume.

It is always best to select a simple design for such a suit, trimming it sparingly with serviceable braids and buttons posed in simple lines, to keep the costume within the bounds of simplicity. The skirt of such a suit should be of walking length and mod ium in width, and the coat of the new 36 or 40-inch length, with full-length, small sleeves.

THE INDIAN SUMMER.

[The Herald of Truth.]

Just after the death of the flowers,
And before they are buried in snow,
There comes a festival season,
When nature is all aglow
Aglow with a mystical splendor
That rivals the brightness of Spring—
Aglow with a beauty more tender
Than aught which fair Summer could bring.

Some spirit akin to the rainbow
Then borrows its magical dyes,
And mantles the far-spreading landscape
In hues that bewilder the eyes.
The Sun from his cloud-pillowed chamber
Smiles soft on a vision so gay,
And dreams that his favorite children,
The Flowers, have not yet passed away.

There's a luminous mist on the mountains,
A light, azure haze in the air,
As if angels, while heavenward soaring,
Had left their bright robes floating there;
The breeze is so soft, so caressing,
It seems a mute token of love,
And floats to the heart like a blessing
From some happy spirit above.

These days, so serene and so charming,
Awaken a dreamy delight—
A tremulous, tearful enjoyment,
Like soft strains of music at night;
We know they're fading and fleeting,
That quickly, too quickly they'll end,
And we watch them with yearning affection,
As at parting we watch a dear friend.

Oh! beautiful Indian Summer!
Thou favorite child of the year!
Thou darling whom nature enriches
With gifts and adornments so dear!
How fain would we woo thee to linger
On mountain and meadow awhile,
For our hearts, like the sweet haunts of nature,
Rejoice and grow young in thy smile.

Not alone to the sad fields of Autumn
Dost thou a lost brightness restore,
But thou bringest a world-weary spirit
Sweet dreams of its childhood once more:
Thy loveliness fills us with memories
Of all that was brightest and best—
Thy peace and serenity offer
A foretaste of heavenly rest.

FANCIES.

Ethel—I am going to bleach my hair.

Maud—S-sh; Keep it dark.—[Boston Transcript.

"Dar is some diff'rence of opinion," said Uncle Evan, "as to whether money is better dan brains. But de man dat gits too proud of either is liable to act mo' or less foolish."

Mrs. Bullion—I wish I knew something to do that would provide me with an absolutely new sensation.

Mr. Bullion—Go out and pay cash for something.—[Life.

Mrs. Hoyle—My husband had $100,000 when I married him.

Mrs. Doyle—How much has he now?

Mrs. Hoyle—Oh, he has most of the ciphers left.—[The Bohemian.

"How is it, Tom, that you are always so successful in your stock deals?"

"My boy, I've reduced the thing to a science. Whenever I think a stock is going up, I know it's going down and act accordingly."—[Boston Transcript.

"What has become of the man who used to tell us the foreigner paid the tax?"

"He's probably downtown trying to convince the board of review that he's caught to be reduced."—[Chicago Record-Herald.

Mrs. Juggins's patience was much tried by a servant who had the habit of standing around with her mouth open. One day as the maid waited upon the table her mouth was open as usual, and her mistress said: "Mary, your mouth is open."

"Yessum," replied Mary: "I opened it."—[Philadelphia Inquirer.

EARLY AMBITIONS OF JULIA WARD HOWE.

[Sunday Magazine.]

How far have the results of your life corresponded to the ambitions of your youth?

I will endeavor to give a truthful answer to this question. In spite of the difficulty attending personal statements. The ambitions of youth are usually vague, and are often wildly in excess of any possible realization. Mine were mainly literary, and yet my work in this direction was dictated more by the felt need of expression than by any personal desire or hope of distinction. I was bred up in the most intimate retirement of family life. In my nursery, I sometimes dreamed of bursts of eloquence of which I might be capable, but always as dreams never to be realized. I wrote my poems as I was moved, the necessity being an inward one, to which the outward response was secondary.

I was a little more than 30 years of age when a noted phrenologist, after examining my head, said to me, "You will develop a centralizing force, and will attach to yourself a following, as did Henry Clay and Silas Wright." This prediction seemed to me so absurd that I derided it. Nothing could then have been farther from my thoughts than the presidency of clubs and other associations, of which I have had a large experience in later years.

In literature, I certainly did hope to achieve something worthy of note. How far I have done this it hardly becomes me to say. My contentment was perhaps at its height when, decades ago, I heard Theodore Parker quote lines of mine from his pulpit. I have been made very happy by the affection with which my "Battle Hymn" has been regarded. When an old soldier tells me of having sung it beside the campfire or on the march, or while leading a "forlorn hope," my heart thrills with a deep and thankful joy.

If I could draw from my long experience any lesson which might be useful to youthful aspirants for the crown of merit, it would be this:

It is a great advantage from the start to have been so trained that you will desire and expect to live for something higher and wider than your own personal advancement, or the indulgence of your own tastes, no matter how good they may be. American education, however defective in some respects, does tend to cultivate in those who receive it this larger outlook, this more generous anticipation. Under its inspiration, you will remember that private and public life are closely bound together, and that human obligation is twofold.

You cannot tell beforehand how nearly your individual endowments will correspond with such designs as you may cherish; but of this rest assured: An honorable ambition will in time fulfil itself in some way, although very probably not in that which you would have chosen. Has not Shakespeare well said, "There's a divinity that shapes our ends?" We can only rough hew them, and wait to learn.

WALKING SHOES
FOR FALL DAYS.
In Oxfords or high cut styles, at
THE T. MUNFORD SEABURY CO.
Open Saturday evenings only, until further notice.

If anyone away from Newport desires to keep thoroughly posted in all the news of his home town both great and small let him subscribe to

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
—AND—
WEEKLY NEWS

The paper contains each week several pages of HOME NEWS that no one at all interested in Newport affairs can afford not to know. Subscriptions at $2 may begin at any time.

LIVERY STABLES.

HORSES CLIPPED
—AT—
Cooke's Stable.
Tel. 1013. 15 Marlborough St.

FOR EVENING WEAR!

Now that the season for parties, dances, etc., is at hand, many of the ladies will be interested in a new line of fancy fabrics in light colors and beautiful texture, that may be converted into beautiful and inexpensive evening gowns.

We are now showing the latest ideas in these fabrics that are being shown in all the leading cities, and invite your inspection of the same.

Some of the new fabrics include

Chiffon Silvette,
Tokio Silks,
French Figured Pongee,
Silk Muslin, etc.

Prices from 25c per yard up.

Also a new line of

FANCY LACE and LINGERIE WAISTS

For evening or street wear.

Long White Kid Gloves,
Fans, Fancy Belts,
All-Over Laces,
Fine Lace and Embroi'd Petticoats and Jewelry Novelties.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW AT

WM. B. SHERMAN, Jr.'s
145 Thames Street.
Tel. 995.

Notice!

The Independent Ice & Cold Storage Company, having sub-let all the "General Storage" rooms in their Freezer, will have no more space available for preserving perishable merchandise.

Let Your Fish Come.

INDEPENDENT ICE AND COLD STORAGE CO.

GROCERIES. GROCERIES.

We have just received another consignment of those Fancy
Concord Grapes
2 Baskets for 25c.
SWEET POTATOES
Are higher and for a few days we will sell 12 pounds for 25c.
Wild Grapes for Preserving.
W. C. SCOTT, Postoffice Sq. Phone 543.

BROWNELL & FIELD CO.'S
TOWN AND COUNTRY COFFEE.
For sale by Grocers in attractive one-pound canisters for 35c. per pound.
BROWNELL & FIELD CO., Providence, R. I.

GROCERIES.

BUTTERFLY BRAND
Seeded Raisins
12c. pkge.; 5 for 55c.

Carolina Head Rice
3 pounds for 25c.

EXTRA SELECTED
Walnut Meats
38c. a pound.

AUSTIN'S
Triple-Ex. Round Pilot Bread,
10c. a pound.
—AT—
THE BOSTON GROCERY,
City Hall Square, Broadway.
O. F. Wilcox, Prop'r.
Telephone 339.

PROVISIONS.

FRESH SCALLOPS.
Wyatt's Market.
Telephone 336.

FANCY
Rhode Island Lamb and Turkeys.
—ALSO—
Deerfoot Sausages.
—AT THE—
SEA SIDE MARKET.

Kickemuit River OYSTERS.
The purest oysters in the state.
—AT THE—
BROADWAY CASH FISH MARKET.
C. A. Easterbrooks, Prop.
Telephone 614. 60 Broadway.

M. J. MURPHY,
AGENT FOR
Studebaker Bros. Mfg. Co.,
Has on hand a large stock of Farm Wagons and Carts. Also several second hand Wagons. Tel. Con.

GROCERIES.

RECEPTION BRAND COFFEE
25 cents a pound.
—AT—
Kenyon & Smith's,
116 BROADWAY.

New Comb Honey,
New Imported Figs,
Fancy Cape Cod Cranberries.

Charles A. Manchester,
BROADWAY.

SPECIAL for SATURDAY.

Legs Fancy Winter Lamb, 15c. a pound.

Nice Chickens to Roast, 25c. a pound,

SPECIAL SALES in our Meat Department, Saturday afternoon and evening.

T. FRED KAULL,
391 and 393 Thames Street.
Telephone 476.

Bleached Ginger Root,
Delicious, preserved with Citron Melon, Pears, etc.
All PURE SPICES. Kinds.
PURE VINEGARS.
25 B'dw'y, PELEG BRYER, 11 Spring St.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.
Published every afternoon except Sunday.
Office, 207 Thames street.

T. T. Pilman. Proprietor.

News, $6.00 a year, 12 cents a week.
Journal and Weekly News, $2 a year.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 9996
or if that is busy, 17
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms Upstairs, 782
Publisher's Residence, 18 High St., 822

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

BACK NUMBERS.

Copies of the Daily News, two weeks old, three cents extra for each month or part of a month. Copies of the Newport Journal and Weekly News, one month old, five cents extra for each month or part of a month.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants, and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

MONDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1908.

SUBSCRIBERS WHO DO NOT RECEIVE THEIR PAPERS REGULARLY AND IN GOOD CONDITION SHOULD MAKE COMPLAINT AT THE OFFICE.

TEN PAGES.

THE INTELLIGENT VOTER.

The returns in a recent election in Philadelphia showed that in a certain precinct where about 130 ballots were cast there was not even one on the other side: the precinct was absolutely unanimous. The natural supposition was a stuffed ballot box, but the Philadelphia Record undertook an investigation which showed that that was not the case, but that every voter in the precinct was an Italian and voted as "Bartucci" told him. Bartucci was a thrifty Italian who had made some money and had looked carefully after the welfare of his fellow-countrymen. He was not only respected as a leading man but almost everybody had had occasion to be grateful to him. He had obtained groceries for a widow, sent coal to a man who was ill, secured employment under the city government for somebody, and when his neighbors were arrested he had them released. Of course all his neighbors were glad to oblige him on election day. He had been a Democrat, but the party hired a building of him once and didn't pay him enough. So he joined the Republican party, and his party was the party of every voter in his precinct.

On the other side of the river, in Camden, they have some Italian residents of the same sort, though nationality has nothing to do with it. Irish or German candidates for naturalization might give the same sort of answers and entertain the same respect for the big man of their neighborhood, and we are compelled to confess that American voters are not independent enough to permit them to throw stones at the imported variety. This man who sought naturalization was asked who made the laws in this country and answered "Jim McNichol and Mayor Reyburn," they being the political boss and the chief magistrate of Philadelphia, where the man likely was employed. "Who is the President of the United States?" was the next question, and the prompt answer was, "Tony Mecca," the leader of the Italian colony, occupying much the same position as Bartucci in the Philadelphia precinct mentioned. The candidate did not gain citizenship and next month will not vote under the orders of Tony Mecca, but many thousands of voters will deposit their ballots with no more intelligence or independence than Mecca's loyal follower would have done.

BANK GUARANTEE AND BANK INSURANCE.

The Democrats made merry with Mr. Taft when he expressed his opposition to the Denver plan of a governmental guarantee of bank deposits and were able to retort to him that he was fighting his own party; Congressman Fowler introduced the bank guarantee plan into his latest currency bill and the Republicans of Kansas and South Dakota had endorsed a similar provision in their platforms. But since he was renominated Mr. Fowler has been making some pertinent remarks on this subject. He has explained that the project which he incorporated in his bill was an optional mutual insurance of deposits for banks. It was not a governmental guarantee and was not obligatory. Banks would not adopt it without such arrangements as would afford them some control over the management of each other. A bank cannot go into a clearing house association except by the vote of the association. A bank conducted by a speculator or promoter could not go into a mutual insurance association of banks organized to protect each other's depositors.

Under the governmental guarantee proposition there would be nothing to prevent men from setting up a bank, gathering in a quantity of deposits and skipping with the money. We could pursue them criminally? Certainly. But having their obligations to their depositors guaranteed by the government they would secure a good deal of money which they would have no chance of obtaining otherwise. People desire to know something now about the bankers who invite them to hand over their funds. They wish to know whether the men are honest and capable. What business have they been in? Have they been successful? What is their reputation? If the government should guarantee the deposits there would be no occasion to ask these questions. If the government did not guarantee the deposits, but merely administered a safety fund raised by a tax on the banks for re-imbursing depositors, then it might easily happen, as it happened in New York after 1837, that the guarantee fund was insufficient and the security of the depositors a delusion.

PROTECTING THE SHORE BIRDS.

The American Audubon Society is now turning its attention to the protection of water fowl, and is acting in that direction none too soon, for these birds are becoming less numerous every year. The society has acquired an island off the coast of Maine, to be used as a reservation for these birds, where they may breed without interference by sportsmen. The need of some such step as this has been manifest for some time, as the attacks which have been made upon the shore birds have been growing more severe. The plan which has been adopted is a practical one, and ought to result in the speedy multiplication of this species of fowl, which has been sadly decimated in recent years. The danger of the extinction of shore birds along the New England coast must be patent to every sportsman who tries to find them, and this step toward replenishing the supply will meet with the hearty support of all true sportsmen, who prefer to wait for a time for better shooting rather than run the risk of total extinction of the fowl.

New England is large enough to warrant the establishment of more than one of these reservations for water fowl, and it would be well if others could be set apart along the coast. There are plenty of islands, too, which could be used for this purpose, and the result would be a remarkable increase in the number of these birds in a surprisingly short time. The need for reservations of this character is not confined to New England, but is felt all along the coast lines of the country. Species of birds which are common to the Southern states are becoming scarce and will soon be practically extinct if something is not done for their protection, and the same is true of all sorts of shore birds in all the coast sections of the country. This action of the Audubon Society in Maine should therefore be duplicated all over the country, so that these birds may be saved from wholesale destruction.

The Audubon Society is doing a valuable work in behalf of birds of all kinds in this country and if it had not been for its action in the past many kinds would have disappeared before this time. Until recently, however, its efforts have been confined almost exclusively to inland birds and it has been the salvation of many species in the woods and open districts in many parts of the country. Its work along that line is by no means done and perhaps never will be, for the temptation is for sportsmen to kill wherever game is found without thought of the future. Yet it has accomplished so much in that direction and has its work so well systematized along that line that it is now trying to do something for the protection of the water fowl, which have long needed some efforts to save them from the thoughtless sportsmen who have no eye for the future but only for the excitement and the game bags of the present moment.

This society has received so much support and commendation from the public in its work in behalf of the inland birds that there is no doubt that it will be equally well aided in its efforts for the protection of shore birds. A good beginning has been made in the setting apart of this island off the Maine coast as a reservation, and if that is followed, as it doubtless will be, by similar action in other parts of New England and in other coast sections it will not be long before a material difference will be seen in the number of water fowl which frequent the shores of the ocean and the bays and rivers of the Atlantic, Pacific and Gulf coasts. All that is needed is a chance for the birds to breed without molestation, such as will be afforded on this island reservation. If man will but stay his destructive hand for a brief time, he will be rewarded abundantly in the near future, and the Audubon Society is doing an important work in trying to induce man to do that simple act.

The women in Pittsburg have risen in their might against the "tickler," which has become a part of celebrations throughout the country. Pittsburg has been celebrating its sesquicentennial and in the carnival spirit which infected the people many men armed themselves with "ticklers" and made themselves obnoxious, especially to women. The latter used hatpins in defense so effectively that many men are limping from the thrusts of the women's weapons, and the day of the tickler is over in Pittsburg. Scores of men were so seriously wounded that they were compelled to seek the services of physicians, and it is feared that some may lose their limbs.

United States Treasurer Treat says of Hamilton Fish, who has resigned the office of assistant treasurer to run for Congress: "He has been one of the most efficient men who ever held office under the government. The reforms which he has instituted were brought about in a modest, quiet way, and although they have saved the government much time and money little has been heard of them."

John H. Doe, Passos, a New York lawyer and a Democrat, announces his intention to vote for Taft, saying it is the duty of a real Democrat to assist in the defeat of Bryan, so that the party may revive and return to its true mission, to advance the interests and preserve the integrity of the federal republic.

There will evidently be no lack of candidates for state officers in Rhode Island. The Prohibitionists, Socialists and Independence party are already in the field and the Democrats and Republicans will make nominations in due time.

The Republicans are first in the field in the local campaign, but as yet there is little enthusiasm in the contest. The people may warm up to the situation in time.

The base ball situation continues to be interesting, in both the national and American Leagues, but the uncertainty will be over by the end of the week.

A MEMORY OF PICKETT'S BRIGADE.

[La Salle Corbell Pickett in Lippincott's]

It was years after the war, and some veterans of both sides were exchanging reminiscences at a banquet given by the Board of Trade of New York. It was presided over by the First President, Colonel J. J. Phillips, Colonel of the Ninth Virginia Regiment, Pickett's Division.

"There is nothing else so terrifying as a night attack," said Colonel Phillips. "The imagination works with intense activity in the darkness, and even in peaceful times adds infinitely to the fear of perils, real or fancied. How much more are the horrors of warfare increased when the opposing forces are hidden from sight, when the first announcement of hostile intention is the thunder of guns, the crack of rifles, the flash through the darkness—for it is the darkest possible night that is always selected.

"One of these night attacks in particular—on the Hermuda Hundred lines in 1864—I shall never forget; not because of its startling horrors, but because of a peculiar and sacred circumstance, almost resulting in the compulsory disobedience of orders, the obeying, as it were, of a higher than earthly command.

"The point of attack had been carefully selected, the awaited dark night had arrived, and my command was to fire when General Pickett should signal the order. There was that dread, indescribable stillness—that weird, ominous silence that always settles over everything just before a fight. It was so thick you could cut it with a knife; so heavy it weighed you down as if worlds were piled upon you; so all-pervasive that it filled creation for you. You felt that nowhere in the universe was there any voice or motion.

"Suddenly that awesome silence was broken by the sound of a deep, full voice rolling over the black void like the billows of a great sea, directly in line with our guns. It was singing the old hymn, 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul.' I have heard that grand old music many times in circumstances which intensified its impressiveness, but never had it seemed so solemn as when it broke the stillness in which we waited for the order to fire. Just as it was given there rang through the night the words:

"Cover my defenseless head
With the shadow of thy wing.

"'Ready—aim—fire to the left, boys,' I said.

"The guns were shifted, the volley that blazed out swerved aside, and that defenseless head was covered with the shadow of His wing."

A Federal veteran who had been listening looked up suddenly and, clasping the Colonel's hand, said:

"I remember that night, Colonel, and that midnight attack which carried off so many of my comrades. I was the singer."

There was a second of silence; then "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," rang across that banquet board as on that black night in 1864 it had rung across the lines at Bermuda Hundred.

NOAH WEBSTER.

[New York Times.]

New Haven is talking of a fitting celebration, October 16, of the 150th anniversary of Noah Webster's birth. Dr. Johnson, on the authority of Thackeray's "Miss Pinkerton" and others, must ever be renowned as "the great lexicographer," but all true Americans esteem the author of the first "American Dictionary of the English Language" at his worth. We hope New Haven will have its celebration, and that it will be an inspiring one.

Webster was already distinguished as the author of "A Grammatical Institute of the English Language," of the famous spelling books, and of legal and constitutional studies indicating acquired knowledge and native insight; had founded the Minerva, a New York daily newspaper, afterward called the Commercial Advertiser; had been a schoolmaster of distinction, and won renown as a public-spirited citizen before he began his great dictionary at the age of 49 years. He then discovered that his ignorance of the derivation of words was a bar to his performance of the work, and devoted 10 full years to study, at the sacrifice of possible gains in other fields. From 1817 to 1824 he worked diligently on his book, and then, finding he needed larger knowledge, studied anew in Paris, and spent eight months toiling among books at Cambridge University in England. In 1828 a first edition of his dictionary, of 2,500 copies, was quickly sold in this country. The English edition, the same year, was 2,000 copies. It is needless to dwell on the prodigious success of subsequent editions.

Thousands of Americans still pin their faith to their Webster. In spite of the development of lexicography it is still the historic dictionary. No modern lexicographer ignores it. It is imperfect, as all human achievements are, but it is an institution of which we are all proud. The zeal and devotion of its maker are worth remembering. Webster was a Connecticut man and a Yale man, and New Haven is the place where his 150th anniversary should be celebrated. But the people of Maine, South Carolina, Oklahoma and Oregon will take part in spirit.

GOES OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

Brewster Cameron, 65 years old, a merchant of El Paso, Texas, was drowned at Niagara Falls Saturday evening. With F. H. Fulford, of Belair, Md., and C. D. Paddell of Buffalo, he was sitting on the bank of the river, about half a mile above the falls, where the bank was very steep. When the party attempted to arise, Mr. Cameron, who was somewhat stiff from sitting in the one position, lurched forward and fell into the river. His companions made every effort to rescue him, and a park policeman also made an attempt. As Cameron neared the falls, but in vain. Cameron retained his consciousness to the end, waving his hand to those on shore just a moment before he passed over the falls.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

Retired School Teachers Receive First State Pensions.

Mayor McCarthy Denies That He Agreed to Retire—Central Falls Pastor Resigns.

For the first time on the American continent a state pension to retired school teachers was paid out of the public funds the past week, when 21 Rhode Island teachers, qualified under the law passed by the 1907 General Assembly received the first quarterly allowance at the State House in Providence. No other state in the Union provides a direct pension out of the state treasury for retired school teachers, although there are a dozen or more which make provision for retirement funds to which the teachers are obliged to contribute a percentage of their salaries while teaching. The quarterly payments which were made last week, aggregated $1,792, or at the rate of $7,138 for the school year ending June 30, 1908. This is well within the appropriation of $10,000, which was made to carry the new law into effect the first year, which sum was estimated at the time as the least which would meet the requirements of the retired teachers entitled to a pension the first year. The largest quarterly payment was $125, and the smallest $41.17. The recipients became qualified July 1, after their retirement in June, and under the rule of the State Board of Education were entitled to their first payment September 30. The other three payments will be made on the last day of December, March and June next. Of the 21 persons who are benefitted this year by the pensions, 13 are residents of Providence, three of Pawtucket, two of Valley Falls and one each of East Providence, Warren and Centredale.

"I never at any time made any statement that could be construed into a promise that I would not be a candidate for the Democratic nomination this year," declared Mayor McCarthy of Providence in a statement reported last evening. The mayor denied flatly, and in toto the story that he entered into an agreement last year with Bernard Conaty or any one else that if James Thurston would withdraw from the mayoralty contest at that time he would himself retire from the field this year. The mayor's statement was prompted by published reports to the effect that he entered into such an understanding during the mayoralty campaign of 1907, and that as a result of such understanding Mr. Thurston withdrew his candidacy. The name of Mr. Conaty has figured in these reports as the intermediary between the Mayor and Mr. Thurston. The mayor intimated that Mr. Conaty is usurping the functions of the Democratic organization by making and unmaking candidates for office, and asserted that he never was and never will be a party to such un-Democratic procedure. He denounced what he called the attempt to force a privately selected candidate upon the party as the effort of a few individuals to control the convention.

The members of the church and congregation of the Broad Street Baptist Church, Central Falls, were surprised Sunday morning, when they listened to a communication from their pastor, Rev. T. Richard Peede, in which the latter tendered his resignation as pastor, to take effect at the beginning of the church year, April 1, 1909. The service was conducted by Rev. Preston Gurney, a former pastor, and the resignation was read in connection with other announcements. It had been announced that the services for the day were to be conducted by the pastor, but he was called out of town on business and Rev. Mr. Gurney was called upon to officiate. Rev. Mr. Peede has been pastor for the past three years, and during that period the church has been materially strengthened through his leadership. Fifty-seven members have been added to the list. In Sunday School work the influence of the pastor has been felt to a marked extent, and as a citizen he has been a power for good in an unostentatious manner.

A citation was issued by the supreme court to bring the Narragansett Pier fight over gambling before that tribunal speedily on a petition filed by Harry C. Curtis, counsel for William J. Britt and George H. Cook, asking for a writ of prohibition against Judge Nathan B. Lewis of the district court of the Second Judicial district, to prevent him from taking any further proceedings in the cases brought against the petitioners, Britt and Cook, under complaints made by John G. Cross and warrants issued by William Sleeman, justice of the peace. The complaints and warrants charge respectively that on various dates between July 1 and August 19, 1908, Britt and Cook owned or controlled buildings in which gambling was carried on at Narragansett Pier contrary to law. Citation was issued on the petitions of Britt and Cook to Judge Lewis to appear before the supreme court Monday, October 12, to show cause why a writ of prohibition should not be granted.

Favorable conditions attended the laying of the corner-stone of the new Masonic Temple at Riverside Saturday afternoon, the weather being ideal, the attendance of Masons and citizens large and the program passing off without a hitch. Many prominent Masons of the state were present, while the ranks of St. Andrew's Lodge of Riverside were swelled by the addition of former members, who had been transferred to different sections of New England. The ceremony was held under the direction of the Grand Lodge, with William L. Chatterton, Grand Master in Rhode Island, officiating. The affair was impressive, being carried out with the rites of the order, the members wearing their regalia. After short addresses by members of the Grand Lodge, the heavy piece of granite, bearing the symbol of the order was lowered to its place in the wall of the building, which, when completed, will be one of the most attractive structures in the village.

The commission appointed by Governor Utter to erect a monument in the National Park at Vicksburg, Miss., to commemorate the services of the officers and men from Rhode Island who served in the Vicksburg campaign, has practically decided to hold the dedication of the memorial during the second week in November. The date has been fixed late in the fall in order that those state officials whose presence is desired at the ceremonies may not be prevented from attending by the campaign. Governor Higgins and his staff will be included in the state party, and as soon as the detailed arrangements for the trip to Mississippi are made an order will probably be issued commanding the general staff to report for duty at the function. The members of the commission are Judge Nathan B. Lewis of South Kingstown, William P. Hopkins of Lawrence, Mass., and Elisha C. Knight of Providence. The monument has already been erected, an appropriation of $5,000 for the purpose having been voted by the General Assembly in 1906.

Fifty members of the Rhode Island Citizens' Historical Association took part Saturday in the first series of outings arranged by the association for the fall. The objective point of the party was Cumberland Hill and the Fallon Church. The church, which is still in a good condition, was built in 1740, and many memories cluster about it. The grandfather of President Garfield was born in the immediate vicinity of the church, which was once known as Cocke Church. Rev. Mr. Ballou preached his first sermon within its sanctuary when he was only 18 years of age, and 40 years later repeated it before a large congregation.

With Saturday's sitting of the United States district court, naturalization is suspended until November 7, or after the Presidential election. The law prohibits naturalization within 30 days before election. Fifty-five men exchanged their allegiance to foreign potentates for plain citizenship in the United States of America Saturday. They ran the gauntlet of Assistant United States District Attorney Lewis's rapid-fire questions without exposing any weak points in their qualifications, knowledge or ideals of government in the land of the free.

PARTY CONTROL AND DIRECT PRIMARIES.

[American Review of Reviews.]

Nowhere in the world is party machinery so powerful as in the state of New York. With a tremendous sentiment favorable to the nomination of Hughes, the organization leaders had it easily in their power to defeat his nomination at the Saratoga convention if they had so chosen. In other words, a group of leaders controlled the convention. It was not necessary to convince the convention that President Roosevelt was right in regarding Mr. Hughes's nomination as necessary; it was only necessary to convince half a dozen leaders, who, in turn, controlled the larger delegations. A direct and open kind of primary election, such as has been adopted in a number of other states, would greatly reduce the prestige and actual power of the state central committee, the county chairmen, and the other organization leaders. It is not strange that the men who have worked themselves up into positions of power in this dominating party organization should be in favor of the retention of a system which they know how to operate and which gives them control not only of nominations but also to a large extent of the work of the legislature. There are things to be said in favor of the existing system, and there are things to be said against the primary election plan in its full and extreme forms. But in the state of New York it has been true for a long time that freedom from the domination of men who hold power through their control of party organization has been more than almost anything else a requisite for the triumph of popular rule and really good government. The Republican situation has been vastly improved so far as its relations to public opinion go, under the recent regime, as compared with that which prevailed some years ago. But the system itself in its ramifications throughout the state is not the best one that could be devised.

JIG-SAW PUZZLES

Consisting of Historical, Comic and Classic Subjects.

Note these remarkable Prices:

75 pieces 6-8;	25c.
100 pieces 9-12,	50c.
150 pieces 12-16,	$1.00
250 pieces 16-20,	1.50
300 pieces 18-24,	2.00

While they last. Come early and get the best subjects.

DANIEL E. SULLIVAN,
Old City Hall Novelty Shop.
Tel. 665.

Republican Caucus.

The qualified Republican Electors of the City of Newport are requested to meet in their respective Ward Rooms on **Wednesday, October 7, 1908**, in accordance to the provisions of the Caucus Act, at seven (7) o'clock P. M., polls to be open until ten (10) o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing five (5) electors from each of their respective wards, as members of the Ward Committees of the Republican party, said ward committees to constitute the Republican City Committee for the ensuing year, and to elect five (5) delegates from each ward to attend a Republican City Convention to be held in the Court House, on Friday, October 9, 1908, at 8 o'clock P. M., and for the purpose of nominating and balloting for the choice of Republican candidates for Warden and Warden Clerk for each of their respective wards to be voted for at the election to be held on Tuesday, November 3, 1908.

The size of the ballots to be used shall be four and three-quarters (4¾) inches wide by eight (8) inches long.

City Convention.

A convention of the delegates of the Republican party elected at the above named Caucus, will be held in the Court House on **Friday, October 9, 1908**, at eight (8) o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing fifteen (15) delegates to attend the Republican State Convention to be held in Providence at Infantry Hall on Wednesday, October 14, 1908, for the purpose of nominating and electing such officers as stated in the call of the State Central Committee; also for the purpose of electing fifteen (15) delegates to attend the Republican Congressional District Convention to be held in Providence at Infantry Hall on Wednesday, October 14, 1908, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative in the 61st Congress of the United States from the First Congressional District of Rhode Island, and also nominate a member of the Republican State Central Committee for the ensuing year and to nominate one (1) Senator and four (4) Representatives, to represent the City of Newport in the next General Assembly.

By order of the Republican City Committee.

GEORGE W. RITCHIE, Chairman.
GEORGE N. BUCKHOUT, Secretary.

The House 119 East 36th St., New York City,

For sale or to let for the winter or on a lease.

Furnished or unfurnished.

Particulars on application to ..

RICHARD C. DERBY,
136 Bellevue Avenue.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, Oct. 5, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair and continued cool tonight and Tuesday; light, variable winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A disturbance of moderate energy, central northwest of Manitoba, with unsettled conditions extending south over the Missouri valley, is today causing generally cloudy weather, with showers, over there districts. No extended change has occurred in temperature. At 8 a. m. in New England it ranged between 31 and 50. At New York it was 56, Washington 62, New Orleans 62, St. Louis 56, Chicago 56 and San Francisco 48.

J. W. Smith,
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	2 h
Temperature	48	58	62
Barometer	30.27	30.29	30.28
Wind	N	N W	N
Weather	Foggy	Hazy	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1908.

Sun rises ..... 6 h 46 m
Sun sets ..... 5 h 23 m
Moon sets ..... 0 h 08 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 36 m
Day's decrease ..... 3 h 34 m
High water ..... 3 h 20 m; 3 h 45 m

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6.

Sun rises ..... 6 h 47 m
Sun sets ..... 5 h 20 m
Moon sets ..... 1 h 23 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 33 m
Day's decrease ..... 3 h 37 m
High water ..... 4 h 17 m; 4 h 42 m

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7.

Sun rises ..... 6 h 48 m
Sun sets ..... 5 h 18 m
Moon sets ..... 2 h 40 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 30 m
Day's decrease ..... 3 h 40 m
High water ..... 5 h 05 m; 5 h 35 m

Moon's Phases.

Full Moon, Oct. 9, 4 h 01 m, E.
Last Quarter, Oct. 16, 10 h 36 m, E.
New Moon, Oct. 25, 1 h 48 m, E.
First Quarter, Nov. 1, 9 h 17 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

(Only First Insertions Listed Here.)

	Page
Lost—Skiff	9
Public Laws	8
Lost—$5 Bills	5
Lost—Belt Pin	9
Lost—Keys, etc	9
Fall River Line	6
Seabury—Notice	3
Furnished Rooms	9
Wanted—Washing	9
Wanted—Tenement	9
Lost—Silver Watch	9
Doan's Kidney Pills	7
Bee Hive—Fall Sale	1
Wanted—Washing, etc.	9
To Let—Furnished Rooms	9
Bijou Shoe Dept.—Special	8
F. B. Coggeshall—Beef, etc.	1
Wanted—Position as Cashier	9
Boston Grocery—Pilot Bread	8
Standard Oil Co—Oil Heater	8
Boston Branch—Potatoes, etc	5
Jamestown & Newport Ferry	6
A. & P. Store—"Money Savers"	9
St. Columba Guild—Bean Supper	5
J. H. Kazanjian & Co.—Bargains	1
G. A. Weaver Co.—Graphophones	2
3 Furn. Cottages Near Read. Room	4
Scandinavian Society—Anniversary	5

TO INSURE INSERTION ON THE DAY DESIRED CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE SENT IN THE NIGHT BEFORE.

FOR SALE.

A Two-Tenement House near Cranston Avenue.

A payment of ten per cent down will be accepted, the balance to remain on mortgage at 5 per cent.

HERBERT L. DYER,
162 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Branch Office 64 Broadway.

GAS AND ELECTRIC WORK
Installed and Repaired.
ALSO
SHEET METAL WORK in Copper, Tin and Iron.
Philip F. Conroy,
181 Thames St. Phone 817.

Fire Insurance.
THE PROVIDENCE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

This company insures dwellings, household furniture, dwellings with stores therein, churches, schoolhouses, and first-class business buildings.

Over one hundred years' experience and pays dividends on all expiring policies.

January 1, 1908.
Assets $593,740.20
Surplus 317,105.17

Henry Bull, Jr.,
AGENT.
183 Thames St. Newport, R. I.

TOWN OF TIVERTON, RHODE ISLAND.

Proposals for New School.

The Town Council of the Town of Tiverton, Rhode Island solicits sealed proposals from Tiverton contractors for the erection of a new two room wooden schoolhouse on the North side of Judson Street, in North Tiverton, Rhode Island.

Plans and specifications may be seen at office of E. I. Marvell, Architect, 52 North Main Street, Fall River, Mass., or by arrangement with Richard S. Rose, Hall and Road, Tiverton, R. I.

A certified check for Fifty dollars will be required with each bid.

Bids must be endorsed "Proposals for New Schoolhouse" and must be delivered at the Town Hall, Tiverton, on or before Saturday, Oct. 10, 1908, at 2 o'clock P. M.

A suitable bond will be required of the successful bidder.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

THOMAS W. SISSON,
Pres. of Town Council.

F. A. ARNOLD, D.M.D.,
Will move his office to
86 SPRING STREET,
SEPTEMBER 30.

THREE FURNISHED COTTAGES.
Near Newport Reading Room, For Rent for Winter.
One at $200. One at $250. One at $400. Several other very desirable furnished cottages are available in other locations, rents $100, $500 and $600 and upwards.
A. O'D. TAYLOR,
Real Estate Agent.
122 Bellevue Ave.
(Telephone No. 320.)

BORN.

BARLOW—A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert H. Barlow.

MARRIED.

FRENCH—BAXTER—In Taunton, Mass., Oct. 3, 1908, by Rev. Malcolm Taylor, Beatrice Beach Baxter of this city and Horace Wells French of Pawtucket, R. I.

DIED.

BADNELLY—In this city, 5th inst., infant daughter of Joseph and Edith Badnelly.
BAILEY—In Middletown, 3d inst., William Bailey, in the 86th year of his age.
Funeral services at his late residence, West Main road, Wednesday, 7th inst., at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment private.
BOLDAN—In Jamestown, 4th inst., Walter Jordan.
Funeral at Providence, Wednesday, 7th inst., at 11:30 A. M.
VAN DUYN—In Taunton, Mass., 5th inst., Chester E., son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Van Duyn.
Burial at Newport, Wednesday, Oct. 7th, at 2:30 P. M., from the residence of R. S. Peabody, in Cross street. Relatives and friends are invited.
BUFFUM—In Providence, 4th inst., Ellen King, widow of Benjamin Buffum, in her 87th year.
LANNON—In Providence, 3d inst., Maria, widow of John Lannon.
BALLOU—In Pawtucket, 4th inst., Steven J. Ballou, in his 70th year.
OTTLEY—In Slatersville, 4th inst., Margaret Ottley, in her 78th year.
ROSS—In Pascoag, 2d inst., Nancy, widow of Hiram Ross, in her 85th year.
SPENCER—In Central Falls, 3d inst., Elizabeth L., widow of Albert J. Spencer.
CUDDYER—In Fall River, 3d inst., Peter P. Cuddyer.
STEBBINS—In Fall River, 3d inst., George H. Stebbins.
ALLSOP—In Fall River, 2d inst., Mary, widow of Henry Allsop.

IN MEMORIAM.

Oct. 5th, A. D. 1908.
In loving memory of John William Marks.

JOHN S. LANGLEY, Undertaking,
16 Franklin Street.
FREDK E. LANGLEY, Mgr.
Residence 96 Mary St. Cor. High St.
Telephone 879-1118.

FOR RENT.
Store and Tenement Thames St., $200 yearly.
Good location for business.
C. H Wrightington,
30 Bellevue Avenue.

P. S.—Furniture and all kinds of merchandise stored at low rates. Special rooms if desired.

LIBBY'S
Newport
Home-Made
Grape Jelly,
25c.
9 BROADWAY.

NOTICE.

Canvass.

The Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport will be in session as a Board of Canvassers at their Chamber in the City Hall, on

October 7, 16 and 23, 1908,

AT 8 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

For the purpose of canvassing and correcting the Ward Lists of voters in the several Wards.

Witness my hand,
F. N. FULLERTON,
City Clerk.

HORSES that are CLIPPED

Look better, feel better, and do more and better work. They dry out quickly after a hard day. They rest well, food does them more good, and they come out in the morning refreshed and fit.

Clipped horses can be cleaned in one-fourth of the time.

By all means Clip Your Horses.

GEO. P. LAWTON,
TOURO STREET.

Casino Grill.

I beg to announce that the Casino Grill and Cafe are open for the season under new management. Lunches, teas, and dinners a la carte; at moderate prices. Orders for suppers should be given in advance.

Estimates cheerfully furnished for catering of all kinds. Special ornamented dishes, salads, sandwiches, etc., can be had at short notice.

Experienced waiters and chefs or cooks at all times, also a new loan of silver, china, glass, tables, chairs and linen.

ALEXANDER LECLERCQ,
Caterer.
Tel. 536.

ANGUS McLEOD AND R. W. TAFT.

Appointed Temporary Receivers of the Wickford Line.

Not Enough Grand Jurors Found Eligible and the Panel Suspended.

The summer vacation being ended, the superior court resumed business in Newport county, opening the October session, this morning. The court room was resplendent in newly covered cushions, which had long been needed, and the old chandeliers shone out in new polish, revealing the nice points in their design. The stairs, too, had brass edges and rubber covering. There was also new covering for the floor about the courtroom door. It was all very attractive.

Judge Mumford presided, but Judge Baker is expected to take charge in a few days. A large part of the business of the morning was carried on in such gentle tones as to be heard with difficulty (when it was heard at all) in the courtroom. The windows were open, which made some of the difficulty.

The first business was a futile attempt to impanel a grand jury—and it was by no means a credit to Newport, which was responsible for the failure. Not a few men from this city have been found ineligible in the past, but the climax came this time. The examination was carried on by Assistant Attorney General Cross, by the new method of taking one at a time, on the witness stand. Much of it was inaudible to most persons present. The examination is about matters of record, and much time could be saved by omitting it.

Newport's prospective grand jurors were called first. James Murphy was held up on a question of taxes, and was later accepted. Next was William O'Neill, who was not accepted. Sebastian Tubley was also rejected. (The court had the tax list before him for reference.) Morris Horgan was accepted. Daniel J. Coughlin was not accepted, as his tax had not been paid. Bartholomew Shea said he had no real estate, could not tell about his personal estate, and had paid no tax; he was rejected. Timothy Foley had mortgaged real estate, but couldn't give any idea of the amount of mortgage on it. He was allowed to go to look out about his financial standing. Gustavus Stimpson was accepted. George E. Gratrix had some mortgage and went to find out how much. Jeremiah McCarty was a $200 personal property man and had not paid his tax, and was rejected. Charles H. Taber was accepted. Nathan Jones and Nathan Daniels did not appear, although among those drawn to represent Newport. Thus three of Newport's 13 were found legally eligible to serve—and the requirements are not very severe.

In former days the towns furnished a larger proportion of the jurors. Had it been so now the business of the grand jury might have proceeded. But all from the towns responded not. As it was, the court was forced to adjourn. As it was, the court was forced to suspend grand jury business until tomorrow, and an order for ten more men from Newport was issued. The system by which political parties pay taxes for alleged personal property voters and thus give them a vote and also a job on the jury, was quite a surprise to a visitor who occupied a seat at the lawyer's table. It is not quite time for the parties to pay those taxes yet.

The grand jurors from the towns were an excellent looking set of men. There were Henry C. Osborne and Henry F. Simmons of Tiverton, Fred H. Hall of Jamestown, Mr. Bixby of Little Compton, A. Prescott Stedman of New Shoreham, Arnold B. Smith of Middletown and Frank B. White of Portsmouth.

All witnesses to appear before the grand jury were excused until morning.

The court called some cases. J. F. J. O'Connor vs. John William Sterling, and Bellevue Realty Company vs. same, et al., were set for hearing on demurrer in December.

Mary M. Corson vs. Marie Von Raschdorf was continued to December, on account of illness of defendant.

E. P. Garrettson vs. Josephine F. Brugniere et al., no personal service, case had to be continued. Edward A. Brown Company vs. Josephine F. Brugniere was in a similar condition and was continued—three months.

City of Newport vs. Old Colony Street Railway Company was continued for hearing in November.

Bessie H. L. Riddell vs. Nathaniel B. Church et al., continued to December.

In John A. Leary vs. Henry A. Thorndike, Mr. Levy, for plaintiff, desired trial. Mr. Sullivan, for defendant, said his client had been ill, and desired trial postponed until December if possible. He said his client lives in New Bedford. The court set the date as October 9.

Mr. Burdick wished the cases of Rice and others against the Aldermen of Newport tried. Mr. Sheffield desired it in December, saying there are special reasons why he could not try them at this term. The matter will come up before Judge Baker in a few days.

K. I.

The case of Joseph Terry vs. Almanzo J. Rose, treasurer, is settled.

Counsel came up, just as if nothing had happened, in Jones vs. House Opening Company and set the case for October 15, one more trial.

The case of Weidhorn vs. Hammett is to be tried again, October 19 being set as the opening day of it, subject to Judge Baker's approval. Counsel said it took three days before. The court suggested that it would take four days, this time.

Marco A. Russo vs. P. H. Horgan was continued, defendant having been sick three weeks in bed.

Bliss vs. Thorndike was set for October 9. Ann Donnelly vs. W. Starr Miller, alias, October 15; Stewart vs. Sayles, October 16; Powers vs. Roderick, October 14; Horgan vs. Groff, alias, October 15; Walsh vs. Horowitz, October 13; Miller vs. Red Key Store, October 5; Russia Cement Company vs. Alfredo, October 8; Hedson vs. Merritt, et al., Raposa vs. De Costa, October 19; Olmsted vs. Baker Motor Vehicle Company October 13.

Criminal cases are in order next Monday. Those marked trial are the cases against Daniel E. Flynn, John Assegant, Frank Pinto, Frank Dorsey and Wolf Smith.

Warren Corliss, who was sentenced by Judge Franklin $100 fine and 10 days in jail for reckless driving of an automobile, will have a trial in December.

Nicholas Peters will pay next Monday. Edward Quarry and James J. O'Connell, who pleaded nolo at the last term, agree to take sentence next Monday, as it is expected that Ernest St. Laurent will also do.

There was a short hearing in Narbet Herard, administrator, vs. Augustus Smith, in which defendant is sued for damages because plaintiff's intestate was drowned at the coaling station, while working in a lowbeat on which were being carried some logs or spiles. Mr. Moss of Providence argued that the action was defective, and also that the alleged negligence was the act of a fellow-servant (which would end the case). Mr. Levy argued to the contrary. The court took the papers.

A final decree was entered in the divorce case of Hicks vs. Hicks.

Mr. Harvey desired a decree in the Middletown probate matter of the Emery estate. The court will sustain the action of the Middletown probate court and enter the decree. Counsel on the other side will be notified.

In the equity case of Simeon Hazard vs. Savings Bank of Newport, et al., Mr. Harvey was given a decree taking the plaintiff's allegations as confessed by Sarah E. Hazard who has made no appearance or answer.

A recess to 2:15 was taken. When the court re-assembled this afternoon, Mr. Sheffield, representing Messrs. G. G. King and H. D. Auchincloss, who applied for the appointment of receivers for the Newport & Wickford Company, brought the petitions before the court. He suggested the appointment of Angus McLeod and Jacob W. Miller as receivers. Mr. Miller, it was learned, would not be able to serve, and the court suggested that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company being the largest creditor, should be represented.

It was then agreed that Angus McLeod of Newport and Robert W. Taft of Providence should be named as temporary receivers. The bond was fixed at $25,000. Mr. Sheffield prepared a decree, which declared the Wickford line insolvent, but the court objected to this, saying the application was simply for the appointment of a receiver to hold matters in statu. In accordance with his ruling, that portion of the decree referring to bankruptcy was stricken out and Angus McLeod of Newport and Robert W. Taft of Providence were appointed temporary receivers, to take charge and run the Wickford line, their bonds being fixed at $25,000.

Mr. Sheffield represented the petitioners, Mr. Burdick the Wickford line and Mr. N. W. Smith the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

Messrs. Sheffield and Harvey presented the case of Robert P. Bowler vs. the estate of Thomas Emery, which was heard some time since. In accordance with the opinion of the supreme court the case was dismissed, the defendant's position having been sustained by the high court.

Mr. Mathews presented the divorce petition of Julia S. Dulles vs. John E. Dulles, which was heard and a decree granted, there being no appearance for the defendant.

At 2:50 the court adjourned to 9:15 Tuesday morning.

THE Y. M. C. A. GYMNASIUM.

Physical Instructor Caswell has arranged for an informal opening of the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium classes this week, without music. The Seniors will meet tonight for the first time and the Juniors, Junoir Middles and Intermediates tomorrow night. The first few nights will be given to informal work and getting shaken down after the long rest since last spring, and about October 15 the music will be added and the work will go on in regular style. As the gymnasium had been used for storage purposes this summer, considerable work needed to be done in preparation for the opening, but everything seems to be ready. The entrance will be from Mary street, south of the contractor's office and between it and the gymnasium.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. J. G. Rosengarten has gone to Canada.

—Mrs. E. J. Berwind gave a luncheon yesterday.

—Mrs. J. C. Mallery has gone to New York on a short visit.

—Rear Admiral J. C. Greene, U. S. A., has returned to Washington.

—Rear Admiral Merrell, U. S. N., has returned from Washington.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Young have gone to New York to reside.

—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Cushing have closed their cottage on Ocean avenue.

—This is another of the exceedingly pleasant days which October knows well how to furnish.

—Miss Lottie B. Tripp was successfully operated upon at her home on Bell street yesterday for throat trouble.

—Mr. Alfred Galzenmeier of the Industrial School is at home, an attack of illness incapacitating him from duty.

—Steamer Chester W. Chapin arrived at the repair shops yesterday and freighter City of Fall River went out, to go on the line.

—C. H. Wrightington has rented for Amos W. Hazard of Providence, the lower half of his house at 73 Thames street to William P. Watson.

—Mr. Herbert C. Pell, Jr., Mr. George S. Scott, Mrs. Sanford T. Gladding, Mrs. Dudley Davis and Mr. Pierpont Davis have returned to New York.

—City Treasurer Taylor has engaged Miss Mary E. Leonard, daughter of Mr. George W. Leonard, to be his assistant in the office of the city treasurer.

—The Old Colony Street Railway Company this morning began the work of laying the long talked of conduit which will take the poles from Bellevue avenue between Bath road and East Bowery street.

—The firemen have the armory about ready for their ball. They have done a good deal of work in dressing with flags, stringing electric lights, etc., and will have the entire building looking well when the band begins to play.

—The fishermen, amateur and professional, had a good day yesterday and the shipment of bulls-eyes last night was 210 barrels, of which all but 8 went to New York and Philadelphia. The amateurs also did well, catching both blackfish and little mackerel.

—Steamer Providence, which is taking the place of the Commonwealth on the Fall River line, is due to make her last trip from here tonight. It is expetced that the Commonwealth will be ready to replace her on the line from New York tomorrow afternoon. The Providence will then come here.

—Daniel Ryan in his week's engagement at the Opera House will make a feature of "The Spirit of Evil," in which he will appear as the devil at four performances. This play is the culminating effort of his dramatic career and will be lavishly produced. "The Dance of the Seven Veils" will be made a feature.

—Contractor J. P. Sullivan has the excavation for the cellar of the Mumford School well along. When the cellar proper is excavated the trenches for the walls will be dug, and as this is all hand work it will go on slower, so that perhaps it will be the end of the week when he is through. There will then be a good deal of grading on all sides, the material excavated from the cellar being used to raise the grade all around the school.

Wilbur Wright Takes Passengers on Flights.

LE MANS, France, Oct. 5.—Wilbur Wright made two short flights with passengers today. The demonstrations were entirely satisfactory.

THREE NEW DIRECTORS.

Mayor Clarke, City Solicitor Burdick and William P. Sheffeld.

Elected to Fill Vacancies and Represent the City on the Wickford Line Board.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Newport & Wickford Railroad & Steamboat Company was held this noon in the mayor's office at the City Hall. There were three men present—President J. W. Miller, Treasurer Angus McLeod and Mayor Clarke. More than 700 shares of stock were represented and a quorum was declared to be present. Mayor Clarke, representing the city, controlled one half of the stock which can be voted at one of these meetings.

Three resignations from the present board of directors were received and accepted, these, President Miller, Hugh D. Auchincloss and George Gordon King, the two last named being the creditors of the road who applied for a receivership for the corporation. The meeting had no formal notification of the application for receivership and went on with the business as if there were no such thing in the air, except that the thought was lead of the city's interest in the road, and for that reason in the election of directors it was arranged to have on the board men who might look after the city's $50,000. To fill the vacancies Mayor Clarke, City Solicitor Burdick and William P. Sheffield were elected directors.

The reports of the president and treasurer were ordered printed for distribution to the stockholders.

The meeting occupied about an hour and a half, but it was announced that other than as already stated there was not much to be said. A meeting of the directors will now be called to elect a president.

Before the meeting ex-president Miller expressed his regrets at the present complications and said it is the winters which hit the line, which then has but little patronage, while in summer the patronage is good. He denied that the New York, New Haven & Hartford is trying to crowd the company, for it was really a great convenience to many of the big road's patrons at certain seasons of the year. The Providence tunnel was not planned with an idea of crippling this line, but for the purpose of serving other localities than Newport. He realized his position in the public eye as president of the line and also a prominent official of the big corporation. Personally, he said he would greatly dislike to see the line discontinued.

Treasurer McLeod thought the line a necessity, and not simply a convenience for some New York travel. Only its discontinuance, he said, will show how important it is to the city of Newport.

THE WICKFORD LINE.

Suggestion, as a Substitute, of the Proposed Canal Through Conanicut Island.

To the Editor of the Daily News:

Dear Sir: "Even not as a gift," the main line to New York is said to consider this one of Newport's chief ingredients to our summer visitors. If the Wickford line is bankrupt under our very best business management, is it likely that a receiver can have any better success? The city must charge it off to profit and loss, and see what can better be done.

For several years it has been known that by a short canal through Conanicut Island, in the low swamp just above Taylor's point, the journey to New York can be made shorter by an hour, and at comparatively small cost. Captain Cotton examined the matter carefully, and made the necessary borings. The city was not ready to cooperate, since the Wickford question had not then been finally decided. It has been learned that the government considers the canal would be additionally useful for its own communications between stations and forts.

For the present, Steamer General could thus communicate at Saunderstown with the electric line to Narragansett Pier and thence to New York. Later, with the Wickford rails relaid to the Pier, or by a new and shorter route, one of the ferryboats of Jamestown, that are now trying to ruin each other, could take on a parlor car and thus bring passengers to Newport without change, and with a saving of an hour over the present Wickford route, or that now proposed by the way of Providence. The Pier obtains many New York business men for the "week end." By the plan suggested a large number of these would bring their families to Newport.

H. R. S.

Newport, Oct. 5, 1908.

MORE GRAND JURORS NEEDED.

After a failure to secure enough men to fill the grand jury panel, Deputy Sheriff King carried a notice to City Clerk Fullerton, calling for ten more grand jurors, to be present in court tomorrow morning. The next names on the list whom City Messenger Wescott will notify today, are James H. Denniston, Thomas Daley, Timothy Burns, William H. Kinney, Richard C. Derby, Henry J. Hass, Thomas E. Brooks, Patrick Murray, LeRoy King and Seth Swinburne.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Sarah Frances Spalding and Charles F. and Rachel Hodgson have sold to J. H. Lunn of New York five sixths of the estate of the late J. M. Hodgson, bounded north 40 feet and east 249 feet on land of Charles F. Lyman, south 10 feet on LeRoy avenue, and west 249 feet on land of J. Eckley Spalding.

Frank F. Nolan has sold to John P. Pinto the estate bounded north on Bachelier's court, east on land of Edward O'Hara, south on land of William Adams and west on land of O. and A. Greelish.

Matchless Fall Millinery.

An attractive showing of model hats on the newest designs. Trimmed Hats, selected patterns, in velvet, satin and felt, well trimmed with fancy feathers, wings and materials of an excellent quality, priced from

$5.00 to $25.00.

B. F. Downing, 3d., 191 Thames St.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY.

Now would be a good time to lay in Potatoes for the winter. The stock we have on hand is the finest quality of Green Mountain potatoes and for a few days only, we will sell for 95c. a bu. or 25c. a pk.

Lamb Chops, cut from the rib, - 2 lbs. for 25c.

Quaker Oats, - - - - 7c. a package.

Fancy Spice-Cured Corned Beef, 5c., 8c., 10c. a lb.

Austin Nichols Famous Canned Coffee, 17c. a can.

Whitney's Best Flour, - 78c. a bag, $6.25 a bbl.

$1 worth of Stamps with Finest Grades of Oolong Mixed and Ceylon Teas for 50c. a lb.

$1 worth of Stamps with a lb. of our High-Grade Java and Mocha Coffee for 35c. lb.

$1 worth of Stamps with 3 pkgs. of Toilet Paper for 25c.

First Cuts Sirloin and Short Steaks, - 20c. a lb.

Fancy Rib Roasting Beef, - - - 14c. a lb.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY,

Tel. 790. Norman Whitney, Prop.

YOM KIPPUR.

Hebrews of the City Close Their Stores and Observe the Day of Atonement.

The Hebrews of this city are today observing Yom Kippur, the day of atonement, and all stores conducted by them are closed. The observance began at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when a service was held in the synagogue, and services are being held today.

Not only do the members of the Hebrew faith refrain from work during the observance, but they eat and drink nothing, the abstinence lasting 24 hours. The observance of Yom Kippur comes at the close of the 10 penitential days following the celebration of Rosh-ha-Shanah, the Jewish New Year. The rule of the church in regard to fasting is a strict one and applies to all except children under 13 years of age.

The services opened with the Kol Nidre. The neon or "musaf" service today presented as its chief feature the Abodah, a graphic description of the whole atonement service of the Temple. In the afternoon, the Minhah service is read, this being followed by the Neilah service, the series closing with a solemn invocation known as the Shema. As a signal of the close of the sacred day, the trumpet or shofar, is blown once, or, as in Palestine, four times. The services will be concluded at 9 o'clock this evening.

LIQUOR LICENSES NEAR TERMINALS.

To the Editor of the Daily News:

Now that the number of liquor licenses must be very materially reduced, it would be well for citizens to petition the license commissioners for some changes which will make for the public good—namely, that, in the interests of the traveling public, for the safety of trains and trainmen, for the protection of soldiers and sailors, for the comfort of women and children who must pass by—no liquor licenses shall be granted on Long wharf, Ferry wharf or in the vicinity of the railroad station. Public safety demands these restrictions.

Improvement.

Newport, Oct. 3, 1908.

We are having some very fine

Southdown ISLAND LAMB.

—ALSO—

Ducks, Chickens, Geese, and fresh Reed Birds.

Henry F. Rooney, 251 Thames St

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION OF MIDDLETOWN.

The members of the Association are requested to meet in the Town Hall, Monday, Oct. 5, at 8 P. M.

A. H. BAILEY, President.

Remember, there is no other stove like it—others are made to look like it.

THE GENUINE ROUND OAK HEATING STOVE.

The Stove With a Good Character.

A right principle of construction, painstaking workmanship and the best material money will buy are the reasons why this famous stove excels all others.

WALSH BROS., Sole Agents.

STOVE BOARDS, OIL CLOTH PATTERNS, COAL HODS AND SHOVELS.

220-222 Thames Street.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE
CAHN & CROSS CO., Mgrs.

Week of October 5.

Mr. DANIEL RYAN

SUPPORTED BY

A Company of Unusual Merit

WILL PRESENT

The Following Select Repertoire

THE FLIGHT OF THE SIXTHS,
THE FATE OF LUCRECE,
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE,
JOHN THE BAPTIST and
"THE SPIRIT OF EVIL."

MONDAY EVENING,

"THE SPIRIT OF EVIL."

—WITH—

Mr. Ryan as "THE DEVIL."

PRICES 75c., 50c., 35c., 25c., 15c

EMPIRE THEATRE.

For next week's program the management have secured the best that could be obtained, or that has been obtained since Moving Pictures have been established.

The list includes "Consoling the Widow," a comedy picture; "The Two Brothers," Drama; "Roses," a beautiful hand colored film; "The Grenser's Gauntlet," the feature picture, is excellent; "A Grand Surprise," and the funniest film yet produced; "Tommy and The Policeman's Whistle," has been saved for the finish.

Some very interesting views of "The Shady Side of New York" will be shown.

Miss Mack will sing "What Might Have Been."

Always a Splendid Bill

—AT—

THE STAR THEATRE.

Moving Pictures & Illustrated Songs.

Complete change Mon., Wed. & Fri.

2:30 3:30, 4:30. Evenings 7:30, 8:30, 9:30. 10c. All Seats 10c.

The Twenty Fifth Anniversary of the Scandinavian Society Three Stars

GIVEN AT ODD FELLOWS HALL, WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Thursday Evening, Oct. 8, 1908.

Dancing 9 to 2.

Tickets 50c., admitting lady and gent.

BEAN SUPPER.

Given by the Ladies of

St. Columba's Guild,

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT 6,

At the Parish House Green End Avenue

Supper from 7-8. Tickets 25c.

Dancing.

TO BOSTON.

Special train schedule and excursion fares

Wednesday, Oct. 7.

From	Leave	Fare
Newport,	9:15 A.M.	$1.40
Middletown,	9:25 A.M.	
Tiverton,	9:45 A.M.	

Due Back Bay 11:10 and South Sta. 11:20 A. M.

VISIT FAMOUS FOOD FAIRS.

Boston Food Fair—Mechanics Bldg.
New England Food Fair—Park Sq. Coliseum.
Both within a short distance of Back Bay.
Returning leave South Sta. 7:05 and Back Bay 7:07 P. M.
NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD R. R.

We Can Help You

To fill out that incomplete set of silver you have.

No matter what the pattern is, we have facilities for getting just what you wish.

We will, with pleasure, quote prices on one piece or on dozen lots.

BLAINE,

246 Thames Street.

FALL and WINTER BULBS

My Tulips, Hyacinths, Freesia, Narcissus, Easter Lilies, Snowdrops, Jonquils, Chinese Lilies, etc., have arrived and they are fine ones, and the price is right.

Ferns from 40c to 75c. each; Palms 60c; Norfolk Pines 90c; Rubber Plants 50c. and 90c. each.

Nice Potting soil fresh every week.

Flower Pots, all sizes.

Plantone to make your plants grow.

Also always on hand, Galvanized Coal Hods from 50c to 75c; Stoves from 15c. up; Galvanized Ash Cans from $100 up; Furnace Scrapers 65c.

Welsbach Mantles from 10c. to 35c. each. A nice "air light" Globe and Mantle complete for 50c.

A. H. L. DeBLOIS'S, 50 Broadway.
Telephone 988.

EDISON AMBEROL RECORDS.

A New Record Playing Twice as Long as Those You Have.

The first issue of fifty Records gives quite a wide range of good music, popular music, amusing music and other entertainment. The fifty Records here given are only for a start. Others will follow from month to month.

Price of Edison Amberol Records, 50c. each.

On Sale Oct. 1st at

GRIFFITH'S, 158 Thames St

COAL AND WOOD.

JUST ARRIVED FOR

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER CO.

Barge of Genuine Old-Fashioned Deep Red Ash

Franklin Coal of Lykens Valley,

Stove and Chestnut sizes

Perry Mill Wharf.

341 Thames St.

Telephone 144.

Quality and Quantity Guaranteed.

Clean Coal. Dry Wood.

NEWPORT COAL CO.,

311 THAMES STREET.

Opp. Postoffice. 'Phone 222.

Phone 575.

D. J. SULLIVAN & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Lykens Valley Red and White Ash Coal.

HICKORY, OAK AND PINE WOOD

Cut all sizes for fireplaces.

The Latest Fad,

JIG SAW PUZZLES

Puzzles of fine art pictures cut into from 50 to 400 pieces.

Each puzzle cut individually, and finely finished.

The largest assortment in Newport.

A. C. LANDERS & SON,

167 THAMES STREET.

Camembert Cheese.

Cool weather having arrived, we are now receiving weekly shipments of the famous

"CASINO BRAND" IMPORTED CAMEMBERT CHEESE.

Landers & Peckham,

142 Thames Street.

TEL. 914.

Henry Biesel & Son,

SADDLE, HARNESS and TRUNK MAKERS.

HORSE and STABLE SUPPLIES.

LEATHER GOODS.

REPAIRING.

256 THAMES STREET.

M. A. McCORMICK,

General Contractor and Builder.

Stucco and Concrete Construction,
Asbestos Shingles,
Rex Flintkote Roofing,
Concrete Building Blocks.

MILL WORK

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Plans and estimates furnished.

Office and Mill 4 Sherman St.

If you carry your lunch you need a bottle for hot or cold drink. When fishing, traveling, picnicing, automobiling you need one. You can have hot or cold drinks any time of night. Our booklet tells the many uses which they can be put to

WALL PAPER.

We have many artistic inexpensive Binds. If you are thinking of papering one or more rooms let us show you our samples.

PAINTING.

If you are going to paint your house get our prices.

69 Mill Street.

SPEAKS FROM REAR PLATFORM.

Eugene V. Debs Crosses Connecticut and Massachusetts.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 5.—After being greeted by several thousand people in New York yesterday, and the delivering of two speeches in that city, Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for President, arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning on his "Red Special," after a speaking trip through the West.

On the arrival of the special here Mr. Debs was greeted by Charles T. Prach, Socialist candidate for governor, who welcomed him to the city, after which Mr. Debs made a speech from the rear platform of his train. The train then left for Waterbury. From Waterbury the special went to Boston, making stops at Westfield, Springfield, Worcester and Natick. At each of these places Mr. Debs planned to make speeches from the rear of his train, which is expected to reach Boston at 4:20.

BRING GREETINGS FROM CRAFT.

Thirteen Grand Masters at St. John's Lodge Exercises in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The exercises in connection with the observance of the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of St. John's Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, the oldest in the country, began with much impressiveness by a religious service yesterday, was continued today in Masonic Temple. Thirteen grand masters, from as many states, were present, and took an active part in the day's program, addressing the several meetings held and bringing greetings from the craft in their jurisdictions.

Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., was the chief speaker at the afternoon meeting, the program of which had been arranged as the opening one of the formal anniversary exercises.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. P. Ronalds has returned to New York.

—Mr. Stewart Denham has gone to New York for the winter.

—Mr. Ralph Howard Young has entered Columbia University.

—Mrs. Frederick Pearson has gone to New York for a few days.

—Mrs. E. C. Knight Jr., and Miss Brice entertained yesterday.

—Miss Madeline Hartmann is spending three weeks in New York.

—Mr. Francis Roche is here from Harvard College for a few days.

—The Newport Trust Company has closed its branch on Bellevue avenue.

—Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock will remain at the Chanler villa until October 12.

—Mr. James McAuliffe of New York has taken rooms at the Reitz cottage on John street.

—Mr. William Reardon is here from New York to visit his parents on John street.

—Miss Vera Howe of New York, guest of Miss Mason, returned to her home today.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Baker, who have been here since July, have returned to New York.

—Mr. and Mrs. Richard Wenham, and Mr. Robert Booream have gone to New York for the winter.

—Mr. Henry Bull, Jr., has gone to Meadow Brook to visit his sister, Mrs. Frank Smythe.

—Mrs. Ogden Goelet will close "Ochre Court," tomorrow, going to New York and later to Europe.

—It has been decided not to inter the remains of Mr. Oliver H. P. Belmone here, as originally intended.

—Mrs. George A. Sullivan, who was successfully operated on at the Newport Hospital, is again able to be out.

—Three boys were taken into custody Saturday night for violation of the curfew law, and were each fined $3.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Mr. T. Sanford Beatty and Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden are on their way from Europe.

—Mr. Alexander M. Morten and Mr. R. W. R. King, who with his family is visiting Mrs. David King at "Kingscote," are registered at the Casino.

—Mrs. Catherine McMahon, wife of Michael McMahon, whose funeral took place in Fall River Thursday, was formerly a resident of this city and well known here.

—Mrs. Paul Dahlgren and Miss Ronalds Dahlgren have gone to New York. Mrs. Henry S. Mason and Mr. F. J. Chambers also were among the departures today.

—Mr. Peter Goelet Gerry will spend the winter in England, having taken a house at Melton Mowbray, Leicestershire, for the hunting season. He will take eight or ten horses with him.

—Mr. William C. Sparks, who is in charge of the athletic training at the Rogers High School, will also have charge this winter of the athletics of the Galahad Club of Trinity Church.

—Among the guests at a dinner given in Paris by Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, just before sailing for Europe, were Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont and Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel.

—School having begun, the glass in fire alarm boxes is being broken again. The glass covering the key at box 25 was found broken this morning, as has been a frequent occurrence in the past.

—Professor Isaac B. Burgess formerly of the Rogers High School was in Newport yesterday, visiting Trinity Church School. Professor Burgess is now director of religious education in the First Baptist Church, Providence.

—Rear Admiral Converse will be joined in Washington in about ten days by Mrs. Converse and daughters, Maud, Shelby and Olive. Converse, who are still at their summer home, "The Maples," Norwich, Vt.

—Mrs. Ellen French Vanderlait returned Saturday afternoon from New York, where she went to meet her mother, Mrs. Francis O. French, on her return from Europe. Mrs. French accompanied Mrs. Vanderlait to Newport.

—Mr. Reginald C. Vanderbilt was Saturday fined $25 in Fall River for violation of the automobile law, being charged with running his machine at a rate close to 29 miles an hour. Mr. Vanderbilt said his automobile was not running more than 15 miles an hour, he thought.

—The report that Mrs. Cornelius W. Vanderbilt would not this year give the annual dinner to the newsboys and newsboys of Newport on Thanksgiving day is incorrect. Mrs. Vanderbilt has sent notice that she will give the dinner as usual, making the fourteenth successive year in which she has thus provided a dinner to the boys of Newport.

—The basket ball season seems to have been revived by the drop in the temperature and players may be seen tossing the ball at a hoop against the side of a building. It looks like a good basket ball season among the boys. The good players are expected to come together as soon as the weather is really cold enough for vigorous work, for that is what their training means.

STEVENS'S PLAYS A FEATURE.

Both Teams More Advanced In Offensive Work.

Rogers High Defeats New Bedfords, and St. George's and Hope High Play to No-Score Tie.

Saturday afternoon at the Civic League grounds the Rogers High School defeated the New Bedford Textile School at football, 10 to 0. The play at times was rather loose, but for the most part it was a close and well played game, especially when the teams reverted to open tactics. Both seemed more advanced in offensive than in defensive work. Both made good gains by use of the forward pass, but the Textile School used it too frequently, and the Rogers boys soon blocked this way of advance. There were no accidents to mar the game, and no fouls because of the decisions not going the way the players wished.

The game was called at 2:50, New Bedford kicking off from the south goal. Manning kicked to Rose, who ran the ball ten yards before being downed. A fine end play by Stevens carried the ball 50 more, where he was neatly tackled by Gillingham. After trying in various ways to break through the New Bedford line, Rogers really used Owens to try for a goal from the field from the 30-yard line. The attempt failed, and on the kick-off Burnham advanced the ball. A forward pass to Owens netted five yards, and soon another end play by Stevens resulted in a touch-down, after a run of 40 yards. This was the feature of the game. Stevens soon outran all the visitors and was out of danger after the first 20 yards. Rose missed the try at goal.

Rose kicked to Pieraccini, who was caught in his tracks. Manning gained little in an attempt to go around the end, because Stevens happened to be there. A well executed forward pass to Bentley advanced the ball 15 yards. Wilcox tore through the line, only to be downed by Fludder, after making five yards. The visitors lost the ball on a fumble, but soon regained it, because Owens was off side on a forward pass. Gillingham was used to carry the ball around left end, but was neatly downed by Eckert. Here the whistle blew for the end of the first half. Score 0-0.

In the second half Bentley caught the kick-off and struggled on for five yards before being downed by Stevens. Bentley went around right end for a slight gain on the next play, and in the next failed to catch a forward pass and Rose fell on the ball. New Bedford regained the ball on the first play, but soon lost it again on another fumble. After two unsuccessful plays, Owens punted. The punt was caught by Gillingham, but Freeman was on him before he could advance. Fludder caught a missed forward pass and carried it back to the Textile School's 1-yard line. Fludder was pushed over for a touchdown on the next play. Rose again missed the try at goal.

Owens caught the kick-off, and advanced 15 yards before he was stopped. An end play netted no gain, and Owens punted to the centre of the field. The visitors could gain nothing and lost the ball on a fake punt. Owens again punted, and Gillingham advanced the ball a short distance. A forward pass to Gay was good for 15 yards. Manning continued the punting duel, but New Bedford regained the ball on a fumble. Rose captured the ball on a poorly thrown forward pass. Owens punted 20 yards to Manning, who was unable to advance the pigskin. Manning figured in a brilliant play around the end, but was caught when he had gone ten yards. Here the game ended.

While the team work of Rogers was not so well executed as it might have been, the boys and their supporters think it was a good showing for the first game of the season. Their team work generally was better than that of their opponents. The fine weather brought out a good crowd, who were for Rogers. They did not give much trouble on the side lines, except when some snappy play was being executed. Instead of "passing round the hat," as has been the custom at all the former high school games in late years, Manager Burnham had several students pass among the spectators, selling a little tag to those who wished to support the team.

The line-up was as follows:

New Bedford	Rogers.
Bentley, l. e.	r. e. Stevens.
Gay, l. t.	r. t. Schmidt.
Spear, l. g.	r. g. Burnham.
Holland, c.	c. Hibbs.
Swift, r. g.	l. g. Merrill.
Vincent, Burrows, r. t.	l. t. Eckert.
Long, r. e.	l. e. Owens.
Gillingham, q. b.	q. b. Rose.
Pieraccini, l. h. b.	r. h. b. Holmes.
Manning, r. h. b.	l. h. b. Freeman.
Wilcox, f. b.	f. b. Fludder.

Summary: Score—Rogers 10. New Bedford 0. Touchdowns—Stevens, Fludder. Linesman—Schmidt, Vincent, Burrows. Timer—Sweeney. Referee—Smith. Umpire—Hass. Time—15 and 10-minute halves.

The St. George's School football team opened its season Saturday, playing the Hope High School team of Providence to a no-score tie. The game was interesting from start to finish. Twice during the contest Hope had the ball on St. George's three-yard line, but lost once on a fumble and once on a penalty. St. George's succeeded in reaching Hope's one-yard line, but lost the ball on downs. Christie, Jenckes and McIlvers excelled for St. George's and Sayers, Andrews, McIlluch and H. Brice did good work for Hope. The line-up was as follows:

St. George's.	Hope.
Wrzahl, r. e.	l. e. McCartney, Nelson
Coburn, r. t.	l. t. Kent
Wilson, r. g.	l. g. H. Brice, McIlluch
McIlvers, c.	c. Malenpare
Harrington, l. g.	r. g. Freeman
Jenckes, l. t.	r. t. Brennan
Newins, l. e.	r. e. McHugh
Hall, q. b.	q. b. Sayers
Crocker, r. h. b.	l. h. b. Gelid
Christie, l. h. b.	r. h. b. Cory
Walker, f. b.	f. b. Andrews

Score: Hope 0, St. George's 0. Referee—Wheeler of St. George's. Umpire—W. Anderson of Providence. Linesmen—Walker of Hope and Jones of St. George's. Timekeeper—Rice of Hope and Morse of St. George's. Time—10-minute halves.

THE DAUGHTERS' WEDDING.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Hunt Ives, widow of Charles Augustus Ives, to Mr. John De Lancey, of New York, will take place tomorrow at the Berkeley Memorial Chapel in Middletown, Rev. Latta Griswold, vicar of the chapel, assisted by Rev. John H. Hopkins of St. George's School, officiating. Owing to the recent death of Mr. De Lancey's mother, the wedding will be a quiet one, only the immediate families being present. The bride will be given away by her father, Mr. Ives, of Middletown, for whom and Mrs. De Lancey will be dressed by his cousin, General J. Fred Pierson, who with Mrs. Pierson and Mrs. Willoughby will be the only guests present. After a short wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. De Lancey will go to New York to spend the winter at 27 Washington Square, North.

STACY PLOT DISPOSED OF.

Land on Wellington and Roseneath Avenues Sold at Auction and Brings $2,582.

The auction sale of lots on the Stacy plot on Wellington and Roseneath avenues Saturday resulted in the sale of all the land at an aggregate price most satisfactory to the owner. The front lots on Wellington avenue did not bring so much proportionately as those in the rear, but the aggregate was satisfactory. This is the second auction sale of lots within a short time and there was a feeling that Auctioneer F. W. Greene would not be able to hypnotize any one to buying building lots so far from anything but the King Park view and the bath house.

There was a good-sized gathering of spectators the pleasant weather bringing out many, but there was an absence of bidding when Mr. Greene started things by offering the corner lot on Wellington and Roseneath avenues, the most desirable of the plot. There seemed to be a disposition to hold back and the predictions of a frost, even with the pleasant weather prevailing, seemed good, but finally the ice was broken with a bid of $200 and it ran up, first by bounds of $25 each, then by steps of $5 until it reached $475, at which price it was sold to Edward J. Valley. The lot measures 50 by 65 and the price per foot was therefore 14 cents. Lot 2, on Wellington avenue, adjoining the above, 40 by 65 feet, went to John J. Murphy for $230. Lot 3 on Wellington avenue, adjoining lot 2, 40 by 65 feet, was sold to Edward W. Shaw for $225. There were two claimants for lot 4, on Wellington avenue, adjoining the Harthshorn property, 40 by 65. It was sold for $215, but two claimed it. As one was a woman the man who wanted the lot let it go at $217.

The rear land was sold in two sections. Lots 7 and 8, on Roseneath avenue, in the rear of the above, 32 and 33 by 90, were sold to John F. Mack and Charles A. Weed at $200 each, and lots 5 and 6, in the rear on a court, 40 by 65, were sold at $180 each. Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, similar to the above but south and adjoining lands of James McIntosh, were sold to John Mahan, the front ones at $230 and those in the rear for $205. The total receipts of the sale were $2,582.

In view of the condition and the fact that winter is at hand and there is nothing to do with this land but build on it, and that every one says it costs too much to build, the very fact that it was possible to dispose of all the lots at this time shows that people are, after all, not despondent and are ready to do something when the opportunity offers. The sales make those interested in real estate feel that the bottom has been reached and things should now have an upward tendency.

AT THE ARMY AND NAVY.

The Army and Navy Young Men's Christian Association social room was crowded Saturday evening, when the weekly social was held. Forty-four engaged in the Home Hour Bible study of "The Enlisted man and His Flag for character," part second. The lunch was provided for by the enlisted men, from the contributions made by them on pay days. Home-made cake and flowers were given by Misses Bennett and Dobbins.

Next Sunday a member of the Women's Auxiliary will provide the lunch.

Boston Store.

We have just received delivery of a special purchase of

WRAPPER BLANKETS

In 80 handsome new designs, $2.50 value for

$2.19 EACH.

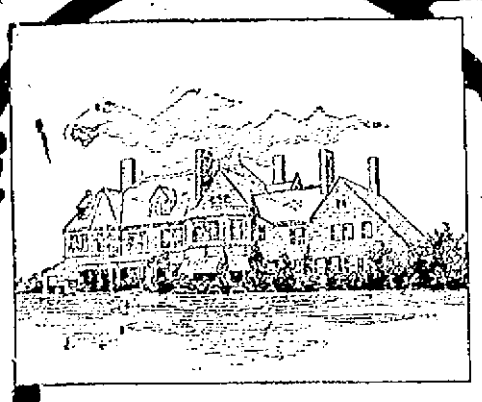
THE King-McLeod Co.

MILLINERY.

FALL OPENING

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, OCT. 1, 2, 3.

Mr. & Mrs. N. T. Hodson.



A Great House and A 'Great' Heater

Glenwood Furnaces

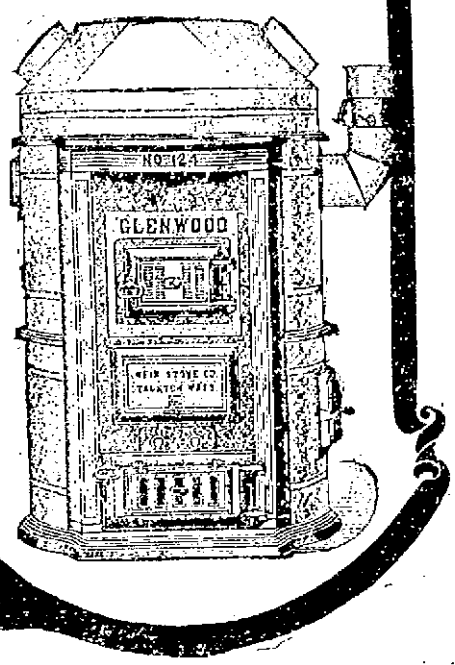
will "Make Heating Easy" just as surely as the famous Glenwood Range "Makes Cooking Easy."

The Glenwood Furnace

is just what you've been looking for in a warm air heater—not light weight and shoddy built, but massive and strong, carefully fitted like the Glenwood Range, and a powerful and economical heater.

Glenwood Ranges, Furnaces, Steam and Water Boilers are all made of the same good iron by the same skilled workmen in the great Glenwood Foundry at Taunton.

You take no risk in buying for each range or heater is guaranteed by the Makers to give the service and satisfaction that it was intended to give.



Wm. Shepley & Son.
19 Spring St., Newport

CLOTHING.

Exclusive Suitings for Autumn and Winter now on exhibition. Otto, Import'g Tailor, 244 Thames Street.

LIVERIES.

All styles of house and stable liveries made to order on short notice.

NEIL McLENNAN, Tailor.
200 Thames Street.

HAT REPAIRING

Fall hats cleaned and re-blocked for 50c, the rest of the season.

TAYLOR'S HAT BLEACHERY,
172 Thames St. Red Men's Building.

M. BIESEL,
Embroideries, Stamped Goods
And all Materials: Yarns, Wool, Hand-Made, Knit and Crochet Goods, Toys, Dolls, Notions, Stamping, Plaiting and Finishing. Beads
160 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

H. J. HASS, FLORIST
In All Its Branches.
Give me your orders and I will guarantee satisfaction.
Flower Store
196 Thames Street.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

FALL RIVER LINE.

FOR NEW YORK, THE SOUTH and WEST.

Palatial Steamers Providence and Priscilla in commission. Orchestra and Wireless Telegraphy on each.

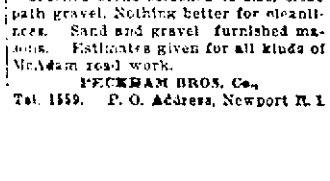
FROM NEWPORT. Leave week days and Sundays at 9:15 P. M. due New York 7:00 A. M.

FROM NEW YORK. Leave Pier 19, North river, foot of Warren street, week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M. Touching at Newport at 2:30 A. M., due Fall River 4:30 A. M.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express Office, 272 Thames street. J. I. GREENE, Ticket Agent.

The New England Navigation Co.
C. C. GARDNER, Agt., Newport, R. I.
F. C. COLEY, A. G. P. A., New York.

Ten Years at the Same Place.



Everything for the Bicycle.
Renting and Repairing.
Bicycles stored and cared for over Winter.
Will crate and ship to any place.

AGENT.
VACUUM CLEANER CO.
Will clean your house and remove moth and germs and dust. Only sanitary housecleaning process.

SWENSON'S BICYCLE SHOP.
Phone 821. 14 Bellevue Ave.

AT YOUR SERVICE
To show you the finest line of robes for spring use in town. Our robes must be put away for winter comes again. Some of our
SPRING STYLE ROBES
Are a bit dashy, but so is nature when it begins to put on its green. We have robes to match our matchless harness at flat prices that won't frighten you if you want more than one.

W. F. GRATRIX, - 96 Broadway

Middletown Crusher.
Crushed stone screened to size, clean path gravel. Nothing better for cleaning. Sand and gravel furnished macadam. Estimates given for all kinds of McAdam road work.
PECKHAM BROS. Co.,
Tel. 1559. P. O. Address, Newport R. I.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

Block Island and Providence.
Popular Steamer NEW SHOREHAM.
Leave Long Wharf, Newport, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 4:15 p. m. Due Block Island 5:30 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays 8:00 a. m., Newport 10:15 a. m., due Providence 12:30 p. m. Ticket office on steamer.
C. C. GARDNER, Agent, Newport.
The New England Navigation Co.

Autumn Excursion to New York.
$5.00 TOUR THE BERKSHIRES, HUDSON RIVER, NEW YORK CITY, LONG ISLAND SOUND.
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7.
The Boston & Albany R. R.'s annual popular excursion covering a period of four days, 578 miles by rail and steamers for $5.00.
The New York, New Haven and Hartford R. R. will sell tickets from Newport at $5.00 for the entire trip.
Rail journey via Boston, Springfield and Pittsfield to Albany, leaving same evening via Peoples Line steamer for New York, Stopover at Albany if desired. Leave 8:30 A. M. next morning via Hudson Day Line steamer for sail down the Hudson. Illumination of State House at Albany arranged for those who stop over at night.
A night and a day in New York for sightseeing. Thence returning via Fall River Line, the most picturesque voyage imaginable. A superb view of New York's sky line and harbor scenes and a glorious panorama of moonlit Long Island Sound.
Stop over at New York, 10 days, $1.75.
Tickets good on B. & A. express trains during the day except No. 15.
No transfer through Boston.
Trains arrive and leave South Station.
Trains leave Newport 5:55 or 6:50 A. M.
NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.
Write General Passenger Department, New Haven, Conn., for illustrated itinerary.

Newport & Wickford
Railroad and Steamboat Co.,
"WICKFORD ROUTE."
In Effect June 1, 1908.
Subject to change without notice.

LEAVE	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M
Newport	*7 10	*9 00	*1 05	*4 00	*5 15	11 00
Providence	9 15	11 20	2 54	5 53	9 53	
Boston, arr.	11 20	1 30	4 00	7 00	11 00	
New York	2 00	4 00	7 05	11 00	B	6 57
Airlie	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A M

LEAVE	N 23	A M	A M	P M	P M
New York	a12 00	*10 02	*4 51	*8 00	*5 02
Boston		1 03	10 03	3 01	
Prov.		2 10	11 10	4 10	
Newport, arr.	3 50	4 00	1 00	6 40	10 35
	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M

* Daily except Sundays.
a Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem river) leaving Washington at 5:35 P. M.; Baltimore 6:35 P. M.; Philadelphia 8:55 P. M. due at Wickford Junction 4:16 A. M. Newport 5:30 A. M.
b Federal Express to New London and beyond.
For tickets and drawing chairs, etc., apply on Steamer General, also at office, Commercial wharf.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill-Top Cottages
NEWPORT, R. I.

NEW CLIFFS HOTEL and ROBINSON COTTAGES,
Catherine Street, Newport, R. I.
EUROPEAN and AMERICAN PLAN.
Under the sole management of J. V. Jordan, late of Delmonico's, N. Y., and destroyed New Cliffs Hotel, Newport.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS,
is especially adapted to mailing.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

AMESTOWN & NEWPORT FERRY COMPANY.

Str. BEAVER TAIL
Between Jamestown and Newport.

On and after Oct. 1st., will run the following trips:

Leave Jamestown.	Leave Newport.
6:00 a. m.	6:30
7:00	7:30
8:15	8:45 U. S. Mail.
9:15 U. S. Mail.	10:30
11:00	11:30
12:00	12:30
1:00 p. m.	2:30
3:00	4:30 U. S. Mail.
5:00 U. S. Mail	5:30
6:00	6:30
7:00	7:30

Theatre trip leaves Jamestown at 7:00 p. m.; return leaves Newport at 11:00.

This theatre trip will run every Saturday night unless otherwise adv.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown.	Leave Newport.
*7:00	*7:30
9:00	9:30
12:00	12:30
1:00	4:30
*5:00	*5:30

Subject to change without notice.
I. H. CLARKE, General Manager,
Office, Jamestown, R. I.
* Discontinued after Nov. 1st.

OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.
Newport & Fall River Time Table.

Leave City Hall, Newport, for Fall River via Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the even hour and half past the odd hour, until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.
Sundays, 6:50 A. M. Then same as week days.
Return, Leave City Hall, Fall River, for Newport via Tiverton, Portsmouth and Middletown, 5:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the odd hour and half past the even hour until 10:30 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.
Sundays, 6:30 A. M. Then same as week days.
Leave City Hall, Fall River, (for Stone Bridge only) 4:50 P. M. and 6:10 P. M.
Return, Leave Stone Bridge for Fall River 6:25 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. Do not run Sundays.

NEWPORT CITY CARS.
Leave One Mile Corner for Morton Park, 6:00 A. M., and every fifteen minutes until and including 11:00 P. M. Sundays 6:30 A. M., then same as week days.
Return, Leave Morton Park 6:22 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:22 P. M. Sundays, 6:52 A. M., then same as week days.
Leave Franklin Street for Beach, 6:45 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 6:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 A. M., then same as week days.
Return, Leave Beach 7:00 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:45 A. M., then same as week days.
Leave Franklin Street Waiting Room for Beach 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 10:45 P. M. Sundays same as week days.
Leave Franklin Street for Mile Corner 6:30 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:30 P. M. Sundays, 7:00 A. M., then same as week days.
Leave Franklin Street for Morton Park 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:15 P. M. Sundays, 6:45 A. M., then same as week days.
GEO. P. SISSEL, Gen. Supt.
C. L. BISBEE, Div. Supt.

Newport & Prov. Railway Company

Short Line--Low Fare.
In Effect Sept. 28, 1908.
VIA N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.

Leave Newport	Arrive Fox Point	Leave Fox Point	Arrive Newport
6:50 a. m. to Bristol Ferry only			
7:35	9:15	7:05a.m.	9:15a.m.
8:35	10:15	8:05	10:15
9:35	11:15	9:05	11:15
10:35	12:45p.m.	10:05	12:15p.m.
11:35	1:45	11:05	1:15
12:35p.m.	2:45	12:05p.m.	2:15
1:35	3:15	1:05	3:15
2:35	4:15	2:05	4:15
3:35	5:15	3:05	5:15
4:35	6:15	4:05	6:15
5:35	7:15	5:05	7:15
6:35	8:45	6:05	8:05
7:05 to Union Station only.			
9:00 to Bristol Ferry only. Returning leave Bristol Ferry 9:45 P. M. Arrive in Newport 10:30 P. M.			
10:30			
11:15			

to Union Station only.
Cars leave Washington Square for Training Station on the hour and half hour from 7:00 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
SUNDAY TIME TABLE.
Leave Newport for Providence—at 8:35, 9:35, 10:35, 11:35 a. m. 12:35, 1:35, 2:35, 3:35, 4:35, 5:35, 6:35 and 7:35, p. m. 9:00 p. m. to Bristol Ferry only. 10:30 and 11:15 p. m. to Union Station only.
Leave Fox Point Providence for Newport at 9:05, 10:05, 11:05 a. m. 12:05, 1:05, 2:05, 3:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05, and 7:05 p. m.
G. M. TOWLE, Supt.

Newport, Jamestown & Saunderstown Ferry.
From Commercial Wharf, foot Franklin St., near Postoffice.
Only Direct Connection for Narragansett Pier by Trolley.
Week days and Sundays. Except first round trip will be omitted Sundays.

Saund'n to Jamest'n, stopping at Fl. Greble.	West Jamest'n to Saund'n, Fl. Greble.	East Jamest'n to Newport.	Newport to Jamest'n connects for Fl. Greble, Saund'n and Narra. Pier.
a6:50 a.m.	7:15a.m.	7:30a.m.	8:00
8:00	9:35	8:40	9:00
10:00	10:35	9:40	10:00
11:00	11:35	10:40	11:00
12:00	1:35	11:40	12:00
2:00	3:35	12:40p.m.	1:00
4:00	5:35	1:40	2:00
6:00	7:15	2:40	3:00
		3:40	4:00
		4:40	5:00
		8:20*	8:50*

a Does not stop at Fort Greble.
* Stops at Long Wharf and discontinued after October 5.

PROVIDENCE, FALL RIVER AND NEWPORT STEAMBOAT CO.
30c. TO PROVIDENCE.
Leave Newport at 8:30 A. M.
Leave Providence at 4 P. M.
Week Days Only.
H. E. WINDSOR, Supt.

Hudson River Blue Crushed Stone
For paths and driveways.
J. K. SULLIVAN.

WITH MOWRY FOR GOVERNOR.

Independence Party Names State Tickets, Adopts Platform and Plans Organization of Clubs.

The state convention of the Independence party, held Saturday evening in Providence, nominated a full ticket for state officers, headed by Albert E. Mowry of Central Falls for governor, with Peter J. O'Connor of this city for general treasurer; adopted a platform and appointed a committee to proceed forthwith with the organization of the Independence Club of Rhode Island. The ticket in full is as follows: For governor—Albert E. Mowry of Central Falls; for lieutenant governor, George F. Bell of Woonsocket; for secretary of state, William M. Peacock of Pawtucket; for attorney general, Harry D. Bellen of Providence; for state treasurer, Peter J. O'Connor of Newport.

About 60 delegates were present out of 115 who had been elected. The meeting was harmonious, the candidates being named and the platform adopted without a dissenting voice. The labor union men were much in evidence and all the speakers laid special emphasis on the issues in the campaign which are of importance to organize labor.

Chairman Cantwell at the conclusion of his address appointed committees on credentials and platform, Peter J. O'Connor of this city being a member of the latter.

A state committee was appointed, Newport county being represented by Peter J. O'Connor and Thomas L. Bain of this city and Adonijah J. Chace of Tiverton.

A committee, including Mr. O'Connor, was appointed to proceed forthwith with the organization of the Independence Club of Rhode Island.

The platform adopted is as follows:

"Right at the outset of our political future in this state we take the determined stand to fight our battle for a change for the betterment of our government of Rhode Island and firmly declare that at no time in the course of our battle will we compromise or entangle the Independence party of Rhode Island with any other political organization, and we will continue the war until we reap the inevitable reward.

"We deery the presence of boss rule, as has been illustrated times innumerable in the conduct of our government, and we appeal to the people of this state to lend their support to the Independence party, which stands out clearly as a political party that is controlled by no single man, clique or faction, and whose sole interest is the betterment of conditions for the general good of all. Though it is said that "bossism" has passed from our midst, yet we know this to be untrue, and the Independence party offers to the voters of Rhode Island the direct nominations as the solution of the elimination of "bossism," and will give to the people the right to select their candidates as well as elect them. We declare for the initiative and the referendum, which will give the people the right to propose amendments to the constitution and will take away from the paid lobbyists the power which they now wield for the special interests; and we demand that no franchise be granted without being approved by the popular vote of the people in the locality interested.

"We deplore such an existing state of affairs as was prevalent in our midst two years ago, when the people were forced to sit back and watch the highest office in the gift of the state being bartered for by three rich and influential men and the prize being hung up to the highest bidder. It was an exhibition which was a disgrace to the fair name of the state and which made a mockery of the will of the people. We therefore pledge the Independence party to ever keep before it as one of their issues to strive for, that of the naming by popular vote the choice of the people for United States Senator.

"We denounce the property qualification in practice in our state and demand for every citizen the full right of franchise, giving him the right to vote for aldermen and councilmen and all public officers.

"We favor the municipal ownership of public utilities, public bath system in all cities and suitable playgrounds for children."

SOCIALISTS NAME TICKET.

Nominate Full List of Candidates and Arrange for Visit of Debs to Providence.

Three hundred Socialists gathered in Providence last evening and placed in nomination a full Congressional, state and city ticket and chose candidates for Presidential electors. Final arrangements for the visit to Providence next Wednesday of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for President of the United States, were also made.

The Socialist state ticket selected and endorsed is as follows: For Governor, William H. Johnston of Providence; lieutenant governor, James B. Allen of Providence; secretary of state, John T. Fletcher, Johnston; attorney general, Israel Precourt, East Providence; general treasurer, Edwin D. Bentley, East Providence; representative to Congress for the First district, Stanley Curtis of East Providence; Second district, Warren A. Carpenter of Woonsocket.

Presidential electors named are Stanley Curtis of East Providence, Peter Marcus of Providence, Israel Precourt of East Providence and Joseph Grimshaw of Woonsocket.

The Providence ticket is as follows: For Mayor, Fred Hurst; city treasurer, William B. Grierson; harbor master, Thomas H. Brown; overseer of the poor, John E. Blake.

The following assembly ticket was nominated: For state senator, T. Z. Carpenter; for representatives, first, Eugene M. Garich; second, Abraham S. Boiseroff; third, Henry Reall; fourth, Walter Murdie; fifth, Edward J. Myers; sixth, William T. Grunell; seventh, Henry E. Wood; eighth, John W. Thornton; ninth, James F. Moore; tenth, Peter Lepage; at large George W. Tucker and James B. Norton.

END OF THE REPEATER.

[New York Tribune.]

It has been estimated that from 50,000 to 30,000 votes are cast every year in this city by persons claiming residence without having fulfilled the legal conditions of residence, or using fictitious names previously put on the registration books by themselves or by confederates. It is possible in the crowded tenement districts for one man to register under different names from various residences, and for that man or some substitute to vote under all these designations. In some such districts the Tammany machine dominates both political organizations, and vigilance on the part of the election officials is often inter. ittent. Identification has been more or less perfunctory, and late arrivals at the polls have not infrequently found that early rising substitutes have voted for them.

The last legislature struck a blow at this substitution and falsification industry when it passed a law requiring every voter to identify himself by years of his signature. On registering he must write his name in the voters' book, and on voting must write his name again and have it compared with the earlier signature. This is naturally a test from which the average repeater would shrink. He is generally a half illiterate outcast or criminal of the petty sort who would be clumsy at turning out a good fac-simile of another's handwriting. Even if he succeeded in getting near enough to pass muster before the election board, the record would be there for inspection later by the prosecuting authorities, and he would have to take the risk of an arrest for forgery. Introducing such additional risks into the business will make it seem too desperate to many an old-time voter on dead men's names or the names of imaginary inmates of downtown dodging houses.

If the voter is illiterate the new law requires him on registering to make his mark and to answer a series of questions which have to be answered again correctly on election day. Without active collusion on the part of the election officials an impostor would find it difficult to make his answers—constituting a family record—correspond with the answers previously given. Lack of means of identification was the weak point in the old voting system. Through the modifications which are to go into effect next month the process will become exact and scientific.

VANDERBILT DOGS WINNERS.

Take Numerous Trophies in Different Classes at Valley Fair Kennel Club's Show in Brattleboro, Vt.

The Portsmouth kennels, Kay & Richard Duckworth, have added several more prizes to their already long list.

At the Valley Fair Kennel Club's dog show at Brattleboro, Vt., last week, Sandy Point Rags, R. C. Vanderbilt's champion old English sheep dog, won the Valley Fair Association cup for the best dog or bitch in the show, open to all; a cup, the Kennel Club trophy, for the best dog or bitch in the show; the James F. Hopkins cup for the best American bred dog in the non-sporting class, open to all, and the second leg on the Connecticut fair challenge cup for the best dog or bitch other than in sporting division. The cup must be won again, and the next show will be at Hartford.

Sandy Point Rags also won first prize in the old English sheep dog, open, for dog and bitches.

Portsmouth Merlin won first in the bull dog, open, and Portsmouth Handsome third.

Portsmouth Merlin was also awarded a winner's, and also a first special for best dog, or bitch in the show.

Dick Duckworth will be in attendance at the dog show in Danbury this week.

THE ORIGIN OF FASHIONS.

[Louise Cass Evans in The Bohemian Magazine.]

While doubtless that first modification of the merely useful garb which we call fashion was induced by the instinctive feminine desire to please the male eye, rivalry with her own sex has subordinated this aim. A severely plain head covering is useful; when the fair wearer put a feather in her hat she surely won masculine approval—for there was the decorative touch. But when other women, dominated by an ambition to excel, used the whole bird and several strange feathers beside, the original aim of pleasing the masculine eye was lost in a bitter strife to go a gorgeous sister "one better." Then the contest was on—a contest that has brought to an astonished and not utterly inartistic world such exhibits as the hoopskirt, the puffed sleeves, the "merry widow" hat and the much-constricting corset. Indeed, in the making of women's fashions enter every motive that has ever impelled femininity—and the greatest of these is rivalry. This is merely one writer's opinion, but it has the philosophy of human nature to strengthen the theory.

In these latter days of combinations and industrial aggregations it is interesting to note that fashion has followed the current of the times. For were one fashion to run through two seasons, what would the makers of feminine apparel profit? Two-thirds of the sex would surely wear the same garb until it was "called in"—for be it said, the "better half" of the world does not spend good money without pronounced ocular results.

So we have the yearly or semi-yearly change of fashion. From some strange quarter of Paris or Vienna or London comes annually the news of the "proper thing." The queen of England, perhaps, has designedly or unwittingly put a plum-colored belt on with a dark-blue riding habit, and presto! the wires carry the news to the world's fashion centres, the facile fashion artists devise a costly combination of this "the latest," the fashion magazines bear the tidings to the waiting feminine world. A new fashion has sprung into existence, the fashion dictators reap a financial reward, the dressmakers add to their bank account, the world of women wearing plum-colored belts and blue riding habits add to their spiritual contentment—and maybe the surprised queen of England, who has changed her belt, looks on in amused wonder.

LAWSON AND MARK TWAIN.

[New York Tribune.]

Mr. Lawson gets a whole huckleberry ahead of another distinguished humorist, who pronounced a report of his own death to be "greatly exaggerated." He personally confirms the report of his own death, and demands that for the sake of convenience he shall be permitted to remain dead. But he gives no intimation that he would be willing to accept requiescat in pace as his epitaph.

WHAT THE KIDNEYS DO.

Their Unceasing Work Keeps Us Strong and Healthy.

All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys filter the blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 500 grains of impure matter daily, when unhealthy some part of this impure matter is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms—pain in the back, headache, nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatism, gout, gravel, disorders of the eyesight and hearing, dizziness, irregular heart, debility, drowsiness, dropsy, deposits in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right you will have no trouble with your kidneys.

F. P. Gomes, 66 Touro street, corner of Spring street, Newport, R. I. says: "Off and on for years Mrs. Gomes was troubled by backache, the attacks being especially severe when she would lie down. She was also bothered by the imperfect action of the kidney secretions and learning that Doan's Kidney Pills were very effective in such cases, I procured a box for her at Wright & Hay's drug store. The effect of their use was prompt and gratifying. This remedy brought her relief from the backache and also strengthened her kidneys so that the secretions became regular in action."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

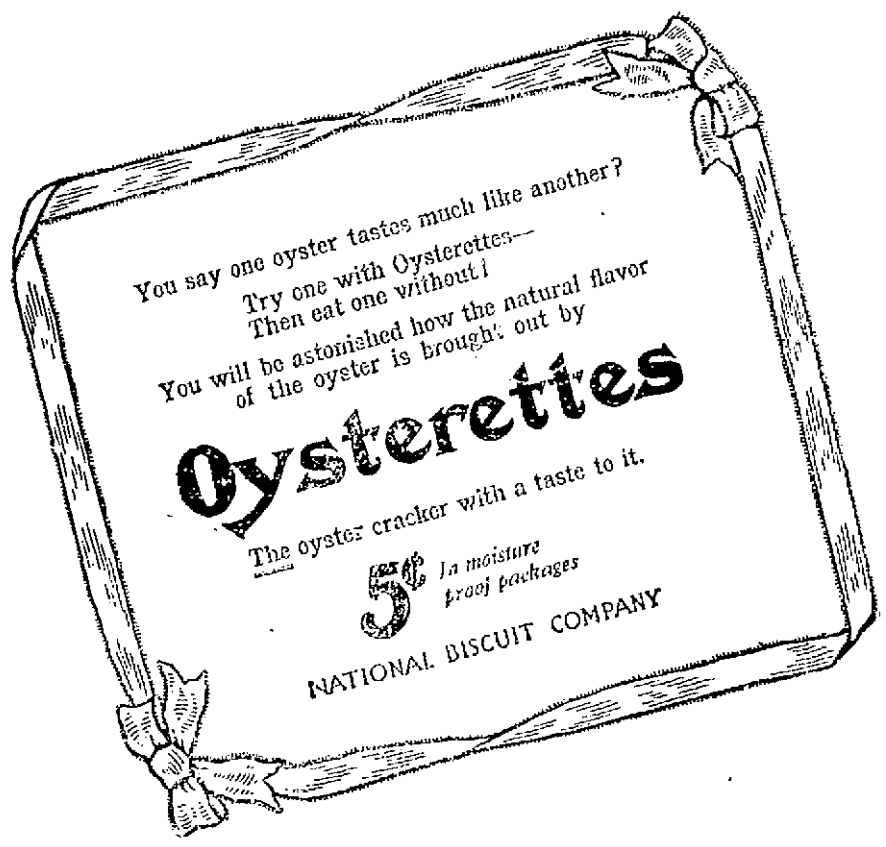
Our New Type of Range!

We have omitted the old, useless End Hearth. We have given more room on top. The ashes fall into a Hod far below the fire; making their removal easier and the grates to last longer. The Coal and Ash Hods being same size, the Ash Hod when emptied can be returned full of coal. Three sizes, 'Palace,' 'Castle,' 'Fortress.'

All the famous Crawford features are present: Single Damper, Patented Grate, Cup-Joint Oven Flues, Asbestos Backed Oven, Improved Oven Indicator. Booklet free.

Made by Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co., 31-35 Union St., Boston

A. C. TITUS CO., NEWPORT AGENTS.



BRISTOL HOTELS.

Hotel Belvedere,
BRISTOL, R. I.
A. W. HATHAWAY, Mgr.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN.
Tastefully furnished.
PRIVATE DINING ROOMS.
Planked Steak, Planked Chicken, and Broiled Live Lobsters Specialties.
Sunday and Holiday Table d'Hote, 1 to 8. $1.00.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA.
ROOF GARDEN.
Special attention to automobile and yachting parties.
Charming town, delightful trip from Newport.

F. Wellington Putman, O.D.
Scientific Refractionist
—AND—
Manufacturing Optician.
118 SPRING STREET.
The only exclusive Optician in Newport. Everything pertaining to opticians and eyeglasses can be found here. Repair jobs turned out quicker than any other place, all work guaranteed.
Telephone 185. Hours 9 A. M., 8 P. M.

MASSAGE AND CHIROPODISTS.

DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST and ELECTROLYSIAN.
Ingrowing Nails. Hair Moles. Warts removed (painless). Massage. Open evenings. Tel. 841-2. Office 73 Spring St.

If you want a quick lighting, quick burning fuel you should use
OTTO COKE
It lasts as long as coal and gives more heat.
Leave your orders at the office
THE BIJOU, 39 Thames St.
'Phone 1103.
At all grocers 10c. bag.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
AND WEEKLY NEWS.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. LOUISA F. CONNELLY
Of Boston,
TEACHER OF PIANO FORTE.
Twenty years experience.
Residence 204 Spring street. Tel 1245

Newport Shorthand School,
305 Church Street.
Thoroughly Practical Business Training—Shorthand, Typewriting and General Office work.
$50 for Course.
POSITIONS FURNISHED PUPILS WHEN COMPETENT.
'Phone 1454.

MISS H. OPITZ
Of Dresden.
INSTRUCTRESS IN PIANO AND GERMAN,
15 Whitfield Court. Tel. 1777.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,
225 SPRING STREET.
TEACHER OF PIANO.
Phone 1537.

T. W. Freeborne, Auctioneer,
30 Years' Experience,
Would solicit the sale of
REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.
Best Results Guaranteed
Telephone 1537. 225 Spring Street

DRUGGISTS.

CORNS
May be easily removed by using
"Waukeazy" Corn Solvent.
Try it and you will get instant relief.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN M. CALLAHAN
Rcg. Druggist,
COR. BROADWAY AND COLLINS ST.

Rum and Quinine Hair Tonic.
Stimulates the scalp, removes dandruff, gives a rich lustre.
Wright & Hay,
PHARMACISTS.
22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

The WILLIAM H. COTTON PHARMACY,
Gilbert S. Read, Manager.
226 Thames Street. Tel. 2170.

TRY
DENTIFOAM
The Popular Tooth Wash.
As an elegant and healthful preparation for the teeth it stands unsurpassed while it preserves and beautifies the teeth, it gives a healthy tone to the gums and imparts a delightful fragrance to the breath.
PREPARED BY
Downing Bros.,
PHARMACISTS,
42-44 BROADWAY.

MOTHS
Must Be
GUARDED AGAINST.
Cedar Mothaline,
Lavender Mothaline,
Crystallized Japanese Camphor,
Crystallized Japanese Carbolcrystal.
These Weapons cost but
15c. the Package.

Cole's Pharmacy.
362 THAMES STREET.

NEWPORT HOSPITAL.
(Legal Title.)
A Strictly Private Institution.
Incorporated 1873.
With its patients in the various wards of the Hospital, and with its out-patient departments and district nursing service the Newport Hospital covers quite well the needs of the sick poor of Newport. It deserves and asks the liberal support of all who are interested in caring for or in any way relieving suffering humanity.
"An institution of beneficence may be without dishonor a perpetual mendicant upon the charites of the community.
"That which it is always giving it may be always receiving.
"It is the incoming and outgoing of the heavenly breath of Charity."
Newport, R. I., October 29, 1907.

I will give you
BARGAINS
—IN—
WATCHES, JEWELRY and Silverware.
GLAZIER. 96 Spring Street

ARCTIC ICE CO.
Dealers in
Natural and Artificial Ice.
Office - - Commercial Wharf.

ALEXANDER & CO.,
18 and 20 Kinsley's Wharf.
AGENTS AND BOTTLERS,
Frank Jones Homestead Ale,
Pabst Milwaukee and
Geo. Ringler's Extra Beer.

NEWPORT JOURNAL
AND WEEKLY NEWS.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

PERHAPS YOU NEED MORE ROOM.
Several cottages, tenements and flats for rent by
E. S. MARSH,
Real Estate and Insurance,
6 Colonial St.
Off Washington Square.

FOR SALE.
A cottage of six (6) rooms, with modern improvements, hot water heat, for $2,200.00. Good location.
A nearly new cottage in Fifth Ward, 2½-story building, with improvements, 8 rooms, to be sold at a bargain.

BARGAINS in REAL ESTATE
Fine property on Howard street, to settle estate.

WM. LOFTUS,
234 SPRING STREET.

Furnished Flats.
Two Small Apartments to Let.
EDWARD L. SPENCER,
REALTY BUILDING.

FOR RENT,
STORES FOR SEASON OF 1909
—APPLY TO—
DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
152 Bellevue Ave, Newport, R. I.
5 East 33d. St. New York, N. Y.

For Sale.
The beautiful Cliff Hotel Site with all improvements. This property affords unequaled opportunities to be converted into a summer residence. Over 100,000 sq. ft. of land and cottages in good condition. Interested parties will kindly communicate with our office and full details will be given.
Also a modern 7-room cottage in northern section of city and near Broadway; elegant location. Price to quick purchaser $8,500.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT CO.,
823 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.
On Washington Street,
A two-tenement house; Rents $240. Price $2,100.

If you are contemplating taking out any fire insurance we would be pleased to talk the matter over with you.
J. B. Parsonage & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE,
19 Franklin St., Opp. Postoffice, Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE.
A fine building lot on Washington street extension.

FOR RENT.
Lower Tenement No. 30 West street. $11.00.
—APPLY TO—
W. S. COOPER,
62 Mill Street.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME.
IN MIDDLETOWN, a few miles from Newport. House of 10 large rooms; Grounds covered with shade trees. Asking Price only $4,000

J. F. J. O'Connor,
32 FRANKLIN STREET.

C. E. WEEDEN,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
JAMESTOWN, R. I.

FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT
For the season of 1908.
Boarding House fully furnished for rent or for sale.

Unfurnished Cottages in Catherine Street and vicinity,
12 to 16 rooms.
Moderate Rentals
By year or on lease.
Frederick H. Paine-
10 Catherine St.

A. & H. C. HAMMETT,
Lumber, Brick, Cement, Sewer Pipe, Hardware, Paints, etc.
319-321 THAMES STREET.
Nice Lot of
PINE and CEDAR CLAPBOARDS
—AND—
Wide Cypress and Pine Boards
JUST RECEIVED.

IRISH WIT.

Brogue Seems to Have an Indescribable Charm.

Said to Be the Most Highly Imaginative and Superstitious People in the World.

[William E. Curtis in Chicago Record-Herald.]

If any one should write a book on Irish characteristics, I think he should rank good humor as the most prominent, for that makes up for a great many defects. We have been on the island of Sligo for nearly three months and have visited more than half the counties, seeing a good deal of both city and country life and coming in contact with all classes of people, and it is safe to say that no one has uttered a cross or an unkind word to us, but everywhere, under all circumstances and from everybody we have received a most cordial welcome and the most courteous treatment. And when we have asked questions, which many times must have seemed silly and unnecessary to the people to whom they were addressed, the replies have always been polite and considerate.

Irish retorts are proverbial. For "repartey" the race is famous, and we have had numerous illustrations. Wit is spontaneous. It doesn't take an Irishman long to frame an answer, and it is generally in the point. "Blarney" is abundant. Every old woman calls you "her darlin'," and every man calls you "me lud" or "yer honor." The insidious flattery that is used on all occasions does no harm to the giver or to the receiver, it makes the world brighter and happier, though it may be flippant and insincere.

The man who "always said the meanest things in such a charming way," must have been an Irishman, although I do not remember to have heard a mean thing said of anybody over here. The Irish race is not diplomatic in its relations. History demonstrates that, but no race is so much so in conversation, and the tact and taffy shown in the treatment of strangers is admirable.

The Irish peasant does not wear his heart upon his sleeve. He may be frank and sincere in his expressions, but it is quite as probable he is otherwise in fact. He has the faculty of concealing the bitterest malice under the gentlest smile and flattering compliments.

The pleasant way in which questions are answered is very gratifying, especially to a stranger. You never hear a gruff word in Ireland. An Englishman is brutally abrupt, but the Irish are always agreeable.

The other day when I asked the guard of a railway train how soon it would start, he replied promptly:

"Not till yer honor is aboard, sor."

When I complained to the hotel porter that it was raining all the time in Ireland, he replied apologetically:

"But it's such a glorious rain, sir."

Some of the retorts you hear from the common people are highly poetic. When I bought a bunch of flowers from an old woman in the street the other day she replied:

"God bless your kind heart, sir; your mother must have been a saint."

"Good luck to your ladyship's happy face this morning," was the greeting of an old hag to my daughter.

"Oh, let me poor eyes look at ye, me lady, and your voice is as swate as your face."

Sometimes there is a tinge of sarcasm, as when an old hag asked: "Won't yer lordship buy an old woman's prayers for a penny; that's cheap."

"The divins be your bed, me darlin'," was the way an old beggar woman expressed her thanks.

Sir Walter Scott says: "I gave a fellow a shilling on one occasion when a sixpence was the proper fee."

"Remember, you owe me a sixpence, Pat, I said.

"May your honor live till I pay yet!"

When he was leaving the ruins of the Seven Churches at Glendalough Lord Plunkett, his escort whispered to the custodian:

"That's Sir Walter Scott; he's a great poet."

"Divil a bit," was the reply, "He's an Lonorable gintleman, an' he gave me half a crown, when the fee was a shilling."

Very often we hear poetic expressions from the most unexpected sources. As we were driving down to Ballyback from Waterford, the jaunting car driver pointed at a milestone with his whip and remarked:

"The most lonesome thing in Ireland; without another of its kind within a mile of it."

The common use of the name of the Creator is often shocking to strangers and seems blasphemous, but it is an unconscious habit. The word is constantly on the tongue of the poor and not always in a profane sense. You hear "God bless you," "God prosper you," "Praise God," and similar expressions continually. One neighbor seldom greets another good morning or good night without an appeal to the Almighty, or the Redeemer, or the Holy Virgin. "Holy Mather" is the commonest of ejaculations, but Irish profanity is always associated with blessings and not with curses. You never hear the anathemas that are so common in the United States. Nobody ever damns you; if the name of the Almighty is appealed to it is always for His blessing and not for condemnation.

Everybody in Ireland does not speak with a brogue. It has often been said that the purest English is spoken in Dublin and Aberdeen, but that is true to a very limited extent among the highly educated and cultured classes with whom strangers do not often come in contact. In some places the brogue is so dense that a stranger requires an interpreter. It is difficult to understand an ordinary remark. And you hear the brogue in the pulpit as well as in the slums. There is no form of speech richer or more musical than the brogue of an eloquent Irishman and his natural gifts of oratory enable him to convey the meaning of his words to the fullest degree by his accent. I never heard the service of the Episcopal Church read in a more eloquent and impressive manner than by a young curate "with a brogue you could cut with a knife," as the saying is. There is nothing to compare with it except the "sweet, soft, southern accent" in the United States.

When you inquire where the Irish got their brogue the answer will be, "At the same shop that the Yankee got his twang."

I have been trying to find some book on Irish idioms, some analysis of "English as she is spoke" in Ireland. Rev. Father Meehan, a philologist, is now engaged in the preparation of such a work, but it will not be published for some time. There are some curious phrases and odd applications of common words.

Take the term "himself" for example, which is used to describe the boss, the head of a family, the chief man in an association, the commander of a ship, or the colonel of a regiment. It is applied in the same way as the term "old man" we are accustomed to in the United States. When a subaltern in the army speaks of a superior you may understand that "himself" the colonel of the regiment, he means the employe of a railway company alludes to "himself" it is the general manager. And when a sailor uses that term, he means the captain of the ship. Wives use it to describe their husbands; children refer to their fathers in that manner and workmen to their superintendent or the boss of the gang.

"Did himself give yes the orders?"

"I will not take any directions except from himself."

"You'll have to wait till himself comes in," said a young boy behind the counter in a Dublin shop.

"We're waiting for himself to come home to dinner," was the remark of a good wife when I inquired for her husband.

"Himself has not been very well lately."

The word "himself" is frequently written upon envelopes, where it has the same significance as the word "personal" or "private" with us, and is a warning that no one should open it but the person to whom it is addressed.

But ancient customs are being abandoned, and most of the superstitions are dying out. The Irish people are the most highly imaginative and superstitious in the world, and the national schools are blamed for the change that is taking place among them in this respect. Mr. John Dillon told me the other day that he was not quite satisfied in his own mind whether this was a good thing for the country. Personally he would much prefer that the people would adhere to the customs and preserve the superstitions of their ancestors. But there is more than one opinion on that subject. The superintendent of the insane asylum at Killarney asserts that the most prolific causes of insanity here are the imagination, the superstitions and the habitual use of strong tea. But the national schools and the Christian religion have not been able to banish some of the most baneful spirits like the banshee, which still gives notice of approaching death, sorrow and misfortune, and still commands the faith and confidence of the great majority of the Irish people. Even those who ridicule the banshee and deny its omens hate to hear the cry. The superstition is inborn. It is like the evil eye in Italy. People who do not believe in it will nevertheless dodge a person who is accused of carrying such a curse.

AMERICAN GIRLS' RIVALS.

Those Growing Up in the Transvaal Will Prove Dangerous Competitors As They are Fine Types.

[The Queen.]

The day of the South African girl has hardly arrived yet; but when it comes, let the Americans see to their laurels, for they will have dangerous competitors in the field. The Dutch women of the Transvaal are tall and splendidly developed, and there are the two distinct types, the purely Dutch with golden brown hair, gray or hazel eyes and creamy skin and the brunette of French descent with dark eyes and hair and rich dark coloring. But both types are on a larger scale than their European antecedents. The sun of South Africa is a great vitalizer, and the children of that land of vast spaces have more room to grow and develop in, and they lead from their infancy such an out of doors life that they are bound to be an improvement physically on their sisters of the northern hemisphere.

Dutch women of South Africa always accompanied their husbands in their large hooded, slow moving wagons. Their nomadic existence tended to carelessness of habits and of dress, but it developed in them an infinite capacity for persevering effort, a strength of character, a stubbornness, as well as great vitality, all of which excellent qualities go to the making of a strong nation.

The present generation can be divided into two distinct classes, the inhabitants of the veld and those of the towns and villages, and while the fundamental characteristics are the same—grit, tenacity, levelheadedness, independence—still, there is a wide difference between the Boer woman of the country and the educated Dutch woman of the towns.

The former on reaching the age of 20 are large, fat and heavy. They marry very young and have patriarchal families, and over husband and children they wield a great sway, an influence very much greater than that of the English woman.

To a stranger the Boer vrow appears stupid and silent; she shuts her mouth determinedly and sits stolidly through his visit; but in reality she is taking a detailed memorandum of his appearance, ways, and manners and nothing escapes her notice. If she is persuaded of his friendliness and good intentions she may relax a little; but the Dutch never by any chance tell you anything more than they wish you to know.

The Boer women have always been accustomed to a good supply of Kafir servants on their farms and they are not quite the energetic housewives one imagines but they generally prevail on their servants to get the work done to their satisfaction and there is one branch of housewifery in which they excel—the making of "komfyt" or preserves, whether jam-making of the ordinary kind or a more elaborate method of preserving the delicious fruit of the land.

Wide as the poles asunder are the educated Dutch women of the towns or those indeed of the country who have been sent to Cape Colony or to Europe to school. As adaptable as the Americans, with decided mental ability, they are full of common sense, of good tempered gaiety and an inherent sense of savoir vivre.

A girl who has been to a good school in South Africa and afterwards in Europe has something most charming and fascinating about her. Handsome, vivacious, capable, with a clear idea of what she wants and how to get, she carves a pleasant and useful way for herself through life.

Her out of doors life has made her strong and healthy and she says the advantage of a certain amount of exercise. Since the war, if not before, she has taken a great interest in politics as well as in the work of her father or husband and in philanthropical matters she displays strong organizing ability. She has not yet developed the "female bachelor" ways of independent English womanhood for in South Africa in every colony there is a large surplus of men and the Dutch girl invariably marries early and rules husband and family ever after.

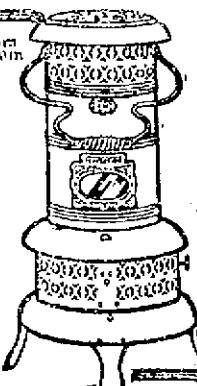
OVERWORK AND TUBERCULOSIS.

[Baltimore American.]

One of the speakers at the tuberculosis congress laid emphasis upon the part played by overwork and nerve strain in the promotion of tuberculosis. It is well for the people to be made aware of the fact, as modern science teaches them that tuberculosis is a social problem as much as a medical one. It is possibly the disease least related to drugs and the most closely allied to the habits and conditions of human association. The modern system is the field for the propagation of the tubercle germ. Its vernacular appellation, the white death, is more than a picturesque description; it is a literal description of the disease that makes no full revenge with humanity. As soon as the system loses its normal tone and vitality declines, the forces of disintegration become active. None of these is more pronounced than the tubercle.

Early Morning Comfort

Carry it from Room to Room



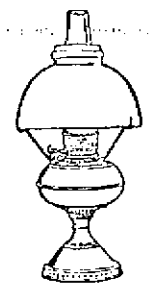
Open your sleeping-room windows—let in the crisp, fresh air—but your room need not be cold while dressing—a touch of a match and the welcome heat is radiating from the

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

For heating the bath-room quickly it's a great convenience, and will make the morning dip as glorious as in the summer.

Now it's breakfast time—make the room cozy and cheerful—your breakfast more enjoyable and start the day without a shiver. The Automatic Smokeless Device prevents all smoke and smell and makes it impossible to turn the wick too high or too low. Cleaned in a minute—burns 9 hours with one filling. Finished in Nickel and Japan. Every heater guaranteed.



The Rayo Lamp can be used in any room—silent and bright—a thousand household uses—latest improved central draft burner—bright light at small cost. Absolutely safe. All parts easily cleaned. Made of brass, nickel plated. Every lamp warranted. If you cannot get the Rayo Lamp or Perfection Oil Heater from your dealer, write to our nearest agency for descriptive circular.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

The Quickest Way

There and back is

BY TELEPHONE.

Satisfactory Service at Low Rates.

PROVIDENCE TELEPHONE CO.,

CONTRACT DEPT. - 142 SPRING STREET.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

Desfossez House

DRESSER STREET.

RESTAURANT.

Regular French Lunch and Dinner.

MODERATE PRICES.

NEW PERRY HOUSE.

F. H. WISWELL, Prop.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

3 Minutes' Walk from Depots.

Rooms With or Without Bath.

Steam Heat. Electric Lights.

Special Winter Rates for Permanent Guests.

European Plan.

Cafe and Restaurant in Connection

UNITED STATES HOTEL

WULF PETERSEN, PROP.

Steam Heat American Plan

Special Rates for the Winter.

Comfortable Rooms—With or Without Meals.

144 THAMES STREET.

Cleveland House

27 Clarke Street

New and Modern in every respect;

For permanent or transient guests.

SPECIAL RATES BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.

Cornelius Moriarty, Prop'r

Dennis Shannahan,

HAY AND GRAIN

AGENT FOR H. O. HORSE AND DAIRY FEEDS OF ALL KINDS.

Commercial Wharf.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Special Sale

—OF—

48c RUBBERS. 48c

Last year we commenced the sale of rubber shoes from an independent factory (anti-trust) which proved very satisfactory to our patrons.

We have just received our winter stock, and for one week, commencing Oct. 5 we will sell ladies' rivers (storm and opera cut) at 48c per pair.

BIJOU SHOE DEPARTMENT,

39 THAMES STREET.

JOHN M. SWAN, Manager.

Men's Shoes.

There are numberless features about our line of shoes that will win the admiration of the wearers willing to look.

Our $3, $3.50 special, $4 and $5 Are unexcelled.

—AT—

RAMLOSE'S,

43 THAMES STREET.

Pictures Re-framed,

OLD FRAMES RE-GILDED.

FINE IMPORTED PRINTS.

Wiseman.

112 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

PUBLIC LAWS, PASSED AT THE JANUARY SESSION, 1908.

[The Chapters of the Public Laws are numbered continuously from the

CHAPTER 1356.

AN ACT In Amendment of Chapter 1353 of the Public Laws, Passed at the January Session, 1904, as Amended by Chapters 1266, 1281, and 1679 of the Public Laws.

(Passed May 20, 1908.)

Section 1. In addition to the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand dollars already appropriated, and to the further sum of sixty-five thousand five hundred dollars, already appropriated, to meet the expenses incurred under Chapter 1679 of the Public Laws, passed at the January session, A. D. 1904, and the several acts in amendment thereof, providing for the construction of a new bridge upon the site of the present Rhode Island Stone Bridge, so-called, the further sum of thirty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to complete payments for such construction and for expenses which may be incurred incidental to the work as indicated in Chapter 1679 of the Public Laws, passed at the January session, A. D. 1907; and the state auditor is hereby directed to draw his orders on the general treasurer from time to time for the said sum or so much thereof as may be necessary, upon receipt by him of properly authenticated vouchers of the board of commissioners.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 1357.

AN ACT Relating to Proceedings in Insolvency.

(Passed May 26, 1908.)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 1. The superior court shall have jurisdiction of all cases and proceedings arising under this chapter: Provided, that whenever the insolvents or some one of them is an inhabitant of Providence, Kent, or Bristol county the papers shall be filed in the clerk's office of said court in Providence; and whenever they or some one of them is an inhabitant of either Newport or Washington county, in the clerk's office of said court in Newport or South Kingstown, respectively. All hearings may be had wherever said superior court may be in session, and one of the justices of said superior court shall be a quorum therein for all purposes, except on rehearing by the supreme court as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Any party aggrieved by any decision or order of a single justice upon any question arising in any proceedings hereunder may have a rehearing thereon by the supreme court by claiming the same in writing filed with the clerk at any time within ten days after the entry of such decision or order; and also the said justice, if he deem it advisable, may at once certify any question in the supreme court. The decision of said supreme court shall be final and conclusive on such rehearing.

Sec. 3. The superior court by general rule or special order shall regulate all proceedings and the forms thereof under this chapter, and a single justice thereof shall have full power to regulate all questions of costs and compensation for which no special provision is herein made.

Sec. 4. The proceedings in all cases of insolvency shall be deemed matters of record; but the same shall not be required to be recorded at large, but shall be filed and numbered in the office of the clerk of said superior court, and a docket only, or short memorandum thereof, shall be kept by the clerk of the said superior court in books to be provided for that purpose.

Sec. 5. The justices of the superior court shall appoint in each county a standing register in insolvency for such county.

Sec. 6. The superior court, or any justice thereof, or the register, on application of any party interested, may require any person who is a competent witness under the laws of this state to appear before said court, justice, or register, to be examined upon matters touching the acts or conduct of the insolvent concerning his assets, and such court, justice, or register may enforce such order by suitable process before said court, justice, or register, respectively.

Sec. 7. The superior court shall designate by order in each county one or more newspapers therein published, in which all notices required to be published by this chapter, and all orders which the court may require to be published, shall be inserted. Any justice may, however, in any case, for special cause, designate some newspaper other than or in addition to those so designated for that purpose.

Sec. 8. Whenever in this chapter or in any proceedings thereunder, time is measured by days, the number of days shall be computed by excluding the first and including the last, unless the last fall on a Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the day last included shall be the day next thereafter which is not a Sunday or a legal holiday. The time within which proceedings may be commenced to avoid conveyances, gifts, liens, transfers, attachments, and levies under provisions of section seventeen of this chapter shall date from the day of the recording, registering, filing, or adopting the conveyance, gift, lien, or transfer, in all cases where such recording, filing, registering or adopting is legally required or permitted; otherwise, from the date when the creditor, his servants or agents, dealing with the debtor, takes exclusive possession of such property or rights or valuable thing; and in case of a levy under attachment or execution, on the date of such levy. The time within which certain proceedings or acts shall constitute a preference by a debtor shall begin from the date of the recording of the conveyance, or the creation or levy of the lien or process, or from the date when the creditor, his agents or servants, dealing with the debtor, takes exclusive possession of the debtor's property.

Sec. 9. The court may at any time order any assets belonging to any estate to be deposited in any trust company or national bank in this state, to be by it designated.

Sec. 10. A person adjudged an insolvent shall be exempt from arrest upon civil process upon any claim from which his discharge in insolvency would be a release.

Sec. 11. The provisions of this chapter shall apply to petitions by or against corporations chartered by or under the authority of this state, and by or against copartners whose firm is established and doing business in this state, and by or against any copartnership established and doing business in this state, and by or against any inhabitants of this state, owing debts in this state to the amount of three hundred dollars or over, and they or any of them may be adjudged an insolvent under this Chapter, either upon his, their, or its petition, or upon petition against him, it, or them.

OF VOLUNTARY AND INVOLUNTARY PROCEEDINGS IN INSOLVENCY.

Sec. 12. Any inhabitant of this state owing debts in this state to the amount of three hundred dollars or more, and who shall be insolvent, may prefer his voluntary petition under oath for relief as an insolvent.

Sec. 13. Every voluntary petitioner shall file under oath, with his petition, a statement of all his debts and to whom due, of the residence of his creditors, of the evidences and securities if any, of the amounts due, and also a schedule and particular description, under oath, of all his property, assets, and estate of every kind and nature, in possession or action, remainder or reversion, wherever situate, together with a statement of where it is situated, except only such property, other than bills of exchange and negotiable promissory notes, as may be exempt from attachment by the law of this state.

Sec. 14. The filing of such petition and exhibits shall be an act of insolvency, and, the facts therein stated being proved to the satisfaction of the court, such petitioner shall be adjudged insolvent. The court shall thereupon fix the time and place for the first meeting of creditors as hereinafter provided, unless it shall have sent the matter to a register, in which case the register shall fix the time and place of said meeting, subject to the provisions of section thirty-two of this chapter.

Sec. 15. Whenever a person shall be adjudged an insolvent upon his own petition, the clerk shall give notice to the creditors of such petitioner of such adjudication of insolvency, by publishing a notice thereof for at least two weeks in such newspaper, in the county where the insolvents or some one of them resides, as shall have been designated therefor by the court in accordance with the provisions hereof, and in such other method as the court or register, if the case be sent to a register, upon inspection of the statement and schedules of the petitioner attached to his petition, shall deem to be necessary. Such notice shall contain a statement that the petitioner named therein has been adjudged an insolvent, that the payment of any debt and the delivery of any property belonging to such insolvent, to him or for his use or benefit, and the transfer or delivery of any property by him to any person, are forbidden by law, and that at a time and place designated in such notification the first meeting of the creditors of such insolvent for the appointment of an assignee or assignees of his estate, and for proof of claims against the same, will be held.

Sec. 16. Any person, being an inhabitant of this state, shall be adjudged insolvent if he has within four months prior to the filing of the petition in insolvency against him, as hereinafter provided, procured, or suffered to remain for forty days, any attachment or of levy upon his property, with intent to give or suffer a preference to be obtained thereby; or, being insolvent, has suffered judgment to be entered against him in this state or elsewhere, or has made a conveyance, gift, or transfer of all or any part of his property, assets, or rights, with intent to hinder, delay, or defraud his creditors; or has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors; or has procured or suffered a judgment to be entered against himself with the intent to hinder, delay, or defraud his creditors; or has secreted his property or assets to avoid their being levied upon or attached under process against him, with intent to hinder, defraud, or delay his creditors; or has suffered an execution against him to be returned nulla bona; or while insolvent, has, for the purpose of giving a preference, made a conveyance, mortgage, pledge, or transfer of any of his property or assets; or, while insolvent, has suffered any of his property or assets to be taken or levied upon by process of law or otherwise; or, while insolvent, has permitted the creation of any lien upon any of his property; or has, within four months next prior to the filing of the petition against him, obtained credit by knowingly in writing making a false statement or representation involving his financial condition, property, or ability to pay; or, being a trader, has failed to make payment of any of his commercial paper for the period of thirty days after maturity thereof.

Sec. 17. Whenever a petition in insolvency shall be filed against any person, a citation shall be issued, directed to him under the seal of the court, which shall run throughout the state, citing him to appear, at a time and place therein named, not less than seven days, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays, from the date thereof, to show cause, if any he has, why he should not be adjudged an insolvent. Service of such citation may be made upon the person against whom such petition has been filed, by any officer authorized to serve civil process, either by reading the same to him in his presence and hearing, or by leaving a true and attested copy thereof in his hand and possession, or by leaving a true and attested copy thereof at his last and usual place of abode within this state. Notice to creditors and others by publication in some newspaper published in the county where the insolvents or some one of them resides, and in such other manner as the court by general or special order shall direct, of the pendency of such petition shall be given by the clerk as soon as may be after the filing thereof. Such notice shall contain a statement that the respondent named therein has been cited to appear, and that the payment of any debt and transfer of any property by such respondent, pending such petition, is forbidden by law; and that at the time and place designated in such notice, the hearing on such petition will be had. If the facts stated in such petition are established on final hearing, said debtor shall be judged an insolvent, and the court shall thereupon fix the time and place for the first meeting of creditors as hereinafter provided, unless it shall have sent the matter to a register, in which case the register shall fix the time and place of such meeting, subject to the provisions of section thirty-two of this chapter. If the facts stated in such petition are not so established before the court, or before a jury where jury trial is had, a right of action shall thereupon arise, for damages suffered by reason of such petition, in favor of such person claimed to be insolvent, as against such petitioner or petitioners, jointly or severally; which action shall only be maintained on proof that such petition was made maliciously or without just cause.

Sec. 18. A person against whom an involuntary petition has been filed shall be entitled to have a trial by jury in respect of any act of insolvency alleged in said petition to have been committed, upon filing a written application therefor on or before the return day of the citation notifying him of the pendency of such petition, unless during the pendency of such petition further time be granted him by the court for cause shown. If such application is not filed within such time, or further time granted as above, a trial by jury shall be deemed to have been waived. If a jury is not in attendance in the superior court for said county at the time of the filing of such application, said superior court may order one to be summoned for the trial or the case may be postponed until such jury is in attendance.

Sec. 19. The superior court may at any time after the filing of a petition in insolvency by or against any person, and before he has been discharged thereunder, upon affidavit of any party in interest that such insolvent is about to leave the state, and that his so doing will delay or impede the proceedings in insolvency, issue a warrant to the sheriff or his deputies, under the seal of the court, which shall run throughout the state, directing him to arrest and bring such person forthwith before the court; and if upon hearing the evidence on both sides adduced it shall appear in the opinion of the court that the allegations in the affidavit are true and that it is necessary or proper so to do, it shall either order such sheriff to keep such person in his custody, or shall order him committed to the jail within and for the county until he shall give bail or recognizance, in a sum that shall satisfy the court, with satisfactory sureties, conditioned upon his appearance from time to time, as required, before the court or register and for his obedience to all lawful orders in such proceedings.

Sec. 20. The court may, after the commencement of proceedings by or against any debtor, and before adjudication in insolvency thereon, restrain the debtor and all other persons from making any transfer or disposition or interference of or with any part of the debtor's assets, choses in action, rights, credits, or estate of any kind or description, and upon proper cause being shown may, in order to protect the rights of all parties, appoint, with power of removal and substitution, any suitable person or persons as custodian or custodians, and in case of such appointment shall by warrant direct him or them to seize and hold such assets, choses in action, rights, credits, and estate of the debtor, except such other than bills of exchange or negotiable promissory notes as are exempt from attachment by law: Provided, that on involuntary proceedings the party asking for such seizure shall first give bond to the debtor, with surety, to deliver to the court, to pay all damages resulting therefrom in case such proceedings shall prove to be ill-founded.

Sec. 21. One or more creditors holding in the aggregate claims not less than one-fourth in amount of all the debts as they appear at the time of adjudication of insolvency, may prefer a petition in insolvency against a debtor. Creditors other than the original petitioners may at any time before final adjudication of insolvency enter their appearance and join in the petition or appear in opposition thereto. No petition shall be dismissed except upon such notice as the court may direct to all parties who have appeared in support thereof or in opposition thereto.

Sec. 22. Every insolvent shall be ordered by the court to file with the clerk within five days after being adjudged insolvent in involuntary proceedings, unless further time is granted by the court, a sworn itemized schedule of his assets, showing the amount and kind of property, where located, and the cash value thereof, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and a list of his creditors, stating their names, residences, and the amounts due each of them, and the evidences thereof, and securities therefor, if any, held by them, which order, if not complied with, may be enforced by proceedings in contempt.

Sec. 23. If a copartnership, or all the members thereof, be insolvent, either during the partnership or after it has been dissolved, and before the final settlement of the partnership affairs, the affairs of such partnership shall be settled in insolvency, upon the voluntary petition of any or all of the members of such copartnership, or upon petition preferred by a creditor or creditors of the copartnership as provided in the case of individual debtors: Provided, that whenever a petition shall be preferred by one or more, but not all, members of such copartnership, the copartnership shall be adjudged insolvent only after like notice to the partners who have not joined in such petition, and for the same causes and upon like proceedings as in this chapter provided in the case of involuntary proceedings.

The partnership creditors shall choose the assignee. In other respects the estate shall be administered in the same way, so far as possible, as herein provided for other estates. The papers in such case shall be filed in the clerk's office in the county in which the copartnership may be established, or in which any copartner may be or reside, but if such county be Providence, Kent, or Bristol, the papers shall be filed in the clerk's office in Providence, and on the petition first filed in such case the court shall have jurisdiction of all the partners and the administration of their copartnership and individual assets. Separate accounts shall be kept of partnership and individual assets, respectively, in such proportions as the court may direct. The proceeds of the partnership assets shall be first appropriated to the payment of the partnership debts, and the proceeds of the individual assets of each partner first to the payment of his individual debts. Any surplus from the individual assets remaining after the payment of the individual debts shall be added to the partnership assets and applied to the payment of the partnership debts. Any surplus from the partnership assets, after paying the partnership debts, shall be added to the assets of the individual copartners in the proportion of their respective interests in the firm assets, and applied to the payment of their respective individual debts.

Sec. 24. Whenever any one or more, but not including all, of the members of a partnership shall be adjudged individually insolvent, and said partnership is solvent, either the assignee or the solvent members of said partnership may file a bill in equity (the assignee against the solvent members of said partnership, or the solvent members of said partnership against the assignee, who for all purposes of this section shall represent all the creditors of his assignor) setting out the facts and praying the court that the value of the interest of such insolvent or insolvents in said partnership may be determined through the intervention of a master in chancery to be appointed in said cause for that purpose. Said master so appointed shall determine the value of such interests, and his report, when confirmed by the court, shall be conclusive as between the parties and the creditors represented as aforesaid by the assignee; and the solvent partners shall have the right, if they so elect, to purchase such interest at such price, and to have a decree compelling such assignee to convey such interest on payment of the value so determined, and such assignee shall be justified and protected in selling said interest at said price, first offering it to the solvent partners, and thereafter to such person or persons as may desire to purchase the same: But after said value is so fixed as aforesaid, and such solvent partners do not elect to purchase the same, such assignee shall be justified, after making such offer to said solvent partners and their neglect to accept the same for the term of ten days, to put up the interest of the insolvent at public auction and dispose of the same to the highest bidder.

Sec. 25. All suits, actions, and proceedings in any court of this state, founded upon the claims from which a discharge in insolvency shall be a release and pending at the time of the filing of the petition in insolvency, shall be stayed until the debtor shall be adjudged insolvent or the petition shall be dismissed. If he be adjudged insolvent, execution shall be stayed until the question of discharge of such insolvent is determined. And the court sitting in insolvency may at any time order the assignee to enter his appearance as defendant in a pending suit, in which case the same shall be proceeded with to final judgment. The assignee may also under the direction of the court prosecute, as assignee, any action, suit, or proceeding commenced by the insolvent prior to the adjudication, and with like effect as if the same had been commenced by him. A discharge, when granted, may be pleaded in bar to any such action or proceeding to which it is a bar hereunder, or operate as a final discharge of any execution before granted.

Sec. 26. If a person has been adjudged an insolvent, the court may proceed with the case, or at any time refer it generally to the register, with instructions in the case, to act, examine, and report upon all matters specified. The court may at any time recall the case from the register and proceed with the same.

Sec. 27. The death or insanity of an insolvent shall not abate the proceedings which have been instituted, but the same shall be conducted and concluded in the same manner, so far as possible, as though he had not died or become insane: Provided, however, that in case of death the expenses of the last illness and the funeral expenses of the decedent, and the statutory six months support of his family, shall be preferred claims coming in order of payment next before debts due the United States.

To be continued October 7.

Price of Coke.

Prepared, delivered,

36 bushels	$4.50
18 bushels	2.25

Common, delivered,

35 bushels	$3.50
18 bushels	1.75

Price at Works

Prep'd, 11c. a bush.,	$10 for 100 bush.
Com. 9c. a bush.,	$8 for 100 bush.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Situation by day-work. Washing, ironing, house cleaning or chambermaid. Apply 15 Bridge street.

WANTED—By girl with experience, position as cashier, bookkeeper or to do office work. Address Box 11, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Family washing by a colored housdress. Call or address 20 Fillmore street.

WANTED—A competent maid for general housework. Apply at 8 Whitfield court.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Address Box 10, Daily News office.

WANTED—Girl to cook, assist with washing and ironing. Apply Mrs. Caswell, 21 Bell street.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A varnished skiff boat; to let tender, with oars. Notify John King, 12 Exchange Place, Providence.

LOST—Between corner Lee avenue, Spring street and Sunset Ridge by Park road, a Canadian enameled belt pin. Reward if returned to Daily News office.

LOST—Bunch of keys, and pair of automobile gloves. Finder will please leave them at Herrmann's Jewelry Store.

LOST—A silver watch, in the vicinity of the Newport Cemetery or 17 Rhode Island avenue. Reward if returned to 17 Rhode Island avenue.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, two $5 bills. Finder please return to 17 Channing avenue.

LOST—A short-haired grey and black Aztore cat; brackle face; vicinity of Velnat Bridge on Third street. Please return to Refuge.

LOST—Or strayed from pasture, a bay gelding, 15½ hands high, with long tail; lame front. Finder please telephone to R. W. Smith, Middletown. 1776-5.

FOUND—An open-face silver watch. Owner can have it by proving property and paying for advertisement. George H. Sisson, South Portsmouth.

FOR RENT, ROOMS AND BOARD.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS
With Board if desired.
Everything First Class.
Modern Conveniences.
Apply 72 John Street.

TO LET—Three furnished rooms, bathroom and toilet, for light housekeeping. Central location. Box 41, Daily News Office.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, single or connecting; centrally located; all modern conveniences. Address Box 30, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Small tenement with modern improvements; vicinity of Morton Park preferred. Address Box 32, Daily News Office.

TO LET—A furnished room and rooms for light housekeeping with gas. Apply 28 Broadway.

TO LET—Nice and comfortable furnished rooms, with or without board; home cooking. Also table board. Mrs. M. Sayvale, 100 Spring street.

TO LET—At Equality Park, second suite of 8 rooms and bath. Inquire on premises, 104 Equality Park.

TO LET—Upper half of house 27 Willow street. Eleven dollars per month. Five rooms and attic. Apply to Wm. Mathers, 35 Pelham street.

Any one wishing a quiet homelike place would do well to apply at the MEMPHIS COTTAGE. All home cooking. 49 School street. Tel. 1704.

TO LET—A store on Bath road. Apply 426 Bath road, upstairs.

TO LET.
The Store No. 132 Broadway.
THE BARKER BUILDING AND REALTY CO.,
105 Broadway.

Langley Apartments.
COOL AND COMFORTABLE
No Fires in the House.
Shower Baths, Tub Baths.
Reading and Smoking Rooms.
W. S. LANGLEY,
Cor. Thames and Mary Streets.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.

Employment Office,
MRS. M. A. ROSS,
Successor to the late Mrs. Knutson.
341 Spring street, cor. Narragansett avenue.
This business will be continued in the future on the same approved system and extensive scale as in the past.
First-class help can be found at this office.
Telephone 105.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
Mrs. N. McMahon.
10 John Street, near Spring.
First class Cooks, Butlers, Ladies' Maids, Parlor and Housemaids, Kitchenmaids, etc. Orders promptly carried out. Telephone 945.

MRS. HODGSON,
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
Telephone 788.
31 Broadway. Opposite City Hall.
ENGAGEMENTS WANTED.

"The Love Waltz"
As played at
Freebody Park.
All songs, piano selections and score.
Rogers Music Store.

Ice Cream and Ices,
Fresh-Made Candies,
Chocolates and Bon Bons.
Cakes Plain and Fancy.
For Customers Where Quality Counts.
H. D. FRASCH.
Telephone 147.

INDEPENDENT OF SULTANIS RULE.

Continued from First Page.

evening of the reported mobilization of troops by Turkey and Bulgaria. It is believed here that Bulgaria will remain on the defensive.

The Temps, probably reflecting the views of the government, strongly advocates a conference of the powers to revise the treaty of Berlin as the surest means of avoiding dangerous complications.

AWAITS SULTAN'S ATTITUDE.

Germany Cannot Foresee Its Course of Action in Bulgarian Affair.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—News was received at the foreign office last night that Turkey had been informed that Bulgaria was determined to proclaim her independence at Tirnovo today.

The Associated Press is authorized to state that Germany associates herself with the mediatory proposals submitted by Great Britain to the Turkish and Bulgarian governments. It is recognized that the Bulgarian proclamation gravely complicates the situation, but until the attitude of the sultan is known the German government is unable to foresee its course of action, except that in no event will Germany bring pressure to bear at Constantinople to influence the decision of the Porte. Should the Turkish government seek the advice of the powers regarding the advisability of asserting her supremacy over Bulgaria by military force, Germany would not be able to advise the Porte to go to war. The Turkish army is not prepared; the Bulgarian is ready.

The Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Germany has arrived here with an autograph letter from Emperor Francis Joseph to Emperor William. This communication probably relates to the occupied provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Emperor William is now shooting at Rominton, whither the ambassador will proceed.

The foreign office today declared that Germany will support Austria-Hungary in the event of the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

TO REVISE BERLIN TREATY.

Russia Is Expected to Propose a Congress of the Powers.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 5.—It is announced with authority today that Russia will propose a congress of the powers for a general revision of the Berlin treaty. This is an outcome of the proclamation of Bulgarian independence.

Russia has reason to believe that the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria-Hungary is imminent. Count Berchthold, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Russia, who had been absent on leave of absence, returned to this city today and demanded an immediate audience of Emperor Nicholas. It was arranged that he should see His Majesty tomorrow. The emperor is cruising in the Gulf of Finland. A naval yacht has been placed at the disposal of Count Berchthold.

TURKEY NOT INCLINED TO WAR.

Sultan May Confer with Powers Regarding Bulgarian Proclamation.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Turkey is not inclined towards war with Bulgaria, and it is believed she will call a conference of the powers to consider the matter of Bulgaria's proclamation of independence. Indications from the other capitals of Europe are that the powers will intervene to prevent an outbreak in the Near East. France has decided to act as mediator for the purpose of preventing war between Turkey and Bulgaria, and M. Pichon, French minister of foreign affairs, is today actively engaged in continuing negotiations to this end, which he began a week ago. Great Britain also has made mediatory proposals to the government of Turkey and Bulgaria. Germany, it is announced in Berlin, has associated herself with the proposals. Germany will not counsel Turkey to go to war.

The proclamation of Bulgarian independence was preceded by a conflict between Bulgaria and Turkey concerning control of the Oriental railroad in Roumelia. Bulgaria took possession of this line in September because of a strike, and started to operate it with her military forces. When the strike had been settled she refused to return control to Turkey, which action led to a sharp conflict between the two states. In spite of the peaceful endeavors of the powers concerned in the Near Eastern difficulty, the military forces of both Turkey and Bulgaria are preparing for eventualities. The Turkish army is stronger numerically, but the Bulgarian army is in a better condition of efficiency.

The foreign offices of Europe have been keeping the wires hot today in an effort to find a satisfactory agreement to take the place of the treaty of Berlin. This Austro-Hungary and Bulgaria have torn up and thrown into the faces of the signatories of the convention which has governed the situation in the Near East for the past 30 years. The action taken today by Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary is practically condemned in all official and diplomatic circles of London, but at the same time the British government is willing to co-operate with the other powers. The main idea is the prevention of a warlike outbreak.

News no less interesting than the act of Prince Ferdinand is brought in the Vienna despatches, to the effect that Austria-Hungary has practically decided to annex the occupied provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Emperor Francis Joseph has addressed an autograph letter to the heads of all states, in which he explains the necessity of altering the politic status of these provinces. This letter was delivered today. Count Meindoroff, Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Great Britain, went to Balmoral to present to King Edward a copy of the letter.

Prices on the Bourses of Europe have fallen sharply on these two political developments.

The difficulty of devising a means of settlement will be a splendid test of the value of the recent understanding of the powers, of which so much had been heard since the Anglo-French entente paved the way to similar agreements between the other nations.

How Constantinople received the news of this dismemberment of parts of the Turkish empire is not yet fully known here. That Bosnia and Herzegovina and suzerainty over Bulgaria have been definitely lost to Turkey is regarded as incontrovertible, but if the new regime in Turkey is willing to relinquish what has been nothing more than a legal fiction the change in the map of Europe may be effected without bloodshed.

Foreign secretary Sir Edward Grey returned to London as soon as he learned the important news, and has been busy ever since with a constant exchange of telegrams with the Continent. It is understood that the Russian government already had intimated its preparedness to co-operate with Great Britain in mediatory steps, and France is counted on to take a similar course.

It can be definitely stated that the British government will advise Turkey not to go to war, but it expected the present situation will demand compensatory concessions and guarantees.

AMERICA LOOKING ON.

Treaty of Berlin Signatories Have to Do with Balkan Situation.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The position of the American government in regard to the situation in the Balkans is largely that of a looker-on. It is a situation, the officials say, with which the signatories to the treaty of Berlin have to do.

PREPARE TO AID HOMELAND.

Bulgarians in America Start Movement to Form Military Company.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 5.—Bulgarians of this vicinity are already preparing to aid their country in its threatened war with Turkey. At Granite City, Ill., which has many Bulgarian residents, a movement was started today to form a military company.

BONDS FALL IN LONDON.

Stock Exchange Thrown into Flutter by Bulgarian Proclamation.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The stock exchange was thrown into a flutter by the proclamation of independence of Bulgaria and the action taken by Austria-Hungary with regard to the political status of the provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Consols fell ⅝ and foreign bonds about 1 point, due, principally, to Continental selling. Turkish bonds, which closed Saturday at 92, were today offered at 87½. The weakness extended to American stocks, which by noon had fallen from 1 to 2 points below parity.

PRICES BREAK VIOLENTY.

Heavy European Selling Has Its Effect on New York Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Prices broke with some violence at the opening today, as a result of heavy European selling, induced by the political crisis in eastern Europe. The decline, which was accelerated by a bear drive, was arrested soon after the opening, when a moderate rally set in.

WANT NAMES ON VOTING LISTS.

New York Suffragettes Defeated in Visit to Registration Booths.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The first attempt by the New York Suffragettes to have their names placed on the voting list of this city suffered defeat today, when 14 women visited the registration booths and tried vainly to induce the registry clerks to record their names. No disorder accompanied the attempt. The women were referred to the New York state election law, which states that an elector shall be a male citizen. The women consider this a campaign of education, and it is with the idea of making converts, rather than of actually being allowed to register now, that they will keep up this work each registration day.

TAFT AND SHERMAN CERTAIN?

Hitchcock Expects to Show That Their Election Is Sure.

NEW YORK Oct. 5.—Chairman Hitchcock of the Republican national committee said today that he expects on his return from his coming trip to Chicago to be able to give out information that will show, as he believes, that the election of Taft and Sherman is certain.

The national committee announced today that Speaker Cannon, who is expected to come east shortly, will arrange his own dates.

PULP WORKERS BACK AT WORK.

None of the International Paper Makers Resume at Rumford.

RUMFORD, Me., Oct. 5.—Thirty pulp workers resumed their duties today in the pulp mill of the International Paper Company. None of the paper makers applied, however, but it was hoped they would return soon to their old places. A sheriff stated that he has no idea there will be a disturbance when the men return.

JAMESTOWN.

Republican Caucus Endorsed Speaker Burchard as Candidate for Governor.

[Regular Correspondence of the News.]

The Republican caucus for the election of delegates to the state and Congressional conventions, to be held in Providence, October 14, was held Saturday evening in the town hall. About 40 voters were present when Clerk Caswell of the town committee called the meeting to order, and read the call. Mr. C. E. Weeden was elected chairman and J. C. Tefft clerk.

For delegates to the state convention the following delegates were elected: Alvin B. Peckham, Jesse C. Tefft, Isaac H. Clarke, Ernest C. Bullard, Charles E. Weeden, Amos L. Peckham.

For delegates to the Congressional convention, the following were the choice: Frederic Anthony, Matthew Kelley, Harry S. Stubbs, Abbott Chandler, Nicholas Carr, Ralph Hull.

The delegates were empowered to fill vacancies.

For town's committee the following were the only nominees: Thomas G. Carr, Frederic Anthony, Edwin G. Knowles.

Before adjourning a resolution was offered endorsing Roswell B. Burchard of Little Compton for the nomination of governor, and was passed unanimously.

Walter Jordan, known to every one on the island as "Dark," died suddenly at his home on the North Main road yesterday afternoon, of heart disease. He had been in the employment of J. E. Watson for 18 years and his position brought him in contact with all the permanent residents and a large percentage of the summer colony, his faithful service gaining for him innumerable friends. The burial will be in Providence, from which place he moved to Jamestown a score of years ago.

Mrs. S. C. Clarke, who has been visiting her son, Mr. F. H. Clarke, in Newtonville, Mass., has returned to her home here.

Miss M. E. Hopkins of Providence is guest of Misses Clara and Jennie Clarke on Narragansett avenue.

Mrs. N. S. Littlefield left today for a short visit in Providence.

Steamer Conanicut was taken from the ferry line Sunday and laid up at the West Ferry for the winter, the Beaver Tail going on the line between this island and Newport for the winter.

Mrs. H. S. Stubbs and Mrs. J. C. Tefft are guests of the Misses Watson in Providence.

Mr. E. Catlin and family have closed their cottage on Shoreby hill and left for their home in St. Louis.

The rocks at the Dumplings and Beavertail were lined with fishing parties Sunday, many coming from Newport. The camps at the point were also well patronized by their owners and friends.

A FEELING OF SECURITY.
Whether at home or abroad, there's a feeling of security when you have your valuables stored in our vaults.
Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at $5 per year
NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK,
38 Washington Square.

The Savings Bank of Newport, R. I.
INCORPORATED 1819.
OCTOBER 17, 1908.
Deposits made on or before above date draw a dividend in January, 1909.

CHILDREN TOSSED TO MEN IN STREET.

Continued from First Page.

the house themselves and their disregard of one of the strictest tenement house laws, which provides that fire escapes must be kept clear of obstructions at all times. When the frightened men and women rushed from their rooms ahead of the flames they found the walls of the fire escape platforms covered with boards which could not be removed. Frantic mothers and fathers tossed their children to friends in the street. Fully a dozen children, both babes in arms and older youngsters, were tossed to the street from the second and third floors, and were caught by men standing below. The men and women were later carried down by firemen on ladders.

PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court this morning the will of David M. Coggeshall was proved and letters testamentary thereon were granted to Charlotte R. Coggeshall. An exemplified copy of the will and probate thereof of Andrew C. Wheelright was ordered recorded and letters testamentary on the estate in Rhode Island were granted to Charles C. Wheelright of Cohasset, Mass., with William Paine Sheffield as agent in Rhode Island. Letters of administration on the estate in Rhode Island of Jessie Wright were granted to Robert Wright of Yonkers, N. Y., with Robert S. Gush as agent in Rhode Island. Charles Bohlen of Philadelphia was appointed guardian of the estate in Rhode Island of Charles Eustis Bohlen, with William Paine Sheffield as agent in Rhode Island. Inventories of the estates of Jane Hunt and William Hamilton, Jr., were ordered recorded.

THE GUM FACTORY STAKED OUT THIS MORNING.

The architect for the gum factory was in town this morning, according to announcement last week, and the site for the factory was staked off and the batter boards erected. The factory will stand 109 feet from Third street and 125 feet from the north line of the property. The grounds in front will be laid out as a sort of park and always kept as a sightly place, as an advertising feature is desired by the company. The plans have been prepared and the contract for the erecting of the structure is to be let shortly, it is expected.

Money Savers
At the A & P Store.
Special Sale of Fancy Seedless California Oranges, sweet and juicy, doz., 25c
A. & P. Evaporated Milk, small, 4c; large, 8c
Elgin Creamery Butter, pound, 25c
40 stamps free with a pound of Tea 10c
20 stamps free with a pound of Coffee 25c
25 stamps free with a large bot. of Flavoring Extracts, any flavor, 25c
60 stamps free with a large can of Baking Powder, 50c
Guaranteed Eggs, doz., 25c
The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.,
181—183 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 859. Free Delivery.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—A very light station carriage, changeable glass front, in perfect order, at less than half the price of a new one. Geo. P. Lawton, Touro street.
FOR SALE—A few large Latania Palms, in fine tubs, at Senator Wetmore's.

75 BICYCLES.
New and Second Hand. ....
Agent for Hartford Tires.
Renting. Repairing. Tel. 87
Vining Bicycle Store,
Broadway. Opposite Oak Street.

Hascall's Original Carbon Paint.
For use on Tin, Iron, Felt, Canvas, or Shingle Roofs. Especially suitable for Bridges, Iron or Steel Buildings, Machinery, Tanks, etc.
Elastic, Inexpensive, Durable.
Stops Leaks, Prevents Rust, Checks Decay, Guaranteed for 5 years. Made in BLACK only.
This paint is the old original roof and iron Paint placed on the market by us many years ago. It is the pioneer of roof paints, and we are the parents of the roofing paint industry in this country. Through all these years this paint has sold in greater quantities each season, despite the fact that hundreds of imitations, represented to be "just as good" have flooded the country with advertising similar to ours in an attempt to divert our trade.
For use on Roofs, Iron or Metal Buildings, or any surface where a thoroughly good paint is required Hascall's Carbon Paint is unequalled, as time and experience and thousands of imitations prove.
WRITE FOR FULL PARTICULARS
The Hascall Paint Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

DON'T FORGET
That you have got to buy
GLASS
To close those open windows before frost comes.
GLASS IS LOW NOW
And ours is the kind that you can see through.
DRING & SMITH,
12 MILL STREET. TEL. 181.

NEWPORT JOURNAL
AND WEEKLY NEWS.

NEWPORT TRUST COMPANY,
303 Thames Street.
Branch Office 164 Bellevue Avenue.
Interest paid on checking accounts.
Drafts drawn on any part of the world
An up-to-date VAULT for the storage of valuables, and Safe Deposit Boxes for your bonds, stocks and other papers.
OFFICERS:
Angus McLeod, President.
Thomas P. Peckham, Vice President.
Edward A. Sherman, Treasurer.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
Henry A. C. Taylor, C. L. F. Robinson,
Charles A. Brackett, Angus McLeod,
Thomas A. Lawton, Andrew E. Quinn.
Thos. P. Peckham.

If you want
THAT FEELING OF SECURITY
Of having your valuables stored
IN A
MODERN UP-TO-DATE
BURGLAR AND FIRE PROOF
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT
Examine the burglar proof plates of Bessemer steel, the highest grade of steel used for Safe Deposit Vaults, now being placed in our fire proof vault (which is a duplicate of our present vault) and satisfy yourself that you will have that feeling when your valuables are stored in the
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
OF THE
Aquidneck National Bank,
THE LARGEST IN NEWPORT.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5, Wall Street—The stock market opened very weak, with Amalgamated Copper at 75¼, American Smelting 87, American Locomotive 46¼, Anaconda 44¾, Atchison 88¼, Baltimore & Ohio 97¾, Brooklyn Transit 69, Canadian Pacific 176¾, Consolidated Gas 147½, Erie 29½, Great Northern preferred 131, Missouri, Kansas & Texas 30, Northern Pacific 127¾, National Lead 53½, Pennsylvania 126, Reading 131, Rock Island 19¾, St. Paul 135½, Southern Pacific 104¼, Southern Railway 29½, Union Pacific 163¾, to 163¼, United States Steel 45 to 45¼, United States Steel preferred 109¼ and Wabash preferred 26¼.

10—A violent break in the opening prices of stocks was the response to the news from abroad of the declaration of independence of Bulgaria. While the international listed stocks were most affected, practically all the active speculative issues were down from 1 to over 2 points. St. Paul and National Lead declined 2¾, Canadian Pacific 2, and Union Pacific, Great Northern preferred and Baltimore & Ohio 1¾. Supporting orders caused a rally from the opening break.

11—The support extended to the market resisted all attempts to break prices again, and the market rose sturdily in the neighborhood of Saturday's close, or above. The Hill stocks were conspicuously strong.

Noon—Money on call, steady, at 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½ @ 4¾ per cent. The further advance in the Hill railroad stocks imparted animation to the whole market, but prices in the list did not rise much over Saturday's closing level. Bonds were irregular.

[Furnished by Hornblower and Weeks—33 Bellevue Ave.]

October 5, 1908.

	Closing.
Amalgamated Cop	75
Am. Car & Foundry	40
Am. Locomotive	46¼
Am. Smelt & Ref.	86¾
Am. Sugar Ref.	131¼
Am. Woolen	29¼
Anaconda Mining	44
Atch Top & San Fe	88¾
Baltimore & Ohio	97½
B'klyn Rap. Trans.	49¼
Canadian Pacific Ry.	176½
Chesapeake & Ohio	41½
Chic. Mil & St. Paul	136¼
Chic. & Northwestern	160
Col Fuel & Iron Co.	34½
Consolidated Gas	146
Del & Hudson Co.	168
Denver & Rio Grande	28
Distillers Securities	30½
Erie	30
General Electric	142
Great Northern pref	129½
Gt Northern Ore	80
Interboro Met	10¾
do pref	31
Louisville & Nash	105
Mo Kan & Texas	30½
Missouri Pacific	64¼
National Lead	52¾
N Y Cent & Hudson	104¾
N Y Ontario & West	41⅝
Norfolk & Western	71
Northern Pacific Ry	141¾
Pennsylvania	123½
Reading	131½
Republic Iron & Stl	22¼
Rock Island	19¾
Southern Pacific	103½
So Ry	21⅞
Texas & Pacific	24¾
Union Pacific	163
Utah Copper	41
U S Rubber	31½
U S Steel	45¾
U S Steel pref	108½
Va-Carolin Chem	33
Western Union	60

BOSTON MARKET

Atlantic	38
Boston Con	13
Copper Range	74¼
Granby	103
Nevada Copper	10½
Osceola	120
Parrott	26½
Isle Royale	23½
Tamarack	75
Trinity	18⅛
U S Smelt	133
Utah	44½
Shannon	15
Swift	102
Franklin	12⅝
Am Tel & Tel	128
Old Dominion	43
Calumet & Hecla	660
Utah Apex	4 15-16
Miami	10⅝

FINANCIAL.
BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
New York.
BANKERS.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO.,
London.

Painting Work
On the exterior of your house should be done in the autumn to get the best results.
Compare our work with some of the cheap kind and you will decide to place your order with us.
MONEY
Is wasted on cheap paint and cheap painters.
Estimates for all kinds of interior and exterior work furnished on application.
Hayman & Nason,
15-19 FRANKLIN STREET.
Telephone

A Good Thing Between Friends.

And it's no secret, either, for every lover of good candies knows that Koschny's confectionery is so good that it can't be better; at least no other maker has succeeded in making confections that are as good. If you have never tasted them don't fail to do so, as you are wasting time in delaying.
S. KOSCHNY,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER,
232 Thames Street,
Branch 16 Broadway.

We carry everything optical including the best eyeglass—
The SHUR-ON
L. N. VAUGHAN,
Manufacturing Optician,
101 BROADWAY.
HEARING APPLIANCES, FINE PRESCRIPTION WORK.

NOW is the time to have your furnaces put in order for the winter, or if you need a new one we can supply you with the very best at reasonable prices.

WM. K. COVELL,
103 Thames Street.

IF YOU BUY

A watch, an engagement ring, a wedding ring or any piece of jewelry or silverware, at

HERRMANN'S

you know it's reliable and that the PRICE IS RIGHT.

Herrmann
204 THAMES ST.

Abram Almy Co.,
COAL
AND
WOOD.
173 THAMES STREET.
TEL. 857.

EXTRA SMALL
WHITE ONIONS.
Half bushel GREEN TOMATOES,
Half bushel GREEN PEPPERS,
FOR 75c.
Make your Pickle now.
BURLINGAME & CARRY.

Melrose & Co.'s
TEAS.
Famed for a Century.
Imported Direct by
Jas. H. Drury & Co.,
243 and 245 THAMES STREET.

HOWARD,
Painting Contractor,
Best Work in Every Branch of the Business.
OFFICE 81 EVERETT STREET.

It Is NOT Possible
To buy as good a piano in as good condition at as low a price elsewhere. The reason our
13th Annual Sale of Rented Pianos.
BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,
154 THAMES STREET.

End of the Season.
Every fall, as the season closes, we have bargains in Wines, Champagnes, etc., which can be boxed and delivered free to home address.
F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,
16 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

"DON'T WAIT."
BUY COAL NOW
While the coal is good and prices are no higher.
We have everything in all sizes for the kitchen stove, heating stove and furnace.
BUY NOW.
—FROM—
The "Perry Coal Co."

UNWILLING TO MOVE.

Efforts to Change Location of Gum Factory, or to Buy the Land, Unavailing.

To the Editor of the News:

Ever since the gum factory site was agitated in the papers, it has been repeatedly stated and implied, that the persons opposed were opposed to having any kind of factory anywhere in Newport, and that their opposition was for what might be called sentimental reasons. This is not the fact. I appealed to the Board of Aldermen to try and have it placed in some other available unoccupied lot of land bordering on the railroad, of which there are many, instead of in the only lot where it could seriously damage the adjoining property holders, and seriously interfere with long established industries. Those interested in the factory were not willing to put it farther than 50 feet from the north boundary of Cluyne House School and directly opposite the only possible entrance and close to the United States Training Station, though the lot of land extends nearly half a mile to the south. It was known that the school had been trying to buy that piece of land, as it faced the athletic ground throughout its length. The price at which it was offered the school was very much higher than that paid by the gum factory. The reason given for selecting and insisting on that site was that the factory was only for advertising purposes, and that was the most conspicuous place they could get, where every one must pass.

That the unemployed should not object is no surprising, but any one who has lived, as I have, in a manufacturing town would know that the unemployed in a city increases with the increase of factories, as the factories attract the chronic unemployed. A recent article stated that there was no danger of factories encroaching on the residential section of Newport. If the proposed boulevard is carried through Coddington Point bought to become one of the finest residential parts of the city. It is the only part of Newport where some of the shore of Narragansett bay might be saved for this purpose. No one with a particle of real public spirit can be willing to see that stopped by the establishment of factories on the west side of the railroad, when on the east side they could not be objectionable to any one.

O. W. Huntington.

Newport, Oct. 4, 1905.

BATTLESHIPS IN HURRICANE.

Fleet Fights 100-Mile Gale at Manila and Pulls Through Without Damage.

The American battleships at Manila fought Sunday for 12 hours with a hurricane, during which the wind, much of the time, reached a velocity of 100 miles an hour. Every vessel had a full head of steam in its boilers and every man was at his post prepared to act on the instant if an order should be given to slip the cables and run for safety.

The storm broke with appalling suddenness and did much damage ashore. Trees were blown down and electric wires prostrated. Several buildings were unroofed, among them the depot of the commissary. Many carriages were whirled into the air by the gale and upset, their occupants being seriously hurt.

Almost immediately after the storm began at noon it reached the proportions of a hurricane, and was accompanied by a torrential rain which soon shut off a view of the battleship fleet. The gravest anxiety was felt for the safety of the vessels, but the worried watchers who strained their eyes in vain in an effort to make them out tried to comfort themselves with the thought that as typhoon signals had been displayed early Sunday morning, every precaution had been taken to prevent the catastrophe. Sharp vigilance was kept on the water front to render immediate assistance if any of the ships should be driven ashore.

At the height of the gale Rear Admiral Sperry ordered flagship Connecticut and the Kansas, Minnesota, Vermont, Virginia and Ohio to get under way. They were close to the breakwater and the admiral feared they might drag their anchors. The six vessels steamed down close to Cavite, where they dropped their anchors in good holding ground.

When the storm began it was impossible to hoist the cutters and launches belonging to the fleet because of the danger of their smashing against the steel sides of the battleships, and the little craft were sent scurrying inside the breakwater to the Pasig river, where they remained all night.

At 8 o'clock Sunday night the storm had reached its height and then gradually tapered down until at midnight it was comparatively calm, although heavy seas ran across the harbor.

Several of the naval officers who had been ashore on various errands were compelled to remain over night. It was with great relief that they learned that the fleet was intact and that not one of the vessels had suffered any damage.

Hans Streit, a coal passer on battleship Vermont, died Saturday.

CRUISER BIRMINGHAM HERE.

Scout cruiser Birmingham, Captain Barns T. Walling, arrived here late Saturday afternoon from the Boston navy yard, to take on coal at Bradford, preparatory to her final trials. This morning Rear Admiral John P. Merrell having returned from Washington and hoisted his flag at the Training Station, the Birmingham fired a salute, which was replied to from the Station.

Cruisers Chester, Commander Henry B. Wilson, and Salem, Commander Albert L. Key, are expected within a few days to take on coal, and the three vessels will later start on their final trial cruises, in which a comparative test of their engines will be made, two being equipped with turbines, one of American and the other of English make, and the third with reciprocating engines.

SPEAKERS AT THE REPUBLICAN RALLY.

SPEAKER BURCHARD.

SENATOR SANBORN.

COLONEL SHEFFIELD.

FIRST FLAG UNFURLED.

Republicans Follow the Function With Opening Rally.

Addresses on Campaign Issues by Messrs Sanborn, Sheffield and Burchard.

The Republicans raised their banner on Thames street Saturday afternoon and in the evening just before 8 o'clock it was formally unfurled to the breezes which may blow. The unfurling was not a very startling function. The banner was suspended over the street in stops, two men stood in windows on either side of the street, ready to pull the stop lines, which they did at a signal and the banner was unfurled without a hitch. The signal was given just as the Lincoln Band halted beneath. Quite a crowd had gathered in the vicinity awaiting the event, and when it occurred cheering appeared to be in order. A number did their best in that line, but there was no organized body to lead it and some did not think it was just like the cheers of years gone by. The band resumed its route of march, going as far as Pelham street and then countermarching to the hall to attend the rally. Many who were on the streets looked in vain for the marching organizations but there were no clubs parading. One or two enthusiasts were in line and a number of sailors and some boys, but nothing which suggested an organization.

The banner is of the usual net construction, with canvas panels, on which appear the portraits of the candidates and their names. It is a trifle large for Thames street, the street being only about two feet wider between the buildings. When the banner dropped it was found to lie hard against the street light wires on the west side and the electric light people were soon looking for some responsible party, it being thought that if the banner was allowed to continue to rest against the wires there would be a fire as a result. A temporary rig was adopted, and today workmen are doing the best they can to make the big banner fit the small street.

Following the unfurling of the banner and several selections by the band, a number of enthusiastic Republicans formed in line, to escort the speakers and marched to Healty hall for the opening rally of the campaign. There was a small-sized audience in the hall when the band arrived, but when the band went in many others followed, and when the meeting opened there was a good-sized audience, which received a number of additions.

The platform was decorated with flags and pictures of the Republican candidates, Taft and Sherman. On the platform were Senator John P. Sanborn, who presided; Speaker Burchard, Colonel William Paine Sheffield, Senator Philip H. Wilbour of Little Compton and Representatives Horace N. Hassard and Robert S. Franklin. Later Colonel Zenas W. Bliss of Cranston, chairman of the house finance committee, was invited to take a seat.

Senator Sanborn opened the meeting with a brief address. He said he was aware that the meeting was a little impromptu, and that there had been little notice of it, but that the attendance under the circumstances was satisfactory. It was desired to arouse a little enthusiasm and to have a little warming up of the campaign, to get a little inspiration and prepare for the harder work of the latter campaign. The Presidential election is a most important one, and the Republicans have put up a candidate who deserves to be elected.

Colonel William Paine Sheffield was introduced as the first speaker and opened by saying that the people are enquiring where Rhode Island is in the Presidential election. Little has been done. It is not due to apathy, but if it is due to overconfidence in the success of the Republican candidates it is almost as bad as apathy. The real issues of the campaign are as important in Rhode Island as they are in the West, and the issues are as clearly defined as they have been in other Presidential elections. The paramount issue is the future prosperity of the country and it is not likely that the people will desert the party which stands for progress.

We are too apt to think that because the Republican party has done great things for the country, it can rest on its past. During the past four years the Republican party has stood for the peace of nations. Through the efforts of President Roosevelt the Japanese-Russian war was brought to a close. Through his efforts trouble between the Central American states has been satisfactorily settled. In this the record has not been equalled by that of any other administration.

The Republican party has also done much for the conservation of our national resources and the improvement of internal conditions. At the Isthmus of Panama we have started upon one of the greatest engineering works ever undertaken by a nation, and with these great works begun, the Republicans should be continued in power to complete them. The issue is whether we shall change hands, from an efficient administration to inexperienced hands.

The Democrats propose a readjustment of the system of banking by the guaranteeing of deposits. If they succeed they would destroy the system and involve the nation in disaster. The Democrats would revise the tariff on free trade lines, which would work disaster to our industries. The tariff should be revised by the party which will not destroy or hamper business. William H. Taft is a worker and a statesman thoroughly experienced, of great honesty and integrity, a careful administrator, and in his hands the great works which have been started by the Republicans will be honestly and carefully carried on.

Hon. Roswell R. Burchard, Speaker of the house of representatives, was next introduced and greeted with applause. Senator Sanborn proposing three cheers which were heartily given. Mr. Burchard spoke for nearly an hour and held the close attention of his auditors to the end. He said that the question before us is not of local politics, but of national politics. Every four years the Republican party swings around in the orbit, giving light and strength with its brightness. The Democrats, like the moon, shine only by reflected light from the greater body, and is full of dead issues. Every time the Republican sun shines you cannot see the Democratic moon.

The questions at issue today more than ever affect the American people. In 1860 there was a great moral issue, but today the question is largely of the business supremacy of the country, the wages of every man, the continuance of every industry. Mr. Bryan has raised the question "Shall the people rule?". In every country, in every community, the people have always and will rule, by its representative governments. Established on this principle the United States stands today the strongest nation in the world, founded not on selfishness but on the will of the people.

The speaker then compared the two Presidential candidates—Bryan coming up every four years with an ever changing policy. Taft steadfast in his policies, a man mentally, physically and morally the stronger, who has in view nothing but the welfare of the common people. He spoke of President Roosevelt's interest in Taft and said that it is the part of a man who has undertaken great things to do all that he can to secure as his successor a man whom he knows to be capable of doing the work.

In conclusion, Mr. Burchard spoke on state issues and of the work of the Republican party in Rhode Island, speaking specially of the excellent work done by the party for improved roads and the clear administration of the finance of the state.

After Mr. Burchard had concluded the presiding officers called Colonel Zenas W. Bliss of Cranston to the platform and asked for a speech but Colonel Bliss declined to say anything and Senator Wilbour and Representative Franklin also declined. After an announcement that the Young Men's Republican Club is to form a marching organization, the meeting was closed with a selection by the band.

WORKMEN HURT AT Y. M. C. A.

Struck by Fall of Earth While in the Excavation, but Not Seriously Injured.

There was a slight accident Saturday afternoon at the big hole on Mary street where the Young Men's Christian Association building is to be. Men were at work in the very bottom of things, when a team drove down, and just then there was a slight fall of earth from the high wall. One man, Thomas Feeney, was struck on the head and slightly cut by a stone and was struck by the falling earth so that he had a twist in his back. While he desired to continue at work he found when he tried to swing a pick, or even to handle a shovel, that he needed a rest. The other man, Patrick Sullivan, was not hit but apparently in trying to avoid the falling earth he twisted the muscles of his leg so that he fell and lay there. Physical Director Caswell was soon on the scene and found that no bones were broken, but the ambulance was called and the man sent to the hospital. He had so far recovered when he arrived there that he was sent home. Feeney was able to go home.

With such a deep hole, and the ground soft from the recent rains and with spectators inclined to approach too close to the edge, it seems as though all except those engaged in the work should be kept from the vicinity of the excavation until it is safe to approach it. Of course there is a feeling that it is a public building and that the public has a right to see it. The public has no right, however, to go into positions likely to tumble a bank in on workers to the risk of life and limb, not only for themselves but for those who are trying to earn a day's pay.

BROWN--HARRINGTON.

The marriage of Miss Catherine Harrington to Mr. Harvey C. Brown took place last evening at the rectory of St. Mary's Church, Rev. Father Reddy performing the ceremony in the presence of a small company of friends. The bride was attended by Miss Elizabeth Harrington as bridesmaid, and the groom by Mr. George C. Watkins as best man. The bride wore a gown of white crepe de China and carried a bouquet of roses, and the bridesmaid was gowned in blue with a picture hat to match. A reception was held at the bride's home on Richmond street until the time for taking the boat for New York, to which the newly married couple was accompanied by a large number of friends. After the wedding trip, which will include visits to New York and Washington, Mr. and Mrs. Brown will go to Annapolis to reside.

Heirs of George Bowen,
COAL
IN ALL SIZES.
Bowen's Wharf. Tel. 918.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS,
is especially adapted to mailing.

CHANGED THE WAGONS.

Practical Joke Played on Farmer and His Sunday Dinner Missing for a Time.

The police had an amusing case to investigate Saturday night. A farmer was in with his wagon and made a number of purchases, which he left in his wagon on Stone street while he went for other goods. When he returned there was no horse and wagon there. He reported the case to the police, who learned that a strange horse and wagon had been put up at Cooke's stable. The horse, harness and whip were the farmer's but the wagon, an express wagon, was not, and his leg of mutton for his Sunday dinner, a bushel of quinces, a collar for the boy, some corn and other articles were missing with the wagon. So things stood as far as the police knew until late Sunday, when a report was sent in that a farmer's wagon was on McAllister's court. It was the farmer's wagon, with everything intact; even the quinces were there, and so was the collar.

The owner of the wagon left at Cooke's stable is as much puzzled over the transfer as are the farmer and the police. He says the wagon was in his place long before the transfer was made and how it was taken out without some one hearing he does not understand. But there is no question about the change having been made by some one, probably as a practical joke.

EMPIRE THEATRE PICTURES.

The management of the Empire Theatre has secured for the first three days of this week pictures which are both instructive and entertaining. "The Greaser's Gauntlet," the feature picture, is a remarkable real life picture. The list includes "Consoling the Widow," "The Two Brothers," "Poesie," "A Grand Surprise" and "Tommy and the Policeman's Whistle."

Owing to the sudden illness of Miss Mack, Mr. John Mallady has been temporarily engaged. He sings "What Might Have Been."

MR. ABBOTT'S WONDERFUL DOLL

Regarding the lecture on "Follies and Furbelows of the Eighteenth Century, the Providence Journal says:

"Mr. Abbott has made an exhaustive study of costumes, and has long been regarded as an authority on this subject. The unique feature of these lectures is the remarkable life-size paper doll, with its marvelous gowns, headdresses and furbelows, a truly artistic creation, capable of assuming a variety of positions and carrying in her hand, now a workbag, now a nosegay, now that fan which proved so much mightier than any sword."

AUCTION SALES.

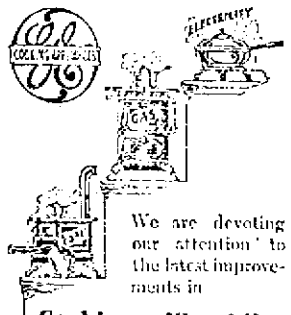
FINE FURNITURE
AT AUCTION,
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 7,
AT 10 A. M. O'CLOCK, AT
Peckham Cottage, Corner Ayrault and Kay Streets.

I will sell the furniture, carpets, crockery, etc., consisting in part of Mahogany Dining Table, eight Mahogany Dining Chairs, Mahogany Parlor Chairs, Tables and Ottomans, Black Walnut Bookcases, Library Table and Chairs, Antique Hall Furniture, Old-fashioned Sofas and Rockers, Gilt-frame Mirror, extra large Black Walnut Wardrobe, Antique China Closet, Chamber Sets in black walnut, Piazza Chairs, Hair Mattresses, Bed Clothing, Kitchen Utensils and Servants' Furniture.

This sale will begin promptly at ten o'clock, and owing to the large number of patrons who are desirous of attending, I will open the house at 8 o'clock A. M. on morning of sale and permit a thorough inspection of property to be sold.

FRED W. GREENE, Auct'r.

THREE STEPS
in the progress of Domestic Science



We are devoting our attention to the latest improvements in
Cooking without fire
Heat without flame
Chafing Dishes, Cereal Cookers, Ovens
We would like to answer questions about them today
Illuminating Department,
OLD COLONY ST. RY. CO.

DEATH OF WILLIAM BAILEY.

For Many Years a Resident of Middletown and Connected With Prominent Families There.

Mr. William Bailey died at his residence on the West Main road, Middletown, late Saturday afternoon, his death being undoubtedly hastened by an accident two weeks ago. While entering his farm gate his carriage was struck by an electric car and he was thrown out, and so seriously injured it was not believed that at his advanced age he could survive the shock. He had rallied, however, and was apparently yielding to medical treatment and Saturday was able to talk with the members of the family in a cheerful mood. During the afternoon he was seized by a sudden attack of heart trouble and died soon afterward. He was in his eighty-seventh year.

William Bailey was born in Newport August 22, 1822, but had spent the larger part of his life in Middletown. His grandfather, Easton Bailey, was a successful farmer in that town, as was his father, George Irish Bailey, who married Mary Sisson, daughter of James Chase. Mr. Bailey was thus connected with families which have long been prominent in Middletown affairs. At an early age his parents removed to Middletown and after receiving such education as the town afforded, Mr. Bailey became interested in farming. In 1850 he purchased a tract of land in addition to that acquired by his father, including in all about 200 acres situated on the West Main road, just beyond the One Mile Corner. This he improved and cultivated, living in the old Colonial house occupied by his ancestors for generations and still in excellent condition.

Mr. Bailey, while a Republican in politics, never held office, devoting his entire time to his farm. In 1850 he married Elizabeth E., daughter of John Spring of Flushing, Long Island, who died 12 years ago. He leaves three daughters, Miss Mary S. Bailey, who lived with her father, and Mrs. Nicholas Underwood and Mrs. Henry G. MacKaye of Newport. Mr. Bailey had been for a number of years a director of the Newport National Bank and had been a member of Trinity Church for a great many years. He was well known in the city, where he was a daily visitor.

MILLINERY.

OPENING
—OF THE—
LATEST PATTERNS IN FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY,
October 3, 5 and 6.
G. H. KIRBY, 86 Broadway.

Autumn and Winter
SHOWING.
Imported Models and those from our own workrooms.
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
Sept. 30 and Oct. 1.
M. E. TOBIN,
46 and 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE,
Phone 1121.

Pattern Hats.
We shall continue to show new pattern hats every day.
—THE—
Bon Ton Millinery,
233 Thames St.
'Phone 627.
Store closes Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 6 o'clock.

Schreier's,
143 Thames Street.
Leaders in Millinery.

Most Complete and Artistic Selection. Everything in the line found here.

Lythoid Roofing.
Our success with this new roofing is way beyond our expectations...The ones who have bought it are more than pleased...Now you have a roof that needs covering this year...Do it now, before the weather is bad. Come and let us show you some roofs we have sold and you will buy one too if you need one.
Newport Paper & Grocery Co.,
58 BRIDGE STREET.

NEW BOOKS.

TESTING OF DIANA MALLORY
By Mrs. Humphrey Ward
Holy Orders,
By Marie Corelli.
An Olympic Victor,
By James Connolly.
SIMON HART,
202 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 304.

CARR'S LIST.
Last Voyage of the Donna Isabel, Randall Parrish
Fly on the Wheel, Katherine Thurston
Little Brown Jug of Kildare, Meredith Nicholson.
A Spirit in Prison, Robert Hichens.
Holy Orders, Marie Corelli.
Testing of Diana Mallory, Mrs. Humphry Ward.
The Leaven of Love, Clara Louise Burnham.

DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

THE LAPPIN STORE.
L. W. Coudray.
NEW SUITS
—AND—
SHIRT WAISTS

No. 1. Ladies' Tailored Suits of English worsted, plain color or striped, coats ¾ length, handsomely trimmed with satin, semi or tight fitting, colors black, navy, olive, egg plant and elephant's breath.
Price $25.00
No. 2. Ladies' English Cheviot Suits, coats ¾ length, strictly tailor made, smartly trimmed with velvet, single or double breasted, colors black, brown, navy, garnet and new green.
Price $22.50
No. 3. Ladies' All-Wool English Serge Tailored Suits, coats ¾ length, very stylish, colors black, navy and brown.
Price $15.00
SHIRT WAISTS.
The greatest assortment and best values we have ever been able to place before you.
Every number exclusive in style and beauty of finish.
PRICES:
Lawns from 98c to $2.98
Batistes " $1.98 " 7.98
Linens " 1.98 " 6.98
Chiffon Taffetas, 3.98 " 5.98
147 Thames Street.